

学校 _____ 姓名 _____ 准考证号 _____

注 意 事 项	1. 本调研卷共 10 页，满分 100 分，时间 120 分钟。 2. 在调研卷和答题纸上准确填写学校名称、姓名和准考证号。 3. 调研卷答案一律填涂或书写在答题纸上，在调研卷上作答无效。 4. 在答题纸上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。
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第一部分

本部分共 19 题，共 32 分。根据题目要求，完成相应任务。

一、听后选择（每题 1.5 分，共 12 分）

听对话或独白，根据对话或独白的内容，从下列各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1. What time should the girl be home on Friday?
A. By 5:00 pm. B. By 6:00 pm. C. By 7:00 pm.

2. What does the girl think of her parents?
A. They are direct. B. They are strict. C. They are helpful.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3. What does the girl expect her car in 2050 to be like?
A. A box. B. A computer. C. A pair of shoes.

4. Where will the car get power?
A. From gas. B. From sunshine. C. From wind.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5. What is the boy's problem?
A. His mum doesn't allow him to use the computer.
B. His dog always causes him a lot of trouble.
C. He finds it difficult to focus on his study.
6. What will the boy probably do next?
A. Talk to his mum. B. Lock his dog inside. C. Turn off his phone.

请听一段独白，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7. Which is the most valuable for students in learning science?
A. Using the scientific method.
B. Solving real-world problems.
C. Sharing science projects with others.

8. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
- A. The steps of the scientific method.
B. The value in performing a science project.
C. The need to use science to solve problems.

二、听后回答（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

请听下面的对话，根据对话内容回答问题。每段对话你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 9 小题。

9. Where are the speakers going?

请听一段对话，完成第 10 小题。

10. What did the boy do in the talent show?

请听一段对话，完成第 11 小题。

11. Who will drive the speakers to the cinema?

请听一段对话，完成第 12 小题。

12. How much is this month's *Music for Teens*?

请听一段对话，完成第 13 小题。

13. What is the boy's hobby?

三、听后记录并转写（共两节；每节 5 分，共 10 分）

第一节：记录关键信息（共 5 题，每题 1 分，共 5 分）

请听一段独白，根据所听到的内容和提示信息，将所缺的关键信息填写在答题纸的相应位置上。每空仅填写一个词。本段独白你将听两遍。

The Best Spring Season Activities for Families	
Connect with <u>14</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ feel the earth in between your fingers ◆ take a walk and <u>15</u> leaves or rocks for fun <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • turn out to be an adventure
Help the birds	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ use the hard hats to build a birdhouse <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a special way to <u>16</u> the birds back from the south ◆ create a bird feeder
Do <u>17</u> exercise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ fly a kite in the park ◆ have a <u>18</u> ride along the riverside

第二节：转写（5 分）

请再听一遍独白，转写你所听到的主要内容。

I've got some ideas from Chris on the best spring season activities for families. 19. _____

第二部分

本部分共 31 题，共 48 分。在每题列出的四个选项中，选出最符合题目要求的一项。

四、单项填空（每题 1 分，共 10 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

20. Paul is my best friend. I often practice running with _____ after school.
A. me B. us C. him D. them
21. The telephone was invented by Alexander Bell _____ 1876.
A. in B. on C. at D. from
22. It's snowing outside. Put on your coat before leaving, _____ you may catch a cold.
A. so B. or C. but D. and
23. — _____ schoolbag is this, Li Ming?
— I am not sure. It might be Carla's.
A. Who B. Whose C. What D. Which
24. — Mum, _____ I go to the shopping center with Anna now?
— I'm afraid you can't. You should clean your room first.
A. should B. must C. can D. need
25. It's well known that the Great Wall is one of _____ man-made wonders in the world.
A. great B. greater C. greatest D. the greatest
26. — Jason, I called you at 8:00 last night, but you didn't answer it.
— Oh, I _____ to some loud music at that time.
A. listen B. listened
C. am listening D. was listening
27. — How is your reading project?
— I _____ most of the books we are supposed to read since September.
A. have read B. read
C. will read D. am reading
28. *The 2022 Winter Olympics* _____ in Beijing this February.
A. held B. were held
C. will hold D. will be held
29. — Excuse me, could you tell me _____ on weekends?
— It closes at 10:30 pm.
A. when the school library closes B. when the school library closed
C. when does the school library close D. when did the school library close

五、完形填空（每题 1.5 分，共 12 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

Jake was sitting all alone in the classroom during the break, thinking about the “C” he had received in his spelling test. “I knew I was getting it when I was taking the test, but I just can’t help feeling unlucky to be bad at spellings,” thought Jake. He was good at other subjects, and he couldn’t 30 seeing a big “C” on his test paper.

