# 北京市朝阳区 2022~2023 学年度第一学期期末质量检测

# 高三英语

(考试时间90分钟 满分100分)

2023.

本试卷共10页。考生务必在答题卡指定区域作答,在试卷上作答无效。 WWW.

## 第一部分 知识运用(共两节,30分)

第一节 (共10小题; 每小题1.5分, 共15分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并 在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Early in my teaching career, I heard countless make-believe stories for unfinished homework. Then I grew less trusting and quitted 1 any excuse. When the students at my new school didn't finish homework, I never asked why. Instead, I just sighed loudly and recorded a zero in the grade book. I soon gained the 2 I thought I wanted.

One day, Anthony approached me. "Could I talk to you?" he asked 3 . "I know you said no excuse, but I don't want you to think I'm 4 because I often come without my homework." He then looked up at me for the first time. "It's just that... my dad moved out, and my mom works at night, so I have to look after my little brothers. Often, they cry a lot, and it's hard for me to 5 ..."

I was about to ask why he didn't tell me earlier when I suddenly realized why. So I changed the 6 . "Would it help if you stayed after school and worked on it before you go home?" He nodded hard.

Anthony became the first student in my after-school study session. Several days later, Terrell joined him, followed by Sandy and Randy. Before long, I had a room full of students. Their stories were not amusing, but all very 7:

- The power company 8 our lights because we couldn't pay the bill.
- My dad says schoolwork is just a waste of time.
- We don't have any paper in the house.

I thus discovered not all kids come from families that are 9. Not all kids have a quiet bedroom with a desk and study light. Some don't even have home. Most importantly, I learned that "I'll listen" 10 better than "No excuse!"

ι.	Α.	inventing	ъ.	nnaing	u.	accepting	υ.	onering
2.	A.	reputation v	В.	benefit	C.	experience	D.	praise
3.	A.	loudly	В.	shyly	C.	curiously	D.	eagerly
1.	A.	poor	В.	mean	C.	lazy	D.	weak
5.	A.	behave	В.	concentrate	C.	struggle	D.	compete

第 1 页( 共 10 页)

- D. thought 6. A. question B. tune C. process 7. A. complex B. moving C. cool D. real
  - 8. A. broke down B. put out C. cut off D. shut out D. supportive B. peaceful 9. A. disciplined C. traditional
  - 10. A. works B. feels C. understands D. controls WWW.C

## 第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下列短文,根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写1个适当的单词, 在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。请在答题卡指定区域作答。

Edward O. Wilson, the "modern-day Charles Darwin", damaged his right eye when he (catch) a fish in the river near his home at seven. The poor eyesight only allowed him to observe small 12 (creature), like ants. Interested in the selflessness of ants, which would sacrifice themselves for their colony (群体), Wilson developed a theory, 13 (confirm) the existence of altruistic (利他的) behavior in a wide range of species. It made him influential as both a close observer and a pioneering theorist.

#### В

Research on the relationship between gratitude (感恩) and physical health is still exploring. The evidence of existing studies 14 (suggest) that there may be a connection. It appears that more grateful people report sleeping better and feeling 15 (healthy). Besides, gratitude may lead people to engage in behaviors that help keep them healthy, like not smoking. Now researchers still need to make it clear 16 gratitude is so good for our health. NNN

On October 12th, Shenzhou-14 crew members gave a live class to the students on Earth. During the class, the crew showed the students a science glove-box, 17 the plants experiments are performed. Then, the astronauts had real-time interactions with students 18 video calls and they answered students' questions like "What kinds of plants 19 (bring) to space in future spaceflights?" At the end of the class, the crew said, "We expect you guys 20 (build) our space home better in the future."

# 阅读理解(共两节,38分)

第一节 (共14小题;每小题2分,共28分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上 将该项涂黑。

> 第2页(共10页) 高三英语试卷

With many *Chicken Soup for the Soul* books in development, we are always looking for new talent. So whether you are a regular contributor or new to our family, please share your stories with us.

Here is the recipe for submission.

#### **Story Guidelines**

- · Tell a heartwarming story about something that has happened to you or someone you know.
- The story should start "in the action" and draw in the reader. Do not start your story with an introduction about what you are going to say.
- Don't try fancy moves with tenses. Writing in the present tense about something that happened in the past rarely works.
- · Keep your story within 1200 words. Tighten!

### Tips about submitting

The only way to submit your stories is to do it on our website. A message, "Thank you! Your information has been received", is the only confirmation of your submission. There is no email from us. If you have any problems, please write to: webmaster@chickensoupforthesoul.com.

There are many topics in each of our books. If you have a story that you think fits two of the topics, you may submit it to both. Also, there is no limit to the number of stories you may submit for each book.

