

2023 北京六十六中高一（上）期中

英 语

试卷说明：

1. 本试卷共八道大题，共 10 页。
2. 卷面满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
3. 试题答案一律在答题纸上作答，在试卷上作答无效。

一、听力理解部分(共 3 节)

第一节(每小题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话，每段对话后有一道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话后，你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

1. What does the man want to borrow?
A. A pencil. B. An eraser. C. A pen.
2. What is the woman doing now?
A. Eating. B. Going home. C. Having group study.
3. What does the man have for earthquake preparation?
A. A candle. B. A radio. C. A flashlight.
4. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In a bank. B. In a hotel. C. In a store.
5. Where will the man go for his holiday?
A. Brazil. B. Denmark. C. Greece.

第二节(每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，听每段对话或独白前你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读每小题，听完后每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间，每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. When does the supermarket close on Sundays?
A. At 5:00 pm. B. At 7:00 pm. C. At 8:00 pm.
7. What have the two speakers decided to do now?
A. Go shopping. B. Take a walk. C. Have dinner.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 9 题

8. Why does the man make the call?
A. To make a booking. B. To make a suggestion. C. To make an appointment.
9. When will the man return from London?
A. On March 10th. B. On March 12th. C. On March 22nd.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is the possible relationship between the two speakers?
A. Headmaster and teacher. B. Manager and customer. C. Boss and clerk.
11. On which of the following days will the woman work?
A. Wednesday. B. Saturday. C. Sunday.
12. How often will the woman have on-the-job training?
A. Once a week. B. Once a month. C. Once a year.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 15 题

13. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
A. Course materials. B. After-school activities. C. Changes in the timetable.
14. What will the first class be today?
A. English. B. History. C. Art.
15. Which group will meet on Friday?
A. The debating group. B. The handball group. C. The music group.

第三节(每个单词 1.5 分，共 7.5 分)

听下面一段对话，完成第 16 至 20 五道小题，每小题仅填写一个词。听对话前你将有 20 秒钟的时间阅读试题。听完后，你将有 60 秒钟的作答时间。这段对话你将听两遍。

Customer Service Form	
Room Number	__16__
Name	George __17__
Phone Number	61-293-312097
Event	Booking a (n) __18__ Leaving: 1:20 pm from the hotel to the MQ __19__ Returning: 8:00 pm waiting __20__ the MQ Tower and then back to hotel

二、完形填空(每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

Service Area Sweets

This past holiday season, I drove with my parents to Boston to visit my distant cousin. On my way back home, we stopped at a service area for food. As we stopped there, there was this old lady who was busy ____1____ all the tables and chairs as people were leaving, making sure everything was ____2____ and clean. I just thought of gifting her with five dollars and a chocolate in my pocket. I wrote on a paper napkin(纸巾) “Thank you and Merry Xmas.”

I had wanted to leave it there for her but decided to walk up to her and give her.

She asked me, “Is it a gift? Only then will I take it.”

I nodded, “Yes,” and ____3____ at her.

“Thank you,” she replied, and I left to buy some ____4____ from the store inside. On my way back to the car, the woman stopped me.

“I made a lot of cookies and candies on Christmas for people,” she explained. “Would you like to have some?”

A bit taken aback, I replied. "Yes."

She asked me to ____5____, and came back carrying a four-inch plate filled with different cookies and chocolates! My first expression was a big smile.

"That's a lot," I said, a bit surprised.

She smiled and told me that she made eighty to ninety of these plates every year, to ____6____ to friends and others.

I had no words or thoughts in my brain. Finally, I asked if I could hug her. We hugged, wishing each other a happy and healthy holiday season. Then, as we ____7____ I felt as if I had met a new friend with whom I ____8____ the gift of a smile and some happiness.