After the break, the spelling teacher Ms. Kaur came in and said that the Spelling Bee Contest was going to be held. Some students were excited because they were good at spellings, but others wore 31 expressions. So did Jake. He certainly was not taking part in it. He was still worrying about his test. Jake wanted to score well in spelling tests too, but he couldn’t focus on spellings. He sat there thinking about what to do. Finally, he got a good idea. It seemed the best thing to do was to 32 something in spellings. He knew it took courage to take part in something he was bad at, but it was a window of opportunity.

The next day, when he told Ms. Kaur about his decision, she was surprised. “I am proud of you, Jake. You set a/an 33 for those who are bad at some subjects, but never work for them.”

From that day on, Jake started working for the contest. He was buried in the spelling books, feeling sleepy now and then. He felt sure he would sleep with the boring spellings. But he went on working.

Soon the day for the first 34 of the contest came. It was his turn. He walked onto the stage. He was nervous. Ms. Kaur nodded her head encouragingly. She asked him the word. Jake wanted to 35 right there. He knew the word! “E-N-O-R-M-I-T-Y,” he answered.

Unexpectedly, Jake entered the next round and worked even harder. In the final Jake felt his heart 36 loudly. But when he heard his word, he was no more nervous. “C-O-U-N-C-I-L,” he answered correctly. He made it for the subject in which he got bad grades!

Opportunities come and go. The secret of success is to be 37 when an opportunity comes. When it comes, you must take it and go on, and never give up.

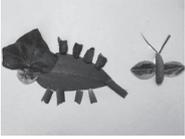
- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 30. A. help | B. mind | C. stand | D. remember |
| 31. A. bored | B. excited | C. pleased | D. confused |
| 32. A. avoid | B. achieve | C. admire | D. accept |
| 33. A. goal | B. instruction | C. plan | D. example |
| 34. A. time | B. word | C. round | D. scene |
| 35. A. hide | B. run | C. sit | D. dance |
| 36. A. singing | B. beating | C. hitting | D. aching |
| 37. A. ready | B. happy | C. patient | D. curious |

六、阅读理解（每题2分，共26分）

阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

A

Are you looking for some fun ways to recycle waste materials? Here are some simple but enjoyable waste material school projects for almost every age group!

<p>Dried Leaf Animals</p> 	<p>Do you have too many dried leaves in front of your house that you need to keep sweeping into the bin? Why don't you use them to make something fun instead? Pick up fallen leaves and turn them into little animal cut-outs. Then you can use them as bookmarks or stick them on cards. This is a great activity for you when you're bored.</p>
<p>Bottle Vases</p> 	<p>Have you ever tried to turn old plastic or glass bottles into pretty little vases? You can use whatever you want for this. We suggest some paint, tape and even pieces of cloth. Get some fallen flowers and leaves to decorate (装饰) your bottles too! Now you have your very own vases to put some pretty flowers in.</p>
<p>Pencil Shaving Art</p> 	<p>Do you usually throw your pencil shavings into the bin? Now you can keep them instead! There are many art and craft activities for you. From fruits to animals to flowers, the question isn't what you can do with pencil shavings but rather what you cannot do! Let your imagination run wild and see what cool and creative ideas you'll come up with!</p>
<p>Walnut Shell Turtles</p> 	<p>Have you ever thought of this? How creative this one is! Walnut shells (核桃壳) do look like turtle shells. Get some paint, a black marker, tape, glue, scissors, cardboard and your walnut shells and you're good to go. Enjoy yourselves as you sit and make cute little turtles that you can keep in any bedroom or the living room. We love this activity and we hope you do too!</p>

38. In the projects, the dried leaves can be used to _____.
- A. make bookmarks B. light candles C. play games D. feed animals
39. Tom has some walnut shells, and he can turn them into _____.
- A. animal cut-outs B. pretty vases C. beautiful flowers D. cute turtles
40. The projects are designed to help _____.
- A. decorate the classrooms B. keep the school clean
- C. make the lessons more fun D. recycle waste materials

B

The Art of Singing

When Alana first saw the musical *Annie*, she knew she wanted to try out for the lead role at some time in her life. She went home and sang the show tune (曲目) of *Annie*. She recorded her singing and listened back to it, but it didn't sound as good as she thought.