### After publication

If your story is selected to be published, you will be asked to sign our standard permission release agreement. This means that you maintain ownership of your story but you give us the rights to publish it and use it again in any future book or our other products.

After your story is published, you will receive ten free copies of the book your story appears in. You will be entitled to buy cases of your books at half price. You will also receive our monthly newsletter with advance notice of new books.

- 21. What kind of story is likely to be accepted by Chicken Soup for the Soul?
  - A. A story with an introduction.
- B. A story of one's own experience.
- C. A story with more than 1200 words.
- D. A story written in the present tense.
- 22. What can we learn about story submission?
  - A. You can submit your stories by email.
  - B. A story can just be submitted to one topic.
  - C. You can submit many stories to the same book.
  - D. An email will be sent for a successful submission.
- 23. If your story is published, you will \_\_\_\_\_
  - ir your story is published, you will \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. lose its official ownership
- B. obtain future books in advance
- C. get free cases of your books D. approve of its future publication

As a Ph.D. student in a new country, lockdown and homesickness combined to leave me feeling lonely and desperate to meet people. To find the connections I was missing, I searched for opportunities that would involve teamwork as a volunteer on the Internet. A position matching graduate students with jobs drew my attention. It needed someone who would lead teams of graduate student volunteers to help bring in industry partners, and work with the university administration and student applicants. The chances to interact with all these different groups were appealing. I had no relevant experience and worried a disturbance to my study, but I still decided I might as well go for it and apply.

The first few weeks in my new role were challenging. Along with my routine study, I was suddenly managing a team of four volunteers and meetings with industry professionals. At first, I was nervous in meetings with them, feeling I wasn't prepared enough. But as I gained experience, the interactions became truly enjoyable and rewarding. Sometimes the conversations went beyond regular business to touch on career paths, personal challenges, and more. I began to enjoy the daily mix of activities.

I also learned about leadership. At the start, things seemed to go well until one of my team members told me I wasn't including her fully in decision-making. I was upset; didn't she trust my leadership? But after I calmed down, I saw that maybe she had a point. So I began to ask team members to lead some of our meetings and encouraged them to express their views. This new approach allowed us to meet our targets while helping everyone feel more content and connected—as colleagues, but also as friends.

Beyond building relationships and skills, this experience expanded my horizons about my own professional future. Before I joined, I had only been exposed to academic career paths, and I assumed that was my future. Now I've realized I particularly enjoy feeling part of a team and affecting the lives of others. As I get closer to completing my Ph.D., I'm approaching job searches with a good idea of what I want.

- 24. What made the author decide to apply for the volunteer work?
  - A. The relevance to her study.

- B. The longing for a family.
- C. The desire for social contact.
- D. The previous work experience.
- 25. What can we learn about the author's volunteer work?
  - A. It drives her away from her study.
  - B. It teaches her how to conduct business.
  - C. It allows her to adjust her attitude to life.
- D. It helps her identify the professional paths.
- 26. From the passage, we can learn that the author is \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. open to new challenges
- B. proud of academic success

- C. brave to overcome prejudice
- D. demanding of group members

Finland was known as a rather quiet country. Since 2008, the Country Brand Delegation (国家品牌代表团) has been looking for a national brand that would make some noise to market the country as a world-famous tourist destination. In 2010, the Delegation issued a "Country Brand Report," which highlighted a host of marketable themes, including Finland's famous educational system. One key theme was brand new: silence. As the report explained, modern society often seems intolerably loud and busy. "Silence is a resource," it said.

Silence first appeared in scientific research as a control or baseline, against which scientists compare the effects of noise or music. Researchers have mainly studied it by accident, as physician Luciano Bernardi did in his study of the physiological (生理学) effects of music. "We didn't think about the effect of silence," he said. Bernardi observed two dozen test subjects while they listened to six musical tracks. He found that the impacts of music could be read directly in the bloodstream, via changes in blood pressure, carbon dioxide, and circulation in the brain. "During almost all sorts of music, there was a physiological change with a condition of arousal (兴奋)," he explained.

This effect made sense, given that active listening requires attention. But the more striking finding appeared between musical tracks. Bernardi and his colleagues discovered that randomly added stretches of silence also had a great effect, but in the opposite direction. In fact, two-minute silent pauses proved far more relaxing than either "relaxing" music or a longer silence played before the experiment started. The blank pauses that Bernardi had considered irrelevant, in other words, became the most interesting object of study. Silence seemed to be heightened by contrasts, maybe because it gave test subjects a release from careful attention. "Perhaps the arousal is something that concentrates the mind in one direction, so that when there is nothing more arousing, then you have deeper relaxation," he said.