There is a(n) depth to the joy of giving and receiving. From either ____9____ both the giver and receiver are always ____10____.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. lending | B. cleaning | C. fixing | D. painting |
| 2. A. neat | B. quiet | C. simple | D. free |
| 3. A. shouted | B. smiled | C. waved | D. stared |
| 4. A. food | B. oil | C. paper | D. cloth |
| 5. A. wait | B. eat | C. choose | D. pay |
| 6. A. return | B. gift | C. sell | D. show |
| 7. A. concluded | B. communicated | C. realized | D. parted |
| 8. A. exchanged | B. shared | C. compared | D. presented |
| 9. A. level | B. end | C. step | D. point |
| 10. A. generous | B. caring | C. thoughtful | D. happy |

三、阅读理解(每小题 2 分, 共 28 分)

A

Join the Reverse (反向的) Book Club

This is a book club with a difference — you pay the money and someone else gets the books! You just share your love of reading. When you join the Reverse Book Club by setting up a monthly gift, we'll send carefully chosen new books to people who need them most every month.

How does the Reverse Book Club work?

The Reverse Book Club allows book lovers to support people around the world who cannot get their hands on books. As it costs around £2 to choose pack and ship each book, a monthly donation (捐款) of £6 helps send three books every month. We ship books to over 25 countries. We have strong relationships with the UK publishing (出版) industry, so all of our books are donated free of charge (免费).

What will you receive in return?

You won't receive any books! But if you like, we will send you newsletters with stories of the people who use the books you help to send.

What types of books are sent?

We only send new, up-to-date and valuable books. Over half are children's books to help children discover the pleasure of reading. We also send pleasure-reading books for all ages, higher education books and medicine and healthcare texts.

The difference your support makes

A lot of people live in a world without books. We believe that what you do can help them get books and encourage a lifelong love of reading.

11. What can you do after joining the Reverse Book Club?

- A. Learn to write books.
- B. Help others get new books.
- C. Borrow a book every month.
- D. Buy used books at a low price.

12. How much will it cost if you want to send 4 books?

- A. £2.
- B. £6.
- C. £8.
- D. £25.

13. What books are sent the most at the Reverse Book Club?

- A. Children's books.
- B. Pleasure-reading books.
- C. Higher education books.
- D. Medicine and healthcare texts.

B

I was diagnosed with throat cancer (被诊断为喉癌) and met with the doctor.

"You'll probably need a feeding tube (管子). Most people lose weight during treatment. You only weigh 145 pounds. It's dangerous if you drop below 130 pounds during treatment."

I said, "You can't imagine how much I'll hate a feeding tube. I'll make myself eat."

The doctor replied, "But when you have second-degree radiation burns inside your esophagus (食道), you won't be able to make yourself eat. How old are you, 64? Your blood pressure's 82/60, and your heart rate is 52. Those numbers are great for any age."

His assistant (助手) Jana said, "I believe you run. How long have you been running?"

"All my life. Rain or snow, hot or cold, I ran. I ran when it hurt and when it didn't."

"I'll make myself eat. How bad can it be? I can stand anything for five minutes," I told the doctor.

Three weeks later, I could hardly walk. I missed running, but the treatment took away my strength.

Two months later, the doctor said, "The treatment went really well. It was easy for you because you're a runner. You started treatment in great condition, and you have a high level of pain tolerance (忍耐力). This treatment is harder on most people."

Jana checked my weight after the last treatment. "138 pounds. I remember you run. Good for you," she said.

I said, "I can run, can't I?"

"Whenever you're ready."

I promised myself I'd be running in two months, but it didn't work out the way I wanted. I walked my first mile a month after the last treatment and added a 10th of a mile every day after that. Three months after treatment, I ran three miles without stopping. At mile two, I realized I was going to finish and started to cry. It was a dusty day, and there was dust on my face. I walked in the house. My wife took one look at me and shouted, "Are you okay? I'll call for a doctor."

"I'm fine. I ran the whole three miles. I never thought I'd be able to do that again."

14. How did the author respond when the doctor suggested a feeding tube?

- A. He refused to use it.
- B. He found it a bit dangerous.
- C. He doubted it would be helpful to him.

D. He said it was unacceptable to old people.

15. What can we learn about the author before he was diagnosed with cancer?

A. He took up running to lose weight.

B. He kept running whatever happened.

C. He decided to run every day although he hated it.

D. He found it difficult to keep running as he aged.

16. What did the doctor say about the author's treatment?

A. It was very successful.

B. It brought him little pain.

C. It was rather hard on him.

D. It took more time than expected.

17. Why did the author begin to cry as he was running?

A. He realized it was impossible for him to run fast.

B. He got badly injured and experienced great pain.

C. He was certain that he would lead the race.

D. He was excited that he could run like before.

C

Senior citizens with healthy and active lifestyles are a great inspiration for younger people. They show that life doesn't end when you reach your 30s and above. You may age, but that is not enough reason to stop doing what you love unless you're having health problems. Age really is just a number.

