

2020 北京房山高三（上）期末

英 语

第一部分：知识运用（共两节，45分）第一节 语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，共15分）阅读下列短文，根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写1个适当的词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

1. (15分)

A

Orca whales live in the sea, which are in fact the (1) _____ (large) member of the dolphin family. Sometimes they (2) _____ (call) killer whales. In the sea, they can swim (3) _____ they want to. There are no fences to keep them in one place. The orcas are free. In the sea, orcas don't attack people. When orcas are taken away from their home, it can be different. They don't live as long out of their home.

B

Nowadays, some parents like to make decisions (4) _____ their children, such as education, work or even marriage. How to solve such serious (5) _____ (problem)? To begin with, parents should adapt some strategic changes in children education. They should consciously develop their children's abilities to think on their own. In addition, children should deal with the difficulties they meet (6) _____ (independent) and may also search for parents' necessary guide only at critical moments.

C

When I was a student, I (7) _____ (perform) better in Chinese language and history. But when (8) _____ (surround) by a variety of bronzeware (青铜器) dating back thousands of years at an exhibition, I often feel I should brush up on my knowledge of the Chinese language. Characters, such as zun and ding, are widely used to describe various types of bronze vessels. But many others are rarely seen, and therefore difficult for us (9) _____ (recognize) and correctly pronounce. Qingong Bo is a musical instrument to produce sounds similar to that of a bell. It also bears an inscription of 135 characters, (10) _____ can help historians learn more about the history of the Qin state.

第二节 完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，共30分）阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

2. (30分) Recently, David Deutchman, an 82-year-old man, was nicknamed "the ICU Grandpa" at Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Hospital. For 12 years or so, he has been (1) _____ babies, children there.

Deutchman said he was coming to the (2) _____ for a recovery after a running injury 12 years ago when he first (3) _____ some of the patients' mothers. From conversations with them, he (4) _____ that he

wanted to make more connection with parents and children being (5) _____ at the hospital. Therefore, he started (6) _____ at Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Hospital after he retired from a job in international business marketing.

He (7) _____ babies and sometimes he even gets peed (小便) on, but he is (8) _____ to carry on. "It's been wonderful because it gives me something to do that has (9) _____ to it. Every day I drive in here, I don't know which kids and parents I'll (10) _____ and what the issues will be and how I can help, but I (11) _____ it. You just can't imagine the kind of (12) _____ that I can get from holding a baby and talking with parents", he said.

In the ICU, there are only two to three new admits every night so the first thing he will do is to (13) _____ the parents who have been admitted the previous night. "Usually they needed a (14) _____ after a whole night. And I make sure they can go down for breakfast and I'll stay with the (15) _____ until they get back," he said.

MaryBeth Brulette, the mother of baby Logan, has been at the hospital for six weeks. On a recent morning, she returned to the hospital to find Logan in Deutchman's (16) _____. Seeing this, she said, "All my (17) _____ was gone. "

Elizabeth Mittiga, an ICU nurse at the hospital, said that the staff (18) _____ Deutchman's calming presence and appreciated Mr. Deutchman's (19) _____ to his cause. He's a great help to babies in the ICU care. He's just a really special person to us, as nurses, and the babies just adore him.

"Right now, I'm still going strong and enjoying it an awful lot, " he said. "So as long as they'll have me, I'll be there. " What an outstanding human being! Truly, Mr. Deutchman is the typical example of a (20) _____ man with a sincere desire to make his life worthwhile by helping others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| (1) A. tending | B. educating | C. examining | D. curing |
| (2) A. house | B. hospital | C. apartment | D. center |
| (3) A. disturbed | B. persuaded | C. accepted | D. noticed |
| (4) A. imagined | B. remembered | C. realized | D. studied |
| (5) A. treated | B. injured | C. interviewed | D. ignored |
| (6) A. teaching | B. instructing | C. volunteering | D. exhibiting |
| (7) A. holds | B. praises | C. seeks | D. raises |
| (8) A. concerned | B. annoyed | C. confused | D. determined |
| (9) A. training | B. meaning | C. thinking | D. ending |
| (10) A. protect | B. greet | C. meet | D. call |

- (11) A. miss B. fear C. control D. enjoy
- (12) A. trouble B. reward C. effort D. change
- (13) A. rescue B. visit C. inform D. count
- (14) A. break B. message C. lesson D. drive
- (15) A. doctors B. cleaners C. children D. partners
- (16) A. arms B. bed C. hands D. room
- (17) A. relief B. sorrow C. anxiety D. curiosity
- (18) A. shared B. regretted C. complained D. treasured
- (19) A. evaluation B. devotion C. application D. explanation
- (20) A. brave B. creative C. careless D. selfless

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，40 分）第一节（共 4 小题；每小题 8 分，共 30 分）阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

3. (8 分) When Thomas Panek lost his eyesight more than 25 years ago, the anxious runner doubted he would ever pursue his lifelong passion again. "It was too scared to run, " he said.

Indeed, although Panek had been running since high school, the idea of running blind seemed altogether too difficult. But he did manage to keep his dream alive - with help from human guides who assisted him on each run.

