

英 语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共 11 页,考试时间 120 分钟,试卷满分 100 分。
2. 考生务必将答案答在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。
3. 答题前考生务必将答题卡上的姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔填写。
4. 答题卡上选择题必须用 2B 铅笔作答,将选中项涂满涂黑,黑度以盖住框内字母为准,修改时用橡皮擦除干净。非选择题必须用黑色字迹的签字笔按照题号顺序在各题目的答题区域内作答,未在对应的答题区域内作答或超出答题区域作答的均不得分。
5. 考试结束后,考生应将试卷和答题卡放在桌面上,待监考员收回。

一、听力理解(共 25 小题;每小题 1 分,共 25 分)

第一节:听下面十段对话或独白,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出能回答问题的最佳答案。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 1 段材料,回答第 1 题。

1. How long did the woman stay in China?
- A. For three weeks. B. For a month. C. For two months.

听第 2 段材料,回答第 2 题。

2. What does the man want to buy?
- A. A washing machine. B. An oven. C. A fridge.

听第 3 段材料,回答第 3 题。

3. How does the man feel about the interview?
- A. Confident. B. Worried. C. Terrible.

听第 4 段材料,回答第 4 题。

4. Where are the two speakers?
- A. At home. B. In an office. C. In the hospital.

听第 5 段材料,回答第 5 题至第 6 题。

5. What does the woman plan to do on Saturday afternoon?
- A. See a film. B. Go shopping. C. Visit the zoo.
6. Who will the boy go cycling with?
- A. His sister. B. His uncle. C. His cousin.

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 7 题至第 8 题。

7. What caused the woman's problem?

- A. She's been studying too much.
- B. She fell over on the wet floor.
- C. She cannot sleep at night.

8. What does the man suggest the woman doing?

- A. Taking some medicine.
- B. Doing some exercise.
- C. Getting more sleep.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 9 题至第 11 题。

9. What theme do the speakers pick for the party?

- A. Forest.
- B. Ocean.
- C. Space.

10. What will the girl do tomorrow?

- A. Go to the supermarket.
- B. Order some balloons.
- C. Bring some hats.

11. How will the weather be this weekend?

- A. Sunny.
- B. Windy.
- C. Cloudy.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 12 题至第 14 题。

12. Where did the man play the piano last night?

- A. At a wedding.
- B. At a concert.
- C. At a party.

13. When did the man start to play the piano?

- A. At age 7.
- B. At age 12.
- C. At age 18.

14. What is the man's dream job?

- A. To be a piano player.
- B. To write music.
- C. To teach music.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 15 题至第 17 题。

15. What time will the man go to the airport?

- A. At 3:00 p. m.
- B. At 4:00 p. m.
- C. At 7:00 p. m.

16. Which is the last stop of the man's trip?

- A. Beijing.
- B. Tokyo.
- C. New York.

17. Why does the woman think Tom is lucky?

- A. He can come back early.
- B. He can travel to Tokyo for vacation.
- C. He can visit his parents during the trip.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 题至第 20 题。

18. Who is the speaker talking to?

- A. Soccer players.
- B. Parents.
- C. Kids.

19. What is the good news for the youngest players?
- A. They can enjoy free transportation service each weekend.
 - B. The school has enough kids to make enough teams.
 - C. There'll be soccer camps for them.
20. What is the speaker talking about next?
- A. School rules.
 - B. Holiday plans.
 - C. Contact information.

第二节：听下面一段对话，根据题目要求在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下第 21 题至第 25 题关键信息。此段对话你将听两遍。

Hotel Guest Form	
Name	<u>21</u>
Stay Period	Next Friday to <u>22</u>
Room Type	<u>23</u>
Time to Check in	Around <u>24</u> p. m.
Restaurant Service	A table for two at the <u>25</u> restaurant

二、完形填空(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

It was a September day. Today was the first day of high school for a freshman, Kayla. Kayla had always been a bit of a shy kid, but she had always 26 her studies. She was determined to make full use of her high school years.