Physical activities like sports are a hobby that many young people enjoy. Most of them however believe that it will become difficult once they reach senior age. However, Lee Minor can disprove (证明……为误) that, as he is still an active runner, even at age 85. The man from Missouri loves running so much that he recently finished his 600th race. To make the moment even more special, he ran the race on his 85th birthday. Lee Minor has been running races since 1969 — he hasn't stopped since then.

In his interview with Good Morning America, the 85-year-old mentioned the reasons why he loves running. "I'm a retired psychologist (心理学家), and I worked alone. I traveled a great deal, and having a chance to run with my family was so exciting to me. I often miss them," Lee said. In race number 603, he was joined by 32 members of his family. Running became their tradition passed down to different generations.

Perhaps his desire to stay with his family kept him going. That love was clearly seen as he showed pictures of them during the interview. From his wife to his great-grandchildren, everyone had already taken part in a race.

He shared life advice with the younger people. "I hope you will never make negative self-comparisons to other people, like, 'Why can't I have the hair they have? Why can't I run as fast as they do?' Also, be careful about what you tell yourself that you can't do. We often just limit (限制) our possibilities," Lee Minor advised.

18. How do active senior citizens inspire younger people?

A. By showing that age doesn't stop people from living life to the fullest.

B. By stressing the importance of keeping active at an early age.

C. By explaining that a person can't turn back the clock.

D. By sharing many healthy lifestyles for all ages.

19. What does the underlined word "it" in paragraph 2 refer to?

A. Winning a race.

B. Starting a hobby.

C. Doing physical activities.

D. Celebrating a special birthday.

20. What is Lee's expectation of younger people?

A. They shouldn't overly care about their appearances.

B. They should pay less attention to the result.

C. They should be a bit harder on themselves.

D. They shouldn't put limits on themselves.

D

A new artificial intelligence (AI) tool called ChatGPT has excited the Internet community with its superhuman abilities to solve math problems, produce college articles and write research papers. Some educators are warning that such AI systems will change the world of learning, teaching, and research, for better or worse.

Ethan Mollick, a professor at the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School of Business, sees its benefits as a learning partner. He has used it as his own teacher's assistant, for help with preparing a lecture and grading instructions for MBA students. "You can ask it to find a mistake in your writing and correct it and tell you why you got it wrong," he said. "It's really amazing."

But the superhuman assistant has its limitations (局限). ChatGPT was created by humans, after all. OpenAI has trained the tool using a large dataset of real human conversations. It sometimes lies to you, with confidence. There have been situations in which ChatGPT won't tell you when it doesn't have the answer.

That's what Teresa Kubacka, a data scientist based in Zurich, Switzerland, found when she experimented with the language model. "I asked it about something that I thought that I know doesn't exist (存在) so that I can judge whether it actually also has the idea of what exists and what doesn't exist," she said. ChatGPT produced an answer so specific sounding, backed with citations (引文), that Kubacka had to find out whether the made-up thing was actually real. "This is where it becomes kind of dangerous," she said.

ChatGPT doesn't produce good science, says Oren Etzioni, the founding CEO of the Allen Institute for AI. But he sees ChatGPT's appearance as a good thing. He sees this as a moment for review. "ChatGPT is just a few days old, I like to say," said Etzioni. "It's giving us a chance to understand what he can and cannot do and to begin the conversation of 'What are we going to do about it?'"