Even so, he lost the real joy of the run - the thrill of independence that comes from completing a course on his own. "When you're tied to another person, it's no longer your own race. " the 48 - year - old said. "The independence isn't quite there. "

But Panek found a friend - indeed, man's best friend - who would help him regain that sense of purpose. Not only did Panek rediscover his love for running, but, along the way, he founded Guiding Eyes for the Blind, an organization dedicated to providing service dogs for the visually damaged.

On March 16, Gus glided across the finish line with his human at the New York City Half Marathon. In that moment, they were both recorded into the history books. Panek, who finished the course in a little more than two hours and 20 minutes, became the first blind runner to complete the race led by dogs.

Panek pointed out that it wasn't just Gus who provided the wind beneath his running shoes. In all, three guide dogs helped him see his way to the finish line. Siblings Westley and Waffle picked up the early parts of the course, each running between five and eight kilometers of the 21 - kilometer race. Along the way, the whole team got plenty of support from event host New York Road Runners.

With retirement approaching, it would be the faithful yellow labrador's last race. But for Panek, the road

ahead remains long and bright - not only for him, but for anyone with a disability who still hopes to run down a dream.

(1) What happened to Panek 25 years ago? _____

- A. He gave up his dream.
- B. He became blind.
- C. He found running blind easy.
- D. He won the first prize.

(2) From the passage, we know that Gus _____.

- A. is an instructor of Panek
- B. is a good marathon competitor
- C. is a dog for the visually damaged
- D. is an organizer of the running event

(3) Which of the following can best describe Panek? _____

- A. Firm and positive.
- B. Kind and confident.
- C. Calm and faithful.
- D. Honest and ambitious.

(4) What does the passage mainly tell us? _____

- A. Failure is the mother of success.
- B. Where there is a will, there is a way.
- C. All things are difficult before they are easy.
- D. We can make a difference by helping others.

4. (6 分)

Student Activities Assistant

Bluegrass Community and Technical College \$ 10 an hour

Duties:

This position will support the Student Activities Coordinator. The Student Activities office serves as co - advisor and promotes student life at the college. Make Student Photo IDs and do general office work.

Working Days: Monday - Thursday

Working Hours: 9: 30 AM - 2: 30 PM

Qualifications:

High school diploma and one year of related work experience.

Fun, dependable, and excellent customer service.

Weekend English Teacher

Mosher Tech \$ 30 an hour

Duties:

Teach English to young learners between 5 - 12 years of age through our platform. Teachers will be teaching classrooms with up to 4 students. Each in - lesson time is 30 minutes. Training and support provided.

Working Hours: 20 hours a week

Qualifications:

English teaching certificates.

Prior teaching experience.

A computer with stable internet connection and clear audio/video capacity.

Reading/Math Tutor

Butler Community College \$ 22.25 an hour

Duties:

The Reading/Math Tutor will be responsible for reading aloud and listening to students read in a group. They will tutor students by assisting with academic assignments for reading or math and perform simple duties assigned by the classroom teacher.

Qualifications:

Strong attention to details and problem solving skills.

Ability to establish and maintain productive work relationships with staff and students.

Registrar Assistant

The University of Chicago \$ 15.25 an hour

Duties:

This individual will work from December to March at approximately 20 hours per week. In peak periods, more hours may be available, and the assistant may be asked to work evening hours if needed. The assistant will create various reports on examinations, assist in exam administration and print course evaluations to help assure the department runs smoothly and efficiently during this period.

Qualifications:

High level of accuracy with repeated tasks.

Ability to work independently as needed.

Minimum of 2 years of previous office experience required.

(1) As a Registrar Assistant, you need to_____.

- A. deal with general office work
- B. write a variety of exam reports
- C. give instructions on course evaluations
- D. work 20 hours a week for a whole year

(2) Which job doesn't require previous working experience? _____

- A. Student Activities Assistant
- B. Weekend English Teacher
- C. Reading/Math Tutor
- D. Registrar Assistant

(3) We can probably read this passage from _____.

- A. a textbook
- B. a school website
- C. a travel guide
- D. a science magazine

5. (8分) Much like a smartphone, your body will go to sleep when there are no new inputs. When you are on a bus, your senses will give you the same repetitive inputs. The streets will flow by, the engine adds constant white noise, you're seated and not moving, and the smell...well you hope the smell doesn't change.

Any repetitive input going to your brain will eventually be ignored and your brain will start going into a low energy state. The fact that you fall asleep quickly when closing your eyes on a bus is because you were already on the bus for a while and got used to all the repetitive sensory data.

When you go to bed, you have a lot of new changes. You are lying down, you wear different clothes, you feel the pressure of your covers, you go from bright to dark, noisy to quiet. All of these are new sensory inputs that your brain needs to get used to before going to sleep.

A laboratory experiment to investigate the effects of whole-body vibration (震动) on seated human alertness and sleepiness was carried out. Vibration was applied to the volunteers sitting on the vehicle seat on the vibration platform. Volunteers for this investigation included 18 young male and healthy university students. None of the volunteers had a history of neck pain, diseases of the cervical spine or musculoskeletal disorders. Seated volunteers were exposed to a Gaussian random vibration, with 1 - 15 Hz frequency bandwidth at $0.2 \text{ ms}^{-2} \text{ r. m. s.}$, for 20 - minutes.

The results suggest that exposure to vibration even for 20 - minutes can cause significant sleepiness. The data clearly show that exposure to vibration has considerable influence on subjective sleepiness levels, and more importantly, human reaction times and decrease of attention.