This finding is reinforced by neurological (神经系统的) research. Relevant research shows when our brains rest quietly, they integrate external and internal information into "a conscious (意识的) workspace." Freedom from noise and goal-directed tasks, it appears, unites the quiet without and within, allowing our conscious workspace to do its thing to discover where we fit in.

Noora Vikman, a consultant on silence for Finland's marketers, knows silence well. Living in a remote and quiet place in Finland, she discovers thoughts and feelings that aren't detectable in her busy daily life. "If you want to know yourself, you have to be with yourself, and discuss with yourself, and be able to talk with yourself."

**获取更多试题资料及排名分析信** 

- 27. Why does the author mention the Country Brand Report in Paragraph 1? A. To present how Finland viewed silence. www.gaokzx.co
  - B. To highlight the need of noise in Finland.
  - C. To explain why Finland issued the brands.
  - D. To indicate the authority of the Delegation.
- 28. What can be inferred about Luciano Bernardi's discovery?
  - A. It challenged the calming effect of music.
  - B. It emphasized the role of silence between sounds.
  - C. It illustrated the loss of attentiveness after silence.
  - D. It stated brains' information processing in the quiet.
- 29. As for Noora Vikman's attitude to silence, the author is
  - A. doubtful B. supportive
- C. disapproving D. unconcerned 30. Which would be the best title for the passage?
  - A. Silence: A Limited Resource
  - B. Silence: A Misunderstood Tool C. Silence: The Unexpected Power
  - D. Silence: The Value by Contrasts

is called realism.

D

the curved sides

owners from keeping goldfish in curved fishbowls. The sponsors of the measure explained that it is cruel to keep a fish in such a bowl because the curved sides give the fish a distorted view of reality.

Aside from the measure's significance to the poor goldfish, the story

A few years ago, the City Council of Monza, Italy, barred pet

raises an interesting philosophical question: How do we know that the reality we perceive is true?

Physicists are finding themselves in a similar trouble to the goldfish's. For decades they have been pursuing an ultimate theory of everything—one complete and consistent set of fundamental laws of nature that explain every aspect of reality. It now appears that this pursuit may generate not a single theory but a family of interconnected theories, each describing its own version of reality,

as if it viewed the universe through its own fishbowl. This concept may be difficult for many people to accept. Most people believe that there is an objective reality out there and that our senses and our science directly convey (传达) information about the material world. In philosophy, that belief

In physics, realism is becoming difficult to defend. Instead, the idea of alternative realities is a mainstay of today's popular culture. For example, in the science-fiction film The Matrix the human race is unknowingly living in a simulated (模拟的) virtual reality created by intelligent computers. How do we know we are not just computer-generated characters living in a Matrix-like world? If—like us—the beings in the simulated world could not observe their universe from the outside, they would have no reason to doubt their own pictures of reality.

Similarly, the goldfish's view is not the same as ours from outside their curved bowl. For instance, because light bends as it travels from air to water, a freely moving object that we would observe to move in a straight line would be observed by the goldfish to move along a curved path. The goldfish could form scientific laws from their frame (框架) of reference that would always hold true and that would enable them to make predictions about the future motion of objects outside the bowl. If the goldfish formed such a theory, we would have to admit the goldfish's view as a reasonable picture of reality.

The goldfish example shows that the same physical situation can be modeled in different ways, each employing different fundamental elements and concepts. It might be that to describe the universe we have to employ different theories in different situations. It is not the physicist's traditional expectation for a theory of nature, nor does it correspond to our everyday idea of reality. But it might be the way of the universe.

- 31. What does the underlined word "distorted" in Paragraph 1 most probably mean? aokix.
- 32. What does Paragraph 2 mainly tell us?

A. The need for a complete theory.

A. Original.

B. Accurate.

B. The lasting conflict in physics.

D. False.

C. Distant.

- C. The existence of the material world. D. The conventional insight of reality.
- 33. What can we learn from the passage?
  - A. Nature's mysteries are best left undiscovered.
    - B. An external world is independent of the observers.
    - C. People's theories are influenced by their viewpoints.
    - D. It is essential to figure out which picture of reality is better.
- 34. According to the passage, the author may agree that \_
  - A. various interpretations of the universe are welcomed
    - B. physicists have a favorite candidate for the final theory
    - C. multiple realities can be pieced together to show the real world
    - D. there is still possibility to unify different theories into a single one

高三英语试卷

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,共10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

An apology can achieve great things for both the givers and the receivers although nobody likes to admit that they were wrong.

An apology is crucial to our physical health. When we acknowledge that we are wrongdoers and express our guilt to others, we will free ourselves from the uncomfortable state. This act feels like a weight on us has been lifted. \_\_35\_\_ Research showed that heart rate, sweat levels and facial tension decreased in victims of wrongs even when they simply imagined receiving an apology.