21. How did Ethan Mollick feel about ChatGPT?

A. It could be used in many different fields.

B. It was popular with university students.

C. It would replace teachers' assistants.

D. It was advantageous to him.

22. What did Teresa Kubacka's experiment with ChatGPT find?

A. The AI tool is not dependable sometimes.

B. The AI tool always gives wrong answers.

C. The AI tool does not always answer questions.

D. The AI tool gives dangerous guidance sometimes.

23. What does Oren Etzioni mean by saying those words in the last paragraph?

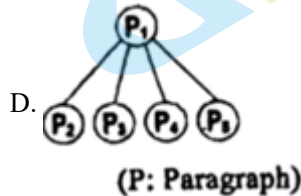
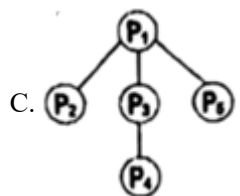
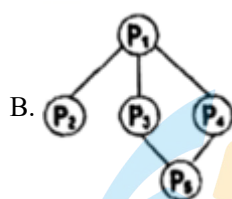
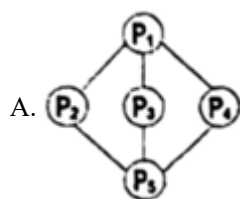
A. It is too early to discuss ChatGPT's limitations.

B. ChatGPT is open for review and suggestions.

C. ChatGPT is worth praising for its superhuman abilities.

D. It takes time to see whether ChatGPT works well or not.

24. Which of the following shows the organization of the text?



四、阅读表达(第 1, 2 小题 2 分;第 3 小题 3 分;第 4 小题 5 分, 共 12 分)

阅读表达

Traci Ruble, a psychotherapist (心理治疗师), felt worried that people today were experiencing loneliness and a shortage of personal connections. She understood that with busy lives and challenging jobs, people were unable to make these connections.

So on a spring day in 2015, Ruble and a small number of volunteers set up chairs on sidewalks in 12 locations around San Francisco, California and invited people passing by to sit for a few minutes and chat. This was the beginning of Sidewalk Talk, an organization whose mission is to create public spaces of connections where the people are.

Today, the organization has more than 4,000 volunteers in 40 cities. Around 25 percent of the volunteers are licensed therapists (持证治疗师). They come from different backgrounds and are a mixed group. Volunteers receive training from the organization.

Listening activities are held several times a month along with other organizations. In San Francisco, Sidewalk Talk partners with Lava Mae, a nongovernmental organization (NGO) that brings mobile showers to homeless people.

Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to speak and be listened to but it is not therapy, according to Ruble. "I'm not interacting as a therapist out there. I'm not there to solve someone's problems," she said. "I'm there to practice being human."

Ruble stressed that therapy is one-sided and that therapists are taught to avoid self-disclosure (自我表露) but by "being human" she could carry out interactions by sharing her own life and showing empathy (同感) with the people she talks with.

According to a report, 31 percent of all Americans experience serious loneliness, including 61 percent of young adults. To fix that, rebuilding community relationships is very important. While listening activities will not solve the loneliness problem, these chats could help someone have a brighter day. Knowing that there are empathetic people who are willing to fully listen and share your feelings could make all the difference to a lonely person.

25. What is Traci Ruble's worry about people nowadays?

26. Why was Sidewalk Talk set up?

27. Please decide which part is false in the following statement, then underline it and explain why.

► *In Ruble's opinion, Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to talk with therapists who can give them special treatment and solve their problems.*

28. In addition to rebuilding community relationships, what do you think are some other ways to solve the loneliness problem? (*About 40 words*)

五、语法填空(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

29. My new school life was very _____ (excite) and I fitted in soon after. (所给词的适当形式填空)
30. _____ (previous), we had fixed classrooms where students all sat in rows. (所给词的适当形式填空)
31. During my high school, I developed competence in a variety of new _____ (skill). (所给词的适当形式填空)
32. What made him feel _____ (satisfy) was that his students became more confident about learning English. (所给词的适当形式填空)
33. Encouraged by his parents, he _____ (sign) up for the half marathon next month. (所给词的适当形式填空)
34. When I set out to do something, I try _____ (I) best to achieve it. (所给词的适当形式填空)
35. It's important _____ (meet) friends in person from time to time, not just on social media. (所给词的适当形式填空)
36. Bogus was only 1.6 meters tall, which made him _____ shortest player ever in the NBA. (用适当的词填空)
37. Tom was the guy _____ worked really hard for our school team. (用适当的词填空)
38. It seemed ages _____ I found out the truth about the accident. (用适当的词填空)