Drowsy driving has been reported to account for approximately 20% of accidents worldwide. In Australia, 16.6% of total road deaths were caused by sleep - related accidents in 1998 alone. It is well established that sleepiness caused by extended hours of driving has considerable influence on driver performance, therefore, compromising transportation safety.

These findings need to be further proved particularly in relation to driving behavior. This line of research can then assist in the development of practical and relevant guidelines for limitation of vibration exposure in the automotive industry, in an effort to reduce the burden of road accidents. That's something for both car manufacturers and road safety experts to think about.

(1) According to the passage, why do we fall asleep quickly on the bus? _____

- A. Because we meet a lot of new changes.
- B. Because the surroundings become quiet.
- C. Because we get used to the repetitive sensory data.
- D. Because our senses give us different kinds of inputs.

(2) What is the purpose of the experiment? _____

- A. To investigate people's sleeping hours and situation.
- B. To research whether vibration can affect people's health.
- C. To study the relationship between inputs and people's attention.
- D. To find out how shaking affects people's sleepiness in the vehicle.

(3) What can be inferred from the passage? _____

- A. Sleepy driving is the main cause of road accidents.
- B. The research has helped to reduce the burden of road accidents.
- C. The findings of the experiment have been recognized by road safety experts.
- D. The research results can give some implications to the automobile production.

(4) What is the author's attitude towards the findings? _____

- A. Positive.
- B. Negative.
- C. Disappointed.
- D. Indifferent.

6. (8分) There are many things we remember from our childhood - the games we played, the music we listened to, but what about earning pocket money? This was our first ever wage for completing tasks such as tidying our bedroom or sorting the laundry. Our reward was a handful of coins that we safely hid away. But now, it seems parents' attitude to handing out cash is changing.

There was a time when cash was king - it was the main currency for financial deals. These days, though, using credit or debit cards, or making contactless payments, are the most convenient ways of paying. So where does that leave handing over pocket money? Research has found that 84% of British parents currently give notes and coins to their children - typically an allowance of £7 a week.

But banks predict that by 2028 only one in ten deals will be with cash, and that is something that today's children will have to deal with. One particular issue is that children may not understand the value of cash because they never see it. Parents face difficult choices too - finding a new way to transfer pocket money, or maybe not bothering to pay it at all.

Giving children lessons about finance at school is important. Children should be provided with financial literacy at an early age. That is vital to ensure proper money management skills later in life, such as setting a realistic budget, responsibly managing credit and debt, saving for unexpected expenses. The UK's Money and Pensions Service advises parents to get children started with money as young as possible. Sarah Porretta from the service told the BBC that for parents who no longer carry cash, "The trick is to go and get some cash, just so your children have the opportunity to interact with them. Talk about what you are doing with money. If you are paying with a card or with a phone, talk to children about that and link it back to those coins they have handled."

But, of course, many of the goods that young people want to buy - such as add-ons for a computer game - only allow digital deals. This has led to a number of apps being set up that allow children to track and spend their hard-earned pocket money and parents to transfer money electronically and monitor their child's spending. Banks also suggest setting up accounts for older children which gives them a cash card to use. But whatever method a parent chooses to adopt, they need to teach their kids that money doesn't grow on trees!

(1) What can you learn from the passage? _____

- A. The custom of giving children pocket money is disappearing.
- B. Banks predict people will pay most of the deals in cash by 2028.
- C. It isn't necessary for children to experience the course of using cash.
- D. Cash-free payments are convenient ways of purchasing goods these days.

(2) The underlined word "That" refers to _____.

- A. digital deal
- B. cash payment
- C. financial literacy
- D. pocket money

(3) According to UK's Money and Pensions Service's advice, parents should _____.

- A. offer chances for children to use cash

- B. no longer carry cash when they go out
- C. play some tricks with kids using the coins
- D. play cards and make phone calls with children

(4) What is the main purpose of this passage? _____

- A. To stress the importance of paying in cash.
- B. To introduce the development of pocket money.
- C. To explain why the ways of payment are changing.
- D. To develop children's awareness of money management.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分）根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

7. (10 分)

Will you stop using plastic?

If you take a look around your kitchen or office right now, chances are that you'll notice you're surrounded by plastic - water bottles, to - go coffee cups, straws (吸管), plastic grocery bags, food wrappers, take - out containers, single - serve coffee pods and produce bags. (1) _____.

It's certainly not realistic to remove all plastic from your life, but let's examine some statistics that may encourage you to reduce your single - use plastic footprint by throwing away straws, switching to reusable water bottles, bringing cloth bags to the grocery store and more.

According to a study published in the journal Science Advances, the popularity of plastic, which began rising in the 1950s, is growing out of control. (2) _____ And there's no sign of slowing down, considering scientists say that another 12 trillion kilograms will be produced worldwide by 2050.

"Every piece of plastic that has ever been created will remain in the environment in some form, but once we conveniently throw out our rubbish at home, wind and runoff carry our waste from landfills and streets to the ocean," says Mystic Aquarium's chief clinical veterinarian Jennifer Flower, DVM, MS. "Given that we are globally producing over 320 million tons of plastic annually, the marine environment is taking a big hit from our daily disposal of plastic.