As she walked down the hallways, Kayla couldn't help but feel 27. The older students seemed so confident, while she felt small and unimportant. But Kayla was determined to succeed, no matter what 28 came her way.

It wasn't long before Kayla's determination was put to the 29. In her first week of school, she was assigned (分派) a (n) 30 project that required a lot of research and planning. Kayla did her 31, but she soon realized that she was in over her head. As she struggled (努力) to complete the project, Kayla began to 32 herself. She wondered if she was cut out for high school. But then, something 33 happened.

Kayla's classmates began to notice how 34 she was working, and they started to offer her help and 35. They gave her advice on how to 36 her time better, and they shared their tips for 37 assignments. With their help, Kayla was able to complete the project on time and with great 38.

From that day on, Kayla 39 that high school was not a challenge to be faced alone. With the help and support of her 40, she was able to deal with any difficulty that came her way.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 26. A. feared | B. loved | C. missed | D. forgot |
| 27. A. bored | B. excited | C. worried | D. interested |
| 28. A. difficulties | B. honours | C. reasons | D. dangers |
| 29. A. use | B. side | C. trouble | D. test |
| 30. A. simple | B. challenging | C. suitable | D. amazing |
| 31. A. part | B. share | C. best | D. duty |
| 32. A. teach | B. doubt | C. enjoy | D. believe |
| 33. A. great | B. strange | C. confusing | D. secret |
| 34. A. fast | B. bravely | C. fluently | D. hard |
| 35. A. flash | B. news | C. support | D. service |
| 36. A. manage | B. find | C. fill | D. waste |
| 37. A. thinking about | B. getting through | C. giving up | D. asking for |
| 38. A. freedom | B. creation | C. success | D. trust |
| 39. A. realized | B. argued | C. stressed | D. recommended |
| 40. A. families | B. customers | C. teammates | D. classmates |

三、阅读理解(共 20 小题;每小题 2 分,共 40 分)

第一节:(共 16 小题;每小题 2 分,共 32 分)

阅读下面短文,从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳答案。

A

Booking a vacation has never been more convenient. As your one-stop vacation planner, VME has everything you need to book an unforgettable getaway. If you aren't sure where to go, check out our most popular destinations(目的地):

• Nashville

Nashville is the capital of the state as well as the capital of country music. Nicknamed "Music City", Nashville is where many of the most legendary performers got their start.

Things to do

There are many amazing activities to enjoy in Nashville. For country music lovers, there truly is nothing better than watching a show at the legendary Grand Ole Opry.

- Pigeon Forge

Home to the Great Smoky Mountains, the Pigeon Forge area of Tennessee is a must-see. This beautiful region is filled with natural wonders and amazing shows.

Things to do

The Smokies are known for the entertainment offered within its shadow! Be sure to head out to beloved dinner shows in Pigeon Forge such as Dolly Parton's Stampede Dinner Show, Hatfield and McCoy Dinner Show, and the Smoky Mountain Alpine Coaster (过山车).

- Myrtle Beach

If coastal views and oceanic adventures are just what you want, then Myrtle Beach is the place for you! This city is known for its great beaches and adventures that offer up unique opportunities to create the most unforgettable memories.

Things to do

There are many awesome things to do in Myrtle Beach! Set out on the sparkling (波光粼粼的) waters to look for dolphins on the Myrtle Beach Dolphin Sightseeing Cruises (航行) before returning to the city to visit Ripley's Aquarium (水族馆). No matter what sort of adventures you are looking to have, there is something for everyone.

- San Antonio

Home to rich Texan and American history, San Antonio is a great place to visit for a combination of history and modern attractions.

Things to do

Whether you want to get in some thrills at SeaWorld or see the shops, restaurants and entertainment of the Riverwalk on the Go Rio San Antonio Riverwalk Cruise, your trip to San Antonio will be a blast (狂欢).