六、用方框中所给的词或词组的正确形式填空(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

用方框中所给的词或词组的正确形式填空

apply	get ahead	be fed up with	gather around	a variety of
regular	in particular	recover from	to be frank	look forward

39. For anyone who wants to join our school basketball team, you have to send your _____ before the end of the month.
40. Taking part in physical activities _____ can help improve mental health.
41. When parents are sleepy for a nap, they _____ the noises made by their kids.
42. The tour guide asked the tourists to _____ and get ready to board the bus.
43. Kevin likes many basketball players, Michael Jordan _____.
44. _____ there is no free lunch in the world.
45. It takes many years _____ the death of a loved one.
46. If you want to _____ in your study, you should develop good study habits and work hard.
47. We are _____ meeting our head teacher in the senior secondary school.
48. The store offers _____ products for customers to choose from.

七、翻译句子(共 6 小题;1-3 小题每题 2 分;4-6 小题每题 3 分, 共 15 分)

49. 他的成功是由于他的勇敢。(due to) (汉译英)

50. 粗心的司机应该对这次事故负责。(be responsible for) (汉译英)

51. Anna 大学毕业后, 在当地一家医院当了护士。(graduate from) (汉译英)

52. 周末 James 宁愿在家打羽毛球也不愿看电视。(prefer to...rather than)(汉译英)

53. 我奶奶在睡觉前总是确保所有的灯都关了。(make sure)(汉译英)

54. 我在回家的路上看到一位女士, 我认为她可能是你的英语老师。(定语从句)(汉译英)

八、书面表达(共 15 分)

55. 假如你是红星中学高一学生李华。Teens 杂志开展有关健康生活的调查问卷, 希望你能介绍一下在日常生活中是如何运动健身的, 内容包括:

1. 运动名称、频率及其益处;

2. 饮食习惯;

3.

注意:

1. 开头已给出(不计入字数)

2. 字数不少于 60。

As a high school student, I often feel stressed due to my schoolwork. To keep fit.

参考答案

二、完形填空(每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

【答案】1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. B 7. D 8. A 9. B 10. D

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述在过去的假期里,作者和父母一起开车去波士顿看望作者的表弟,在服务区 and 一位服务员互换了礼物,深深地了解了给予和接受的乐趣。

【1 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意:当我们停在那里时,有一位老太太正忙着在人们离开时打扫所有的桌子和椅子,确保每件东西都干净整洁。A. lending 借; B. cleaning 打扫; C. fixing 安装; D. painting 绘画。根据“all the tables and chairs as people were leaving,”可知,当人们离开的时候她开始清扫桌子和椅子。故选 B。

【2 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意:当我们停在那里时,有一位老太太正忙着在人们离开时打扫所有的桌子和椅子,确保每件东西都干净整洁。A. neat 整洁的; B. quiet 安静的; C. simple 简单的; D. free 自由的。根据“and clean.”可知,老太太想确保所有东西都是干净整洁的。故选 A。

【3 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意:我点点头,“是的。”然后对她微笑。A. shouted 喊叫; B. smiled 微笑; C. waved 晃动; D. stared 凝视。根据“My first expression was a big smile.”可知,作者对老太太笑了笑。故选 B。

【4 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意:“谢谢你,”她回答,然后我离开去里面的商店买了一些食物。A. food 食物; B. oil 油; C. paper 纸; D. cloth 布。根据“from the store inside.”可知,从商店肯定是买一些食物。故选 A。

【5 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意:她让我等一下,然后拿着一个四英寸的盘子回来,里面装满了不同的饼干和巧克力! A. wait 等待; B. eat 吃; C. choose 选择; D. pay 支付。根据“and came back carrying a four-inch plate filled with different cookies and chocolates!”可知,老太太回来时拿着一块四英寸的盘子,里面装满了不同的饼干,说明是让作者等着,她去拿饼干。故选 A。

【6 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意:她笑着告诉我,她每年做 80 到 90 个这样的盘子,作为礼物送给朋友和其他人。A. return 归还; B. gift 给某人礼物; C. sell 卖; D. show 展示。根据“I just thought of gifting her with five dollars and a chocolate in my pocket.”可知,作者只是想把口袋里的五美元和一个巧克力作为礼物给老太太,说明这里是老太太给作者礼物。故选 B。