(3) _____. For example, newborn fish are mistaking tiny bits of plastic waste for food. If they die, there will be fewer big fish - and that could damage the food chain. Often our society is so focused on making our lives more convenient in the short term, but in the long run, our health and the health of marine life are at the expense of those everyday conveniences. "

(4) _____. A recent report suggests that when heated, certain food additives (添加剂) can damage hormones, growth and development, as well as increase chances for children of being fat. (5) _____ It is

found in plastic containers and metal cans. Parents are urged to avoid using microwaves to warm food and drinks or placing plastics in the dishwasher.

- A. Our plastic consumption is directly affecting the life in the ocean.
- B. People are concerned about the results of overusing plastic containers.
- C. 8.2 trillion kilograms of plastic have been produced around the world.
- D. Using plastic containers in microwaves is also harmful to children's health.
- E. Let's stop using plastic for the benefit of the environment and human beings.
- F. These are all examples of single - use plastic products, which is a hot topic nowadays.
- G. The most concerning artificial additive BPA is a chemical used in the production of plastics.

第三部分：书面表达（共两节，35 分）第一节（15 分）

8.（15 分）假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。今年寒假你所在学校将举办书法冬令营，报名截止到一月底，请给你的留学生朋友 Jim 写封邮件邀请他参加，内容包括：

1. 告知报名的条件；
2. 介绍活动安排。

注意：1. 词数不少于 50；

2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
3. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

提示词：书法 calligraphy

Dear Jim,

- - - -

Yours,

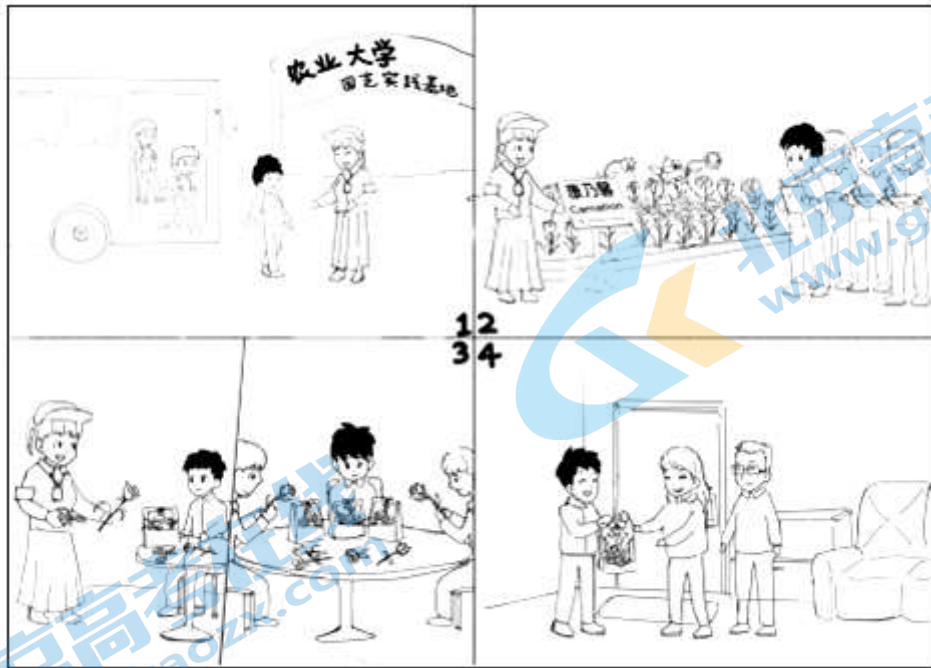
Li Hua

第二节（20 分）

9.（20 分）假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。你们班上周五组织了一次参观农业大学园艺基地的实践活动。请根据以下四幅图的先后顺序，给校刊“英语园地”写一篇英文稿件，介绍活动的全过程。

注意：词数不少于 60。

提示词：插花 arrange flowers 园艺基地 Gardening Base



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参考答案

第一部分：知识运用（共两节，45 分）第一节 语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）阅读下列短文，根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的词，在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

1. 【分析】A

虎鲸生活在海洋中，实际上是海豚家族中最大的一员。有时它们被称为虎鲸。在海洋中，它们可以游到任何它们想游的地方。没有栅栏把它们关在一个地方。虎鲸是自由的。在海中，虎鲸不攻击人。当虎鲸被从它们的身边带走时家，可能不一样。他们不会在外面住那么久。

B

现在，有些父母喜欢为孩子做决定，比如教育、工作甚至婚姻。如何解决这样严重的问题？首先，父母应该适应孩子教育的一些战略变化。他们应该有意识地培养孩子思考问题的能力此外，孩子们应该独立地处理他们遇到的困难，也可以只在关键时刻寻找父母必要的指导。

C

当我还是一个学生的时候，我在汉语和历史方面表现得更好。但是当我在一个展览上被几千年前的各种铜器包围时，我经常觉得我应该复习一下我对汉语的知识青铜器被广泛用于描述各种类型的青铜器，但其他的却很少见到，因此我们很难识别和正确发音。青铜器是一种能发出类似于钟的声音的乐器。它还刻有 135 个字符的铭文，可以帮助我们历史学家更多地了解秦国的历史。

【解答】1. largest; 考查最高级。根据"of the dolphin family" 可知应该使用最高级。故填 largest.

2. are called; 考查被动语态。they 和 call 之间是被动关系，根据 Sometimes 可知是一般现在时。故填 are called.