“Your voice is like an instrument. You need to learn how to use it,” her mother suggested.

So Alana joined a band and a singing club. She also learned how to read sheet music and other singing skills.

Days later, Alana went to the library and took out some CDs of female artists to listen to. She ran through the female artists and tried very hard to emulate (模仿) their singing. First, Alana put on Aretha Franklin, who is known as the Queen of Soul. Then, she put on Billie Holiday. She learned to relax her neck and shoulders and breathed in from above her belly. Alana found that each singer had their own way of forming the notes. She was amazed to see that the human voice could stretch (伸展) in so many different ways. As Alana experimented with various ways of singing, she got more comfortable with what her own voice naturally sounded like.

Around this time, it was announced that her school would produce their own performance of *Annie*. Alana wanted the lead!

When she tried out for *Annie*, she sang very powerfully. “The sun’ll come out... tomorrow!” she belted out. “You’re only... a dayyy... a... wayyyyy!”

Her music teacher applauded. “Alana, you’ve been working hard to become a better singer. Congratulations! You’ve got the lead role! You’re our new *Annie*!”

Alana’s dream came true. But she knew her dream didn’t just happen because she wished and hoped it would. She’d been taking lessons and working hard. She walked home whistling (用口哨吹奏) a happy little song.

41. Why did Alana practice singing the show tune of *Annie*?
- A. Because her mother encouraged her to join a band.
B. Because she wanted to try out for the role of *Annie*.
C. Because Alana would teach her classmates to sing it.
D. Because it was a song from her favorite musical *Annie*.
42. After listening and emulating some artists’ singing, Alana _____.
- A. helped her class win a prize
B. learned to use her voice better
C. was able to write her own songs
D. mastered different ways of singing
43. What can we learn from the story?
- A. All roads lead to Rome.
B. Love me, love my dog.
C. Hard work does pay off.
D. Two heads are better than one.

C

Everyone wants to be well-liked. As humans, we are born with the need to be valued and liked by others. Being part of a group has been necessary in a lot of ways. Connection is a basic human need.

Many people feel as though they have to be a certain way to be well-liked. They think others will like them more if they put their best selves forward, don’t make mistakes, and always know the right thing to say. However, some surprising science may be putting all this in question.

The Pratfall Effect

It turns out that people who never make mistakes are actually less likeable. According to an

experiment by Elliot Aronson in the 1960s, people who made a small blunder, such as dropping coffee over their shirt, were considered more likeable than those who didn't. This was only true for people who were considered competent (有能力的) in the first place, though. This phenomenon (现象) was termed the Pratfall Effect.

The Pratfall Effect shows that it's not only okay to make mistakes, but it can actually be helpful to us. Vulnerability (weakness) is endearing (讨人喜欢的). It helps us form connections with others. When we understand where someone is coming from and connect with them, we develop a deep emotional bond and like them more.

Apply this to your own life

You can use this information to your advantage. Firstly, it's important to know likeability depends on context. What someone finds endearing in one situation may not work in another, and different people might find different qualities more likeable. Sometimes the things we dislike the most about ourselves are the most endearing to others. The same can be true for the opposite. Just be your true self and people will find what they love most about you.

Secondly, vulnerability is a good thing. Sharing the most inner, real parts of yourselves can create meaningful connections. Pretending (假装) to be perfect is not something that people find endearing. But opening up is something that people can easily connect with.

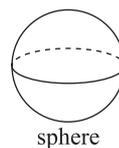
Likeability is not as straightforward as you might think. What you think makes you more likeable might actually make you less likeable. Stop pretending you never make mistakes. It's the best path to true and meaningful human connection.