【7 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意:然后,当我们分手时,我觉得我好像遇到了一位新朋友,我和她交换了一个微

笑和一些快乐。A. concluded 总结; B. communicated 交流; C. realized 意识到; D. parted 分开。根据 “I felt as if I had met a new friend with whom I ____ 8 ____ the gift of a smile and some happiness.” 可知, 两人分开时, 作者感觉好像遇到了一个新朋友。故选 D。

【8 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: 然后, 当我们分手时, 我觉得我好像遇到了一位新朋友, 我和她交换了一个微笑和一些快乐。A. exchanged 交换; B. shared 分享; C. compared 比较; D. presented 赠与。根据 “She asked me to ____ 5 ____, and came back carrying a four-inch plate filled with different cookies and chocolates!” 可知, 老太太回来时拿着一块四英寸的盘子, 里面装满了不同的饼干, 说明他们交换了礼物。故选 A。

【9 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意: 从任何一端, 给予者和接受者都是快乐的。A. level 水平; B. end 结束, 端点; C. step 步伐; D. point 点。from either end 从任何一端。根据 “both the giver and receiver are always ____ 10 ____.” 可知, 无论从哪一端, 给予者和接受者总是很高兴。故选 B。

【10 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 从任何一端, 给予者和接受者都是快乐的。A. generous 大方的; B. caring 关心的; C. thoughtful 考虑周到的; D. happy 高兴的。句意是根据 “There is a(n) depth to the joy of giving and receiving.” 可知, 无论是给予者还是接受者都很高兴。故选 D。

三、阅读理解(每小题 2 分, 共 28 分)

【答案】11. B 12. C 13. A

【导语】这是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了一个名叫 “Reverse Book Club” 的俱乐部, 这个俱乐部的书都是免费的, 你可以帮助别人得到新书。

【11 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段 “When you join the Reverse Book Club by setting up a monthly gift, we'll send carefully chosen new books to people who need them most every month.(当你通过每月捐赠的方式加入逆向读书俱乐部时, 我们每个月都会把精心挑选的新书送给最需要的人)” 可知, 加入逆向读书俱乐部后你能帮助别人得到新书。故选 B。

【12 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段 “As it costs around £2 to choose pack and ship each book, a monthly donation (捐款) of £6 helps send three books every month.(由于选择包装和运送每本书的成本约为 2 英镑, 每月捐赠 6 英镑可以帮助寄送 3 本书)” 可知, 如果你想寄 4 本书, 要 8 英镑。故选 C。

【13 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第二段 “Over half are children's books to help children discover the pleasure of reading.(超过一半是儿童读物, 帮助孩子们发现阅读的乐趣)” 可知, 儿童读物在逆向读书俱乐部被送得最多。故选 A。

【答案】14. A 15. B 16. A 17. D

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在被诊断为癌症之后, 仍然坚持跑步, 积极治疗癌症的

故事。

【14 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第二段 ““You’ll probably need a feeding tube(管子). Most people lose weight during treatment. You only weigh 145 pounds. It’s dangerous if you drop below 130 pounds during treatment.”(“你可能需要一个喂食管。大多数人在治疗期间体重减轻。你只有 145 磅重。如果在治疗期间体重下降到 130 磅以下, 那就很危险了。”)” 和第三段 “I said, “You can’t imagine how much I’ll hate a feeding tube. I’ll make myself eat.”(我说: “你无法想象我会有多讨厌喂食管。我要自己吃。”)” 可知, 当医生建议使用喂管时, 作者拒绝了。故选 A。

【15 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第六段 ““All my life. Rain or snow, hot or cold, I ran. I ran when it hurt and when it didn’t.”(“我的一生。下雨或下雪, 热或冷, 我都跑。不管疼不疼, 我都会跑。”)” 可知, 作者在诊断患癌后, 不管发生什么都会坚持跑步。故选 B。

【16 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章第九段 “Two months later, the doctor said, “The treatment went really well. It was easy for you because you’re a runner. You started treatment in great condition, and you have a high level of pain tolerance(忍耐力). This treatment is harder on most people.”(两个月后, 医生说: “治疗非常顺利。这对你来说很容易, 因为你是个跑步者。你开始治疗时状态很好, 而且你对疼痛有很高的忍耐力。这种治疗对大多数人来说更困难。”)” 可知, 医生认为作者的治疗是成功的。故选 A。