3. where /wherever; 考查状语从句。在海里，他们可以在想去的地方游泳此处是一个地点状语从句。故填 where /wherever.

4. for; 考查介词。现在，有些父母喜欢为孩子做决定，例如教育、工作甚至婚姻。for 为了。故填 for.

5. problems; 考查名词。such+形容词+可数名词名词复数。故填 problems.

6. independently; 考查副词。修饰动词 deal with 要用副词。故填 independently.

7. performed; 考查动词时态。根据"When I was a student"可知是一般过去时。故填 performed.

8. surrounded; 考查过去分词。此处是状语从句的省略。I 和 surround 之间是被动关系，所以用过去分词。故填 surrounded.

9. to recognize; 考查不定式。主语+be+形容词+for sb+to do 结构。故填 to recognize.

10. which; 考查定语从句。它还刻有 135 个字的铭文，可以帮助历史学家更多地了解秦国的历史。此处是一个非限制性定语从句，先行词是 135 characters，在从句中作主语，所以用 which.

【点评】题为语法填空阅读理解。通读全文，了解大意，判断每句话含义和结构，确定需要填写的词义和词性，有需要还要变化形式。

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 30 分）阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

2. 【分析】本文写了 12 年来 Deutchman 先生在一家儿童医院做做志愿者，他是一个典型的无私的人，他真诚地希望通过帮助他人使自己的生活有价值。

【解答】1 - - 5 ABDCA 6 - - 10 CADBC 11 - - 15 DBBAC 16 - - 20 DBDBD

(1) A. 考查动词及句意理解。A. tending 照料，照顾； B. educating 教育； C. examining 测试； D. curing 治疗。根据前文句子 an 82 - year - old man, was nicknamed "the ICU Grandpa" at Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Hospital. 可见是在那里照顾孩子们，所以选 A。

(2) B. 考查名词及句意理解。A. house 房子； B. hospital 医院； C. apartment 部门； D. center 中心。根据全文句子 at Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Hospital, 可见 12 年前来到这个医院，所以选 B。

(3) D. 考查动词及句意理解。A. disturbed 打扰； B. persuaded 说服； C. accepted 接受； D. noticed 注意。根据句意 12 年前第一次注意到一些病人的妈妈，所以选 D。

(4) C. 考查动词及句意理解。A. imagined 想象； B. remembered 记着； C. realized 意识到； D. studied 学习。根据句意：他想和父母和孩子建立更多的联系， 所以选 C。

(5) A. 考查动词及句意理解。A. treated 对待； B. injured 伤害； C. interviewed 采访； D. ignored 忽视。根据句意：他想给父母和正在治疗的孩子建立更多的联系，所以选 A。

(6) C. 考查动词及句意理解。A. teaching 教学； B. instructing 说明； C. volunteering 自愿； D. exhibiting 展览。他从国际商业营销工作退休后，开始在亚特兰大医院的儿童保健中心做志愿者。所以选 C。

(7) A. 考查动词及句意理解。A. holds 抱住，容纳； B. praises 赞扬； C. seeks 寻求； D. raises 抬高。根据后文句子 sometimes he even gets peed （小便） on, 可见是有时候抱孩子，所以选 A。

(8) D. 考查形容词及句意理解。A. concerned 关心的； B. annoyed 烦恼的； C. confused 迷惑的； D. determined 有决心的。根据语境他决心继续下去，所以选 D。

(9) B. 考查动名词及句意理解。A. training 训练； B. meaning 有意义； C. thinking 想； D. ending 结束。这太棒了，因为它给了我一些有意义的东西。所以选 B。

(10) C. 考查动词及句意理解。A. protect 保护； B. greet 问候； C. meet 遇见； D. call 打电话。根据语境：我不知道我会遇到哪些孩子和父母，会遇到什么问题，我会如何帮助他们。所以选 C。

(11) D. 考查动词及句意理解。A. miss 错过，想念； B. fear 害怕； C. control 控制； D. enjoy 享受。我不知道我会遇到哪些孩子和父母，会遇到什么问题，我会如何帮助他们，但是我享受这个过程，所以选 D。

(12) B. 考查名词及句意理解。A. trouble 麻烦； B. reward 回报； C. effort 努力； D. change 改

变。你无法想象我抱着孩子和父母聊天能得到什么样的回报，所以选 B。

(13) B. 考查动词及句意理解。A. rescue 营救； B. visit 参观，拜访； C. inform 通知； D. count 计数。在重症监护室，每天晚上只有两三个新入院的病人，所以他要做的第一件事就是去探望前晚入院的父母。所以选 B。

(14) A. 考查动词及句意理解。A. break 休息； B. message 信息； C. lesson 课； D. drive 驾驶。通常他们需要休息一整晚。所以选 A。

(15) C. 考查名词及句意理解。A. doctors 医生； B. cleaners 打扫者； C. children 孩子； D. partners 伙伴。我保证他们能下去吃早餐，我会和孩子们呆在一起直到他们回来。所以选 C。

(16) D. 考查名词及句意理解。A. arms 胳膊； B. bed 床； C. hands 手； D. room 房间。她回到医院，在德赫曼的房间里找到洛根，所以选 D。

(17) B. 考查名词及句意理解。A. relief 释放； B. sorrow 难过； C. anxiety 焦急； D. curiosity 好奇。看到 Logan 在 Deutchman 的房间里，说的应该是所有的难过都没有了，所以选 B。