Apologizing affects us not just physically, but also mentally. <u>36</u> When presented with an apology, the victims may view us as imperfect human beings and find it easier to give forgiveness. In a powerful piece in *Psychology Today*, writer Beverly Engel described how a simple "I'm sorry" from her mother, after being estranged from each other for three years, made her relieved emotionally. But let's be real, apologizing can be difficult.

\_\_\_\_\_37\_\_ We should recognize our action did hurt someone even if our intention may not have been so. Instead of making excuses for what we did, try to bear responsibility and offer a promise to take action so that we will not repeat the behavior in future. 38

Of course, the most effective apologies often bring a cost to our dignity, since we have to admit that we are wrong in front of others or many people. 39 As is known, it is one of the most positive actions we can take when we do something wrong—for ourselves, the others, and the relationship. So, go ahead, apologize a little more often for the things worth apologizing for.

- A. There are agreed-upon ways to express our apology to others.
- B. It's a way of showing the price we paid for the wronged action.
- C. A good apology affects the health of those on the receiving end, too.
- D. But this can often be minor compared to the benefits of a proper apology.
- E. This means we should take the blame and not try to justify it or explain it away.
- F. Apologize for what you did rather than what other people might have thought about it.
- G. It has the ability to disarm others of their anger and to prevent further misunderstandings.

## 第三部分 书面表达 (共两节, 32 分)

第一节 (共4小题; 第40、41 题各2分, 第42 题3分, 第43 题5分, 共12分)

阅读下面短文,根据题目要求用英文回答问题。请在答题卡指定区域作答。

Building relationships and working successfully with different cultural backgrounds can seem like a major challenge. But you can enjoy the rewards, while keeping dissatisfaction to a minimum. The key to making them work is cultural competence. Essentially, cultural competence is defined as the ability to understand and interact effectively with people from different cultures.

Cultural competence is critical for everyone in today's modern world. Living and working in a culturally diverse environment sometimes comes with differences of opinion and tension. People with strong cultural competence can resolve these issues creatively, even if a solution seems impossible at first. What's more, thinking and caring about others with different experiences can bring out a sense of understanding. This helps to build trust between each other.

Cultural competence can be improved through training, education, and experience. Here are some simple tips to help you improve your cultural competence.

#### **Assess yourself**

The starting point is to understand your own cultural values and world view. Assess the current level of cultural competence in yourself and identify the knowledge, skills and resources that you want to acquire. This can give you an idea of your strengths and weaknesses in the area so that you can improve yourself in future.

#### **Practice good manners**

No matter whom you are dealing with, make sure that you are respecting others' backgrounds, boundaries and customs. Pay close attention to your communication and make sure that you're speaking to others in a kind and polite way.

#### Ask questions

When you don't understand something or want to know why someone has behaved in a certain way, simply ask. Asking questions stops you making unnecessary assumptions, and shows the questions you did not understand to them.

Keep in mind that developing cultural competence is not a one-shot enterprise. It takes time and practice. Whether you are in a classroom or on campus, cultural competence plays an important role in your daily environment. Recognizing and dealing with cultural differences will create a happier setting for everyone.

- 40. What is cultural competence according to the passage?
- 41. Why is cultural competence important for people in intercultural environment?
- 42. Please decide which part is false in the following statement, then underline it and explain why.
  - To improve our cultural competence, we should not only understand our strengths and weaknesses in this area, but also ask questions when we don't understand others' behaviors, even if we may speak in an impolite way.
- 43. Apart from the tips mentioned in the passage, what other way(s) can you think of to develop your cultural competence? (*In about 40 words*)

## 第二节 (20 分)

假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。你班交换生 Jim 打算利用寒假在家锻炼身体,发来邮件向你咨询。请你给他写一封回信,内容包括:

- 1. 推荐一款 app 和推荐理由;
- 2. 给出运动建议。

# 注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

Www.9aokzx

Dear Jim,

Yours,

Li Hua



# 关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年,隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司,是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖:北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

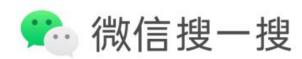
北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+,网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京,辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承 "精益求精、专业严谨"的建设理念,不断探索"K12教育+互联网+大数据"的运营模式,尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等,为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供"衔接和桥梁纽带"作用。

平台自创办以来,为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源,和北京近百所中学达成合作关系,累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场,帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学,在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来,北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革,基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势,更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。





Q 北京高考资讯

咨询热线: 010-5751 5980

微信客服: gaokzx2018

官方微信公众号: bjgkzx 官方网站: www.gaokzx.com