44. What can we learn from the Pratfall Effect?
- A. Life experience can be enriched by making mistakes.
 - B. The fear of making mistakes makes people more careful.
 - C. People who make small mistakes may turn out to be more likeable.
 - D. The ability to learn from mistakes makes a person more competent.
45. What is the writer's opinion on vulnerability?
- A. It leads us to the right way to be perfect.
 - B. It works as a smart way to express our opinions.
 - C. It makes other people feel better about themselves.
 - D. It helps us form meaningful connections with others.
46. The writer suggests that we should stay true to ourselves because _____.
- A. likeability varies in different cases
 - B. no one can be perfect
 - C. we should accept and like who we are
 - D. it's hard to pretend all the time
47. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
- A. A Secret to Improving Your Quality of Life
 - B. A Key to Being Likeable When Making Mistakes
 - C. The Possible Benefits of Building up Connections
 - D. The Surprising Science Behind Being Well-liked

D

Imagine you are ordering for your roommates. You remember Laura prefers banana ice cream to chocolate. It could be a fact for it was proved by observing her behavior. However, the ice cream preference could be an opinion that shows her personal choice. While it's nice to think the world is clearly divided into matters of fact and matters of opinion, it's not always the case.

What we think are facts — those things we think are true — can end up being wrong. Calling something a fact is not a promise of infallibility (无误). The famous writer, Asimov expressed this in his article *The Relativity of Wrong*. For him, the person who thinks the Earth is flat is wrong, and so is the person who thinks the Earth is a sphere. A fact is usually used to represent the best knowledge we have at a certain time.



sphere

Then again, calling something an opinion doesn't mean an escape to the fairyland of wishful thinking. If we think of an opinion as one person's view on a subject, then many opinions can be solid. For example, it's my opinion that science provides us with a powerful tool to help understand our place in the universe. It's not a fact that science does so, but it works for me.

But we can be much clearer in our meaning if we divide things into matters of fact and matters of opinion. Matters of fact are limited to empirical statements (实证表达), such as what the boiling point of water is. Matters of opinion are non-empirical statements, which include questions of value and of personal preference such as whether it's better to eat more vegetables than meat.

Matters of opinion can be **informed** by matters of fact (for example, finding out that vegetables are rich in vitamins can change my food preference), but finally they are not answered by matters of fact (why does it matter to me that vegetables are rich in vitamins?).

Opinions are not just pale shadows (影子) of facts. They are judgements and conclusions. They can be the result of careful consideration in areas for which empirical research is not enough or ill-suited.

Facts and opinions shouldn't be put in opposition to each other, as they can both play a necessary role in our decision-making. But that's just my opinion, not a fact.

48. The writer mentions Asimov's article in Paragraph 2 to show _____.
- A. different opinions result in heated arguments
B. repeating facts can make others agree with us
C. what we take as facts may turn out to be wrong
D. it is difficult to predict how facts change over time
49. The word "**informed**" in Paragraph 5 probably means "_____".
- A. influenced B. questioned C. replaced D. proved
50. The writer probably agrees that _____.
- A. opinions are more important than facts
B. facts and opinions are not against each other
C. opinions can be the results of wishful thinking
D. facts play an important role in scientific research

第三部分

本部分共 6 题，共 20 分。根据题目要求，完成相应任务。

七、阅读表达（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

Science shows that there is a right way to build habits that last. Here are some tips to make exercise one of them.

Start small

A goal of exercising for 30 minutes a day, 5 times a week may sound good. But how likely are you to follow through? The bigger your goal is, the more likely you are to fail and give up. It's better to start with easy exercise goals you know you can achieve because you'll build self-confidence when you meet them. Then you can move on to bigger goals.

Use triggers

Triggers are simply reminders — activities, places, or objects — that kick off an automatic (自动的) reaction. They help you start exercising without thinking or making decisions. For example, the alarm clock goes off and you're out of the door for your walk. You spot your sports shoes right by the bed and you're up and running. Find ways to build triggers into your day to make exercise a no-brainer.

Reward (奖励) yourself

People who often exercise tend to do so because of the rewards it brings to their lives, such as more energy, better sleep and a greater sense of happiness. However, these can be long-term rewards. When you're starting an exercise program, it's important to give yourself immediate rewards if you successfully complete a workout. Choose something you look forward to, but don't allow yourself to do it until after exercise. It can be something as simple as having a hot bath or a favorite cup of coffee.

Choose exercise that makes you feel happy and confident

If your workout is unpleasant or makes you feel bad or unhappy, you're unlikely to stick with it. Don't choose exercise like running or lifting weights at the gym just because you think that's what you should do. Instead, pick activities that fit your lifestyle, abilities and taste.