(18) D. 考查动词及句意理解。A. shared 分享； B. regretted 后悔； C. complained 抱怨； D. treasured 珍惜。He's a great help to babies in the ICU care. He's just a really special person to us, as nurses, and the babies just adore him, 可见这里的员工都很珍惜 Deutchman 的参与，所以选 D。

(19) B. 考查名词及句意理解。A. evaluation 评估； B. devotion 奉献； C. application 申请； D. explanation 解释。He's a great help to babies in the ICU care. He's just a really special person to us, as nurses, and the babies just adore him, 可见这里的员工都很珍惜 Deutchman 的参与感激他的奉献，所以选 B。

(20) D. 考查形容词及句意理解。A. brave 勇敢的； B. creative 有创造性的； C. careless 粗心的； D. selfless 无私的。Deutchman 先生是一个典型的无私的人，他真诚地希望通过帮助他人使自己的生活有价值。所以选 D。

【点评】做完型填空首先要通读全文，了解大意。一篇完形填空的文章有许多空格，所以，必须先通读一至两遍，才能大概了解文章的内容。千万不要看一句，做一句。其次要逐句分析，前后一致。选择答案时，要考虑整个句子的内容，包括搭配、时态、语法等。答案全部填完后，再通读一遍文章，检查是否通顺流畅了，用词得当，意思正确。

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，40 分）第一节（共 4 小题；每小题 8 分，共 30 分）阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

3. **【分析】**本文属于人生感悟类的短文阅读。主要介绍了 Panek 虽然失明了，但是他坚持跑步的梦想依然没有停息，他一开始在别人的带领下跑，后来又在导盲犬的带领下跑步，并赢得马拉松的比赛。

【解答】BCAB

1. B. 细节理解题。根据第一段 When Thomas Panek lost his eyesight more than 25 years ago 可知，他 25 年前失明，什么也看不见了；故选 B。

2. C. 细节理解题。根据第五段 Gus glided across the finish line with his human at the New York City Half Marathon. 以及最后一句 became the first blind runner to complete the race led by dogs 可知, Gus 是一条狗, 指导着它的主人跑到终点线, 所以推断出它是为视力受损的人领路的狗; 故选 C.

3. A. 推理判断题。根据第二段 But he did manage to keep his dream alive 可知, 他努力让自己的梦想充满活力说明他是一个坚定的人; 最后一段 But for Panek, the road ahead remains long and bright - not only for him 对于 Panek 来说前方的路对他来说还很长也很光明, 但他依然坚持前行, 说明他对待生活是积极的; 故选 A.

4. B. 主旨大意题。根据短文内容可知 Panek 虽然失明了, 但是他坚持跑步的梦想依然没有停息, 他一开始在别人的带领下跑, 后来又在导盲犬的带领下跑步, 并赢得马拉松的比赛, 他坚定的意志说明使用 Where there is a will, there is a way. 作为文章的主题最合适; 故选 B.

【点评】本文主要考查细节理解题, 要求学生认真阅读仔细分析, 理解文章的内涵和作者所要传达出的意图。

4. 【分析】本文是一篇广告布告类阅读, 文章主要介绍了四个招聘工作, 需求是针对在校的学生, 都是一些与教学有关的内容。

【解答】1 - 3 BCB

1. B. 细节理解题。根据第四部分 "The assistant will create various reports on examinations". 可知, 助理的任务之一是需要写许多各式各样的考试报告。故选 B.

2. C. 细节理解题。根据第三部分 "Strong attention to details and problem solving skills. 和 Ability to establish and maintain productive work relationships with staff and students" 可知, 这个工作不需要有工作经验, 只需要注意细节, 有一定的解决问题的能力以及和师生保持高效的关系。故选 C.

3. B. 文章出处题。根据文章的四个招聘工作的需求是针对在校的学生, 都是一些与教学有关的内容, 由此可知本文应该是出自学校的校园网站。故选 B.

【点评】此题主要考查学生的细节理解和推理判断能力。做细节理解题时一定要找到文章中的原句, 和题干进行比较, 再做出正确选择。在做推理判断题时不要以个人的主观想象代替文章的事实, 要根据文章事实进行合乎逻辑的推理判断。

5. 【分析】本文章主要就人们为什么在坐车的时候容易睡觉进行了研究, 以及通过实验来找出震动对人的睡意的影响。

【解答】1. C. 细节理解题。根据文章第二段, Any repetitive input going to your brain will eventually be ignored and your brain will start going into a low energy state. The fact that you fall asleep quickly when closing your eyes on a bus is because you were already on the bus for a while and got used to all the repetitive sensory data. 任何进入大脑的重复输入最终都会被忽略, 大脑会开始进入低能量状态, 当你闭上眼睛看公交车时, 你很快就睡着了, 这是因为你已经在公交车上呆了一段时间, 习惯了所有重复的感觉数据。可知, 人们在公交车上容易睡着是因为我们习惯了重复的感觉数据。结合选项, 故选 C.

2. D. 细节理解题. 根据文章第四段, A laboratory experiment to investigate the effects of whole - body vibration (震动) on seated human alertness and sleepiness was carried out. 本实验旨在探讨全身振动对人体坐姿警觉性和睡意的影响. 结合选项, 故选 D.