41. Who would most probably want to take a trip to Nashville?

- A. Those who like hiking.
- B. Those who love Texan history.
- C. Those who are into country music.
- D. Those who like oceans and beaches.

42. Which is an ideal destination for people who are fond of/watching dinner shows?

- A. Nashville.
- B. San Antonio.
- C. Pigeon Forge.
- D. Myrtle Beach.

43. What can people do in Myrtle Beach?

- A. Go on a cruise to watch dolphins.
- B. Shop at bookstores of the Riverwalk.
- C. Visit an aquarium and take a roller-coaster ride.
- D. Visit some attractions to learn about American history.

44. Where are you most likely to read this article?

- A. In a book review.
- B. In a travel journal.
- C. In a social magazine.
- D. In a travel agency website.

B

Some time ago I discovered that one of my chairs had a broken leg. I didn't think there would be any difficulty in getting it repaired as there are a whole lot of antique (古董) shops near my home. So I left home one morning carrying the chair with me. I went into the first shop expecting a friendly reception. I was quite wrong. The man wouldn't even look at my chair.

The second shop, though slightly more polite, was just the same, and the third and the fourth, so I decided that my approach must be wrong, and I should try another way.

I entered the fifth shop with a plan in my mind. I placed the chair on the floor and said to the shopkeeper, "Would you like to buy a chair?" He looked it over carefully and said, "Yes, not a bad chair. How much do you want for it, sir?" "Twenty pounds," I said. "OK," he said, "I'll give you twenty pounds." "It's got a slightly broken leg," I said. "Yes, I saw that. It's nothing."

Everything was going according to plan and I was getting excited. "What will you do with it?" I asked. "Oh, it will be easy to sell once the repair is done." "I'll buy it," I said, "What would you mean? You've just sold it to me," he said. "Yes. I know but I've changed my mind. I am sorry. I'll give you twenty-seven pounds for it." "You must be crazy," he said. Then, suddenly the penny dropped. "I know what you want. You want me to repair your chair." "You're right," I said. "And what would you have done if I had walked in and said, 'Would you repair this chair for me?'" "I wouldn't have agreed to do it," he said. "We don't do repairs. not enough money in it and too much trouble. But I'll repair this for you, shall we say for five pounds?" He was a very nice man and was greatly amused by the whole

thing.

45. What does the underlined word “approach” in Paragraph 2 refer to?
- A. plan for dealing with things
B. way of doing things
C. ~~idea~~ of repairing things
D. decision to sell things
46. The expression “the penny dropped” in the last paragraph means the shopkeeper _____.
- A. saw the writer’s purpose
B. accepted the offer
C. changed his mind
D. ~~decided~~ to help the writer
47. From the passage, we can learn that the writer was _____.
A. honest B. careful C. clever D. funny
48. Which of the following statements is true?
- A. The ~~writer~~ wanted to sell his chair for 20 ~~pounds~~.
B. It ~~was~~ very easy to repair the writer’s broken chair.
C. The writer succeeded in getting his chair repaired at last.
D. The ~~man~~ in the first shop thought the chair was too old.

C

Did you know that Albert Einstein could not speak until he was four years old, and could not read until he was seven? His parents and teachers worried about his mental (大脑的) ability.

Beethoven’s music teacher said about him, “As a composer (作曲家) he is hopeless.” What if this young boy had believed it?

When Thomas Edison was a young boy, his teachers said he was so stupid that he could never learn anything. He once said, “I remember I used to never be able to get along at school. I was always at the foot of my class ... My father thought I was stupid, and I almost decided that I was a stupid person.” What if young Thomas had believed what they said about him?

When the sculptor (雕刻家) Auguste Rodin was young, he had difficulty learning to read and write. Today, we may say he had a learning disability. His father said of him, “I have an idiot (白痴) for a son.” His uncle agreed. “He’s uneducable,” he said. What if Rodin had doubted his ability?