51. Why is it better to start with easy exercise goals?
52. How can triggers help us?
53. What is the important thing to do after we complete a workout?
54. Tom wants to keep exercising but considers running unpleasant. What do you advise him to do?
55. What is the passage mainly about?

八、文段表达（10分）

56. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于50词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，冬奥将至，你校将举办“一起向未来，共燃冬奥梦”主题活动。你们班的交换生 Peter 对此很感兴趣，给你发邮件询问相关信息。请用英语给他回复一封邮件，告诉他该主题活动的安排和意义。

提示词语：winter sports, speech, competition, encourage, proud

- 提示问题：
- What activities are you going to have?
 - Why do you have these activities?

Dear Peter,

I am very glad to know that you're interested in the activities we are going to have. _____

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

“青春需早为，岂能长少年。”世间有很多美好的东西，如生命、健康、时间、亲情、友情……，需要我们珍惜。

某英文网站正在开展以“珍惜”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华，请用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈你最珍惜什么，为什么最珍惜它，以及你在日常生活中是怎么做的。

提示词语：friendship, health, warm, meaningful, respect

- 提示问题：
- What do you value most in your life? Why?
 - How do you value it in your daily life?

There are many things we should value in our life. _____

2022 北京海淀初三（上）期末英语

参考答案

2022.01

第一部分

一、听后选择（每题 1.5 分，共 12 分）

- | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| 1. A | 2. B | 3. C | 4. B |
| 5. C | 6. C | 7. A | 8. B |

二、听后回答（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

9. To the space museum.
10. He acted in a play.
11. Tom's mum. /The boy's mum.
12. Twenty yuan. /20 yuan.
13. Travelling. /Traveling.

三、听后记录并转写（每节 5 分，共 10 分）

第一节：记录关键信息（每题 1 分，共 5 分）

14. nature 15. collect 16. welcome 17. outdoor 18. bike

第二节：转写（5 分）

19. （略）见听力材料

第二部分

四、单项填空（每题 1 分，共 10 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 20. C | 21. A | 22. B | 23. B | 24. C |
| 25. D | 26. D | 27. A | 28. D | 29. A |

五、完形填空（每题 1.5 分，共 12 分）

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 30. C | 31. A | 32. B | 33. D |
| 34. C | 35. D | 36. B | 37. A |

六、阅读短文，选择最佳选项。（每题 2 分，共 26 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 38. A | 39. D | 40. D | 41. B | 42. B |
| 43. C | 44. C | 45. D | 46. A | 47. D |
| 48. C | 49. A | 50. B | | |

第三部分

七、阅读短文，回答问题。（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

51. Because we'll build self-confidence when we meet them. / Because the bigger our goal is, the more likely we are to fail and give up.
52. They can help us start exercising without thinking or making decisions. /They can kick off an automatic reaction. /They can make exercise a no-brainer.
53. We should give ourselves immediate rewards. /To give ourselves immediate rewards.
54. I advise him to choose exercise that makes him feel happy and confident. /I advise him to pick activities that fit his lifestyle, abilities and taste.

55. Some tips to make exercise a habit. /How we can make exercise a habit.

八、文段表达（10分）

56. 题目 1

Dear Peter,

I am very glad to know that you're interested in the activities we are going to have. We are going to have a competition on the facts about the Winter Olympics this Friday. It will be great fun. After the competition, we can experience skiing on the playground! Isn't it amazing? What's more, we are going to give speeches on the benefits of winter sports next Monday and we will make some posters about our favourite winter sports.

These activities are very meaningful. They not only let us know more about winter sports but also encourage us to take part in them. And we will surely feel proud to be the host of this Winter Olympics.

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目 2

There are many things we should value in our life. I value time the most because it's easy to simply let it pass. It is like a secret friend whose company is sometimes unnoticed. And we can't make up for the lost time.

As soon as I realize that time is priceless, I begin to value every second in life. To begin with, I make daily schedules and stick to them so that my time is well spent. Besides, I manage to spend time on worthy things, such as studying or being with my family and friends. I believe this is how time should be spent.

To live life to the fullest, let's all learn to value time.

附：

听力录音材料

一、听后选择

听对话或独白，根据对话或独白的内容，从下列各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

M: Hi, Anna. Would you like to hang out with me after school?