3. D. 推理判断题. 根据文章最后一段, These findings need to be further proved particularly in relation to driving behavior. This line of research can then assist in the development of practical and relevant guidelines for limitation of vibration exposure in the automotive industry, in an effort to reduce the burden of road accidents. That's something for both car manufacturers and road safety experts to think about. 这些发现需要进一步证明, 尤其是在驾驶行为方面. 这一研究方向有助于制定汽车行业限制振动暴露的实用和相关指南, 以减少道路事故的负担. 这对汽车制造商和道路安全专家来说都是有益的. 可知, 实验结果得到了道路安全专家的认可. 结合选项, 故选 D.

4. A. 推理判断题. 根据文章最后一段, That's something for both car manufacturers and road safety experts to think about. 这对汽车制造商和道路安全专家来说都是有益的. 可知, 该研究对于很多人以及很多方面都是有幫助的, 作者对该发现持支持态度, 结合选项, 故选 A.

【点评】阅读理解题测试考生在阅读基础上的逻辑推理能力, 要求考生根据文章所述事件的逻辑关系, 对未说明的趋势或结局作出合理的推断; 或根据作者所阐述的观点理论, 对文章未涉及的现象、事例给以解释. 考生首先要仔细阅读短文, 完整了解信息, 准确把握作者观点.

6. 【分析】本文章主要讲述了父母应该适时的培养孩子的金钱管理意识, 让孩子们懂得应该如何支配和管理金钱.

【解答】1. D. 推理判断题. 根据文章第二段, These days, though, using credit or debit cards, or making contactless payments, are the most convenient ways of paying. 不过, 如今, 使用信用卡或借记卡, 或进行非接触式支付, 是最方便的支付方式. 可知, 现在购买商品时非现金付款是非常方便的, 结合选项, 故选 D.

2. C. 词义猜测题. 根据文章第四段, Giving children lessons about finance at school is important. Children should be provided with financial literacy at an early age. That is vital to ensure proper money management skills later in life, such as setting a realistic budget, responsibly managing credit and debt, saving for unexpected expenses. 在学校给孩子们上金融课是很重要的. 孩子们在很小的时候就应该具备金融知识. 这对于确保他们在以后的生活中拥有适当的理财技能至关重要, 比如制定现实的预算, 负责任地管理信贷和债务, 为意外开支储蓄. 可知, 划线单词意为: 金融常识, 结合选项, 故选 C.

3. A. 细节理解题. 根据文章第四段, The UK's Money and Pensions Service advises parents to get children started with money as young as possible. 英国的货币和养老金服务机构建议家长们让孩子们尽可能早地开始用钱. 结合选项, 故选 A.

4. D. 主旨大意题. 根据文章最后一段, This has led to a number of apps being set up that allow children to track

and spend their hard - earned pocket money and parents to transfer money electronically and monitor their child's spending. Banks also suggest setting up accounts for older children which gives them a cash card to use. But whatever method a parent chooses to adopt, they need to teach their kids that money doesn't grow on trees!这导致了許多应用程序的建立, 这些应用程序允许孩子追踪和使用他们辛苦挣来的零花钱, 让父母以电子方式转账, 并监控孩子的支出. 银行还建议为年龄较大的孩子建立账户, 给他们一张现金卡. 但无论父母选择采用何种方法, 他们都会要教他们的孩子钱不是长在树上的! 可知, 本文章主要讲述了父母应该适时的培养孩子的金钱管理意识, 让孩子们懂得应该如何支配和管理金钱, 结合选项, 故选 D.

【点评】 阅读理解题测试考生在阅读基础上的逻辑推理能力, 要求考生根据文章所述事件的逻辑关系, 对未说明的趋势或结局作出合理的推断; 或根据作者所阐述的观点理论, 对文章未涉及的现象、事例给以解释. 考生首先要仔细阅读短文, 完整了解信息, 准确把握作者观点.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分) 根据短文内容, 从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项. 选项中有两项为多余选项.

7. **【分析】** 本文属于说明文阅读, 作者通过这篇文章主要向我们描述了塑料对环境的危害很大, 呼吁大家减少甚至停止使用塑料.

【解答】 1. F. 推理判断题. 根据前文 If you take a look around your kitchen or office right now, chances are that you'll notice you're surrounded by plastic - water bottles, to - go coffee cups, straws (吸管), plastic grocery bags, food wrappers, take - out containers, single - serve coffee pods and produce bags 如果您现在环顾厨房或办公室, 您可能会注意到您周围有塑料水瓶, 咖啡杯, 稻草, 塑料杂货袋, 食品包装, 取出容器, 单服务咖啡壶和产品. 可知 这些都是一次性塑料制品的例子, 是当今的热门话题; 故选 E

2. C. 推理判断题. 根据前文 According to a study published in the journal Science Advances, the popularity of plastic, which began rising in the 1950s, is growing out of control 根据"科学进步"杂志上发表的一项研究, 始于 20 世纪 50 年代的塑料的普及正在失控. 可知全世界生产了 8.2 万亿公斤塑料; 故选 C.

3. A. 推理判断题. 根据后文 For example, newborn fish are mistaking tiny bits of plastic waste for food. If they die, there will be fewer big fish - and that could damage the food chain. 例如, 新生鱼误以为食物浪费了少量塑料如果他们死了, 就会有更少的大鱼, 这可能会损害食物链可知我们的塑料消费直接影响着海洋中的生活; 故选 A.