Walt Disney was once fired by a newspaper editor because he was thought to have no "good ideas". Enrico Caruso was told by one music teacher, "You can't sing. You have no voice at all." And an editor told Louisa May Alcott that she was unable to write anything that would have popular attraction.

What if these people had listened and become discouraged? Where would our world be without the music of Beethoven, the art of Rodin or the ideas of Albert Einstein and Walt Disney? As Oscar Levant once said, "It's not what you are but what you don't become that hurts."

You have great potential (潜力). When you believe in all you can be, rather than all you cannot become, you will find your place on earth.

49. How many successful people are mentioned as examples in ~~the passage~~?

- A. Six B. Seven C. Eight D. Nine

50. What can we learn from ~~the passage~~?

- A. When he was young, Thomas Edison always ~~got~~ good grades at school.
B. Levant thought Louisa May Alcott couldn't write any popular works.
C. Only Auguste Rodin's uncle regarded him a boy of learning ability.
D. Both Enrico Caruso and Beethoven achieved their dreams in music.

51. What's the meaning of the underlined sentence "He's uneducable"?

- A. He is too stupid to be taught.
B. He is very clever.
C. He is different.
D. He is a late success.

52. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. Working Hard for Success B. Having Dreams
C. Believing in Yourself D. Self-challenging

D

Sure, it's good to get along well with your teacher because it makes the time you spend in the classroom more pleasant.

And yes, it's good to get along well with your teacher because, in general, it's smart to learn how to get along well with the different types of people you'll meet throughout your life.

In fact, kids who get along well with their teachers not only learn more, but they're more comfortable with asking questions and getting extra help. This makes it easier for them to understand new materials and makes them do their best on

tests. When you have this kind of relationship with a teacher, he or she can be someone to turn to with problems, such as problems with learning or school issues (问题).

Here is a question: What if you don't get along with your teachers? In fact, teachers want to get along well with you and enjoy seeing you learn. But teachers and students sometimes have personality clashes (个性冲突), which can happen between any two people. If you show your teacher that you want to make the situation better, he or she will probably do everything possible to make that happen. By dealing with a problem like this, you learn something about how to get along with people who are different from you.

However, if a certain teacher isn't your favorite, you can still have a successful relationship with him or her especially _____. Here are some of those responsibilities:

Attend class ready to learn.

Be prepared for class with the right stationery, books, and completed assignments (作业).

Listen when your teacher is talking.

Do your best, whether it's a classroom assignment, homework, or a test.

53. According to the passage, getting along well with your teachers will make you _____.

- A. have no problems with study
- B. get a better seat in the classroom
- C. get the best scores in the exams
- D. have more pleasant time in the classroom

54. The underlined word "that" in the fourth paragraph refers to "_____".

- A. the happy time you have in the classroom
- B. getting along very well with classmates
- C. a better relationship between you and your teacher
- D. the disappearance of personality differences

55. Which of the following can be filled in the blank?

- A. if you fulfill (履行) your basic responsibilities as a student
- B. if you are thought of as a good student
- C. if you know some basic social skills
- D. if you are easy-going and helpful

56. The passage is written for _____.

- A. teachers
- B. students
- C. advisers
- D. parents

第二节：(共4小题；每小题2分，共8分)

阅读下面短文和问题，根据短文内容和每小题后的具体要求，在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下相关信息，完成对该问题的回答，答语要意思清楚，结构正确，书写工整。

Are you aged between 14 and 19 years old? Do you care about your local environment? Would you like to help make the area you live in better, cleaner, safer and friendlier? If your answers are 'yes', 'yes' and 'yes', then read on! A local organization is carrying out a project, giving money to groups of teenagers who want to become active citizens. Here are a few easy things you could do to get started.

Meeting the neighbors. Everybody needs good neighbors. Knock on people's doors and find out what they would like to improve in your area. Set a date for a meeting and then make some plans together. If you don't want to go round to their houses, then you could always put a note through their doors.

Neighborhood watch. It is very popular in the UK. If you go away on holiday and leave your house, it's very nice to know that a neighbor is keeping an eye on it. It's a good way to make the area you live in safer.

Lending a hand. There are often elderly people living in the neighborhood who may not be able to do the things that you can. Offer to do their shopping once a week, look after their ~~gardens~~ for them or maybe walk their dogs!

No littering. Nobody likes picking up other people's rubbish, but a clean street can make all the difference. Go out once or twice a week and see what you can find. You never know, one day you might find something valuable!

Just tell us what you want to do. Then we'll send you more information.

57. What is the aim of the project? (no more than 12 words)

58. Who is asked to take part in the project? (no more than 6 words)

59. What does "Lending a hand" mean? (no more than 6 words)

60. How often are the teenagers advised to get around and pick up rubbish? (no more than 5 words)

四、书面表达(共 1 题,20 分)

根据题目所提出的具体要求,在答题卡上写出一篇连贯完整的短文。词数不少于 60。

假如你是李华,你的英国笔友 Jack 给你发邮件,请你给他介绍我国的传统节日“中秋节”。请参考下列信息,给他回邮件。

邮件的开头和结尾已为你写好,不计入总词数。

- fall on the 15th day of the eighth lunar month
- have a family reunion
- eat moon cakes and watch the full moon
-

Dear Jack,

*Glad to know that you're interested in the Mid-Autumn Festival in China.
I'd like to share something about it with you.*

*All the best,
Li Hua*

怀柔区 2023—2024 学年度高一第一学期期末考试参考答案

一、听力理解（共 25 小题，25 分。每小题 1 分）

第一节（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

1. A 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. C 9. B 10. B
11. A 12. C 13. A 14. B 15. B 16. C 17. A 18. B 19. C 20. C

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

21. Avalon 22. Sunday 23. Double 24. 7:30 25. Chinese

如出现拼写错误不计分；出现大小写、单复数错误扣 0.5 分。

二、完形填空（共 15 小题，15 分。每小题 1 分）

26. B 27. C 28. A 29. D 30. B 31. C 32. B 33. A 34. D 35. C
36. A 37. B 38. C 39. A 40. D

三、阅读理解（共 20 小题，40 分。每小题 2 分，）

第一节 41. C 42. C 43. A 44. D 45. B 46. A 47. C 48. C
49. B 50. D 51. A 52. C 53. D 54. C 55. A 56. B

第二节 57. To make the area people live in better, cleaner, safer and friendlier.

58. Teenagers from 14 to 19/ between 14 and 19 .

59. Helping someone who needs help/those who need help. Or: Offering help.

60. Once or twice a week.

四、书面表达（共 1 小题，20 分）

Dear Jack,

Glad to know that you're interested in the Mid-Autumn Festival in China. I'd like to share something about it with you.

The Mid-Autumn Festival falls on the 15th day of the eighth lunar month, which is a traditional festival in our country. We usually get together to have a family reunion on that day, especially those who live far away would like to go back home to meet their family members. In the evening, we often eat moon cakes and watch the full moon. At that moment, we can not only enjoy the delicious food and the beautiful bright moonlight, but also have a pleasant time with our family members. So we all like to celebrate this festival and treasure the reunion time.

Do you have a similar festival in Britain? Looking forward to hearing from you.

All the best,

Li Hua

北京高一高二高三期末试题下载

京考一点通团队整理了【**2024年1月北京各区各年级期末试题&答案汇总**】专题，及时更新最新试题及答案。

通过【**京考一点通**】公众号，对话框回复【**期末**】或者点击公众号底部栏目<**试题专区**>，进入各年级汇总专题，查看并下载电子版试题及答案！



微信搜一搜



京考一点通