【17 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章倒数第二段 “I promised myself I’d be running in two months, but it didn’t work out the way I wanted. I walked my first mile a month after the last treatment and added a 10th of a mile every day after that. Three months after treatment, I ran three miles without stopping. At mile two, I realized I was going to finish and started to cry. It was a dusty day, and there was dust on my face. I walked in the house. My wife took one look at me and shouted, “Are you okay? I’ll call for a doctor.”(我向自己保证两个月后开始跑步, 但结果并没有如我所愿。在最后一次治疗后的一个月里, 我走了我的第一英里, 然后每天增加十分之一英里。治疗三个月后, 我连续跑了三英里。跑到两英里时, 我意识到我就要跑完全程了, 于是哭了起来。那是一个尘土飞扬的日子, 我的脸上满是灰尘。我走进屋子。我妻子看了我一眼, 喊道: “你还好吗? 我去请医生来。”)” 以及最后一段 ““I’m fine. I ran the whole three miles. I never thought I’d be able to do that again.”(我很好。我跑了整整三英里。我从没想过我还能再这么做一次。)” 可推测, 作者之所以哭, 是因为作者没有想到自己能像以前那样跑步。故选 D。

【答案】18. A 19. C 20. D

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文, 主要讲述了一位 85 岁的跑步爱好者 Lee Minor 仍然保持着积极的生活态度和健康的生活方式, 他喜欢跑步并在最近完成了他的第 600 场比赛。文章中提到了他的生活建议: 不要做负面的自我比较, 同时对于告诉自己不能做什么事情要谨慎。

【18 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段中 “Senior citizens with healthy and active lifestyles are a great inspiration for younger

people. They show that life doesn't end when you reach your 30s and above. You may age, but that is not enough reason to stop doing what you love unless you're having health problems. (拥有健康和积极生活方式的老年人对年轻人来说是一个很大的鼓舞。他们表明, 当你到了 30 岁以上的时候, 生活并没有结束。你可能会变老, 但这不足以成为你停止做你喜欢的事情的理由, 除非你有健康问题。)" 可知, 活跃的老年人用自己的生活来证明年龄并不能阻止人们尽情享受人生, 进而激励年轻人。故选 A 项。

【19 题详解】

词句猜测题。根据指代关系和划线词所在句 "Physical activities like sports are a hobby that many young people enjoy. Most of them however believe that it will become difficult once they reach senior age. (像体育运动这样的身体活动是许多年轻人喜欢的爱好。然而, 他们中的大多数人认为, 一旦他们进入老年, 这将变得困难。)" 可知, 指示代词 it 指代上文中的 "physical activities", 即进入老年后, 从事体育活动将变得困难。故选 C 项。

【20 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段中 Lee 的话 "Also, be careful about what you tell yourself that you can't do. We often just limit (限制) our possibilities, (此外, 要小心那些你告诉自己不能做的事情。我们经常限制自己的可能性)" 可知, Lee Minor 认为我们常告诉自己不能做什么, 这限制了我们的可能性。由此推知, Lee 希望年轻人不要给自己设限。故选 D 项。

【答案】21. D 22. A 23. B 24. B

【导语】本文是一篇议论文。文章讨论了新的人工智能工具 ChatGPT 的优点和局限性。

【21 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中 "Ethan Mollick, a professor at the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School of Business, sees its benefits as a learning partner. He has used it as his own teacher's assistant, for help with preparing a lecture and grading instructions for MBA students. (宾夕法尼亚大学沃顿商学院教授伊森·莫里克看到 ChatGPT 作为学习伙伴的好处。他把它当作自己的教学助手, 帮助他准备讲座并给 MBA 学生批改作业。)" 可知, ChatGPT 给 Ethan Mollick 的工作提供了很多帮助, 对他来说, ChatGPT 是有益的。故选 D 项。

【22 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第四段中 "It sometimes lies to you, with confidence. (它有时会自信地对你撒谎。)" 和第四段中 "That's what Teresa Kubacka