4. D. 推理判断题. 根据后文 A recent report suggests that when heated, certain food additives (添加剂) can damage hormones, growth and development, as well as increase chances for children of being fat. 最近的一份报告表明, 当加热时, 某些食品添加剂 () 可能会损害激素, 生长和发育, 以及增加儿童发胖的机会可知在微波炉中使用塑料容器也对儿童健康有害; 故选 D.

5. G. 推理判断题. 根据后文 It is found in plastic containers and metal cans. Parents are urged to avoid using microwaves to warm food and drinks or placing plastics in the dishwasher 它存在于塑料容器中, 敦促金属罐家

长避免使用微波炉加热食物和饮料或在洗碗机中放置塑料。可知 最受关注的人工添加剂 BPA 是一种用于塑料生产的化学品；故选 G。

【点评】七选五阅读是完成性阅读，和完形填空很类似，不同的是一个选词，一个选句子。解题时，要注意上下文语境，充分考虑信息词（选项中和空格前后句子中相同或相近的词），选出最符合语境的句子。

第三部分：书面表达（共两节，35 分）第一节（15 分）

8. 【分析】This is a camp for calligraphy lovers and those who have no basis on calligraphy are also welcome.（高分句型一）句中 who 引导选择性定语从句

这是一个书法爱好者的营地，也欢迎那些没有书法基础的人。

As for the schedule of the winter camp, there will be two lectures about the origin and development of calligraphy.（高分句型二）句中 as for 为固定表达，意为“至于，关于”

至于冬令营的日程安排，将有两场关于书法起源和发展的讲座。

【解答】One possible version

Dear Jim,

How is everything going? I know that you are interested in traditional Chinese culture, so I am writing to tell you that there will be a calligraphy camp held in our school this winter vacation.（写信目的）

The camp will start at the beginning of February, so it is necessary for you to sign up before January 31st. This is a camp for calligraphy lovers and those who have no basis on calligraphy are also welcome.（高分句型一）The camp will last for a week and campers should turn up on time for each class.（告知报名的条件）

As for the schedule of the winter camp, there will be two lectures about the origin and development of calligraphy.（高分句型二）Besides, some basic techniques will be offered by well-known calligraphers. Students also have their own self-study time for practicing under the guidance of the instructors. On the day of the closing ceremony, students are expected to hand in their writing works for the calligraphy exhibition.（介绍活动安排）

What do you think of the program? If you would love to join it, just tell me and I will be with you through the camp. Looking forward to your early reply.（期望）

Yours,

Li Hua

【点评】英语写作是一项主观性较强的测试题。它不仅考查学生的写作基础而且还考查学生在写作过程中综合运用语言的能力。在撰写时要注意主谓语一致，时态呼应，用词贴切等。要提高英语写作水平，需要两方面的训练：一是语言基础方面的训练，要有扎实的造句、翻译等基本功，即用词法、句法等知识造出正确无误的句子；二是写作知识和能力方面的训练以掌握写作方面的基本方法和技巧。

第二节（20 分）

9. 【分析】高分句型：

1. Last Friday, we participated in a social practice activity about visiting the Gardening Base of Agricultural University, which proved to be rewarding and precious.

上周五，我们参加了一次社会实践活动，参观农业大学园艺基地，结果证明这是一次很有意义和宝贵的。
本句中 which 引导一个非限制性定语从句。

2. The moment we stepped into the garden, rows of colorful flowers came into our view.

我们一走进花园，成排的五颜六色的鲜花映入我们的眼帘。

本句中 the moment 引导一个时间状语从句，意为一……就……

【解答】Last Friday, we participated in a social practice activity about visiting the Gardening Base of Agricultural University, which proved to be rewarding and precious. (高分句型一) On arriving at the destination, we found a guide standing at the entrance and welcoming us warmly. (来到实践基地受到欢迎)

With her guidance, we initially visited flower beds. The moment we stepped into the garden, rows of colorful flowers came into our view. (高分句型二) Purple violets, tulips, roses and carnations were in bloom, breathing out fresh and pleasant fragrance. Meanwhile, the guide introduced some basic knowledge of the flowers to us. We listened attentively and took notes carefully. (认真聆听，记笔记了解花的知识)

Then we came to the practice zone to learn how to arrange flowers. The guide showed an example to us, cutting flowers into different lengths and placing them into a portable paper box skillfully and elegantly. Then we began to practice arranging flowers in the flesh. With the guide's patient instruction, I finished my flower arrangement. (在实践区练习插花)

How time flew! The one-day activity soon came to an end. I came home with my flower arrangement and sent them to my parents to show my gratitude. This experience will never fade away from my mind. (活动结束，将自己插的花送给父母，受益无穷)

【点评】英语写作是一项主观性较强的测试题。它不仅考查学生的写作基础而且还考查学生在写作过程中综合运用语言的能力。在撰写时要注意主谓语一致，时态呼应，用词贴切等。要提高英语写作水平，需要两方面的训练：一是语言基础方面的训练，要有扎实的造句、翻译等基本功，即用词法、句法等知识造出正确无误的句子；二是写作知识和能力方面的训练以掌握写作方面的基本方法和技巧

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