W: I'd love to. But I can't, Alex.

M: Why not? It's Friday today.

W: My parents don't allow me to hang out on weekdays. I must be home by 5:00 pm.

M: Then what about weekends?

W: Well, I have to ask my parents first. They are very strict with me.

M: I guess every family has rules.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

M: What are you doing, Jenny?

W: I'm drawing a car, a car in 2050.

M: What will your car be like?

W: Well, it will look like our shoes. You could even put it in the shoe box.

M: But how will you drive such a small car?

W: I won't drive it. It will go by itself. I just need to "wear" it.

M: What makes the car go then? Gas or electricity?

W: In fact, it will get power from sunshine. It'll be computer-controlled, too.

M: Can you call it a car? It's a pair of shoes.

W: Good idea. I can call it carshoe.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

M: Mum, I don't know what to do. I start studying but I always end up doing something else.

W: Well, you need to stay away from all the things that stop you from studying.

M: What do you mean?

W: For example, turn off your music. Music doesn't help you study. And lock the dog outside!

M: OK, no music. But why should I lock Coco outside?

W: Well, every time it goes into your room, you stop studying.

M: OK. Bye, Coco!

W: Most importantly, turn off your phone! If you turn it off, it's easier to focus on your study. You can read your messages later.

M: OK, but can I keep my computer? I need it to search for information.

W: Sure.

M: Thanks, Mum!

请听一段独白，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

As a scientist, I think it is very valuable for students to perform science projects. Firstly, science projects are a great way to get students out of textbooks and into real life. They learn to solve real-world problems. Secondly, science projects give students a chance to practice different skills. For example, they can practice public speaking when sharing their final product with others. They learn how to organize time, too. Thirdly, students are taught the steps of the scientific method from an early age. However, a science project makes students finally use the scientific method. That's the most valuable for students in learning science, for it helps them to become critical thinkers.

二、听后回答

请听下面的对话，根据对话内容回答问题。每段对话你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 9 小题。

W: Hi, David! Kate and I are going to the space museum tomorrow morning. Would you like to go with us?

M: Sure, I'd love to. When shall we meet?

W: What about 9 am at the gate of the museum?

M: No problem! See you then!

请听一段对话，完成第 10 小题。

W: Sam, I heard that you had a talent show last week?

M: Yes, we did. And it was wonderful.

W: Did you take part in it?

M: Yes. I acted in a play.

请听一段对话，完成第 11 小题。

W: Hi, Tom. What would you like to do today?

M: Hi, Lisa. How about going to the cinema? There's a new movie on.

W: That will be great! How can we get there?

M: My mum can drive us there, so we don't have to take the bus.

请听一段对话，完成第 12 小题。

W: Excuse me. Have you got this month's *Music for Teens*?

M: Yes, I think so. Here it is.

W: Great! How much is it, please?

M: It's twenty yuan.

请听一段对话，完成第 13 小题。

W: Mark, what beautiful postcards you have! Where did you get them?

M: I bought them in Yunnan last year.

W: Have you been to a lot of places?

M: Yes. I will travel to a new place whenever I am free. And I enjoy myself a lot.

三、听后记录并转写

第一节：记录关键信息

请听一段独白，根据所听到的内容和提示信息，将所缺的关键信息填写在答题纸相应的位置上。每空仅填写一个词。本段独白你将听两遍。

Hello, I'm Chris. We've spent the whole winter indoors. Spring season is the first chance of the year to get outdoors. Here are the best spring season activities for families.

Firstly, connect with **nature**. Feel the earth in between your fingers as you plant a garden. You can also take a walk in the countryside, and **collect** leaves or rocks for fun. You may never know what will happen and it may turn out to be an adventure.

Secondly, help the birds. You can use your hard hats to build a birdhouse. It's a special way to **welcome** the birds back from the south. You can also create a bird feeder. Perhaps more birds will come to your neighborhood.

Finally, do **outdoor** exercise. You can fly a kite in the park. It will also be fun to have a **bike** ride along the riverside with your family.

第二节：转写

请再听一遍独白，转写你所听到的主要内容。

关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承 “精益求精、专业严谨” 的建设理念，不断探索 “K12 教育+互联网+大数据” 的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供 “衔接和桥梁纽带” 作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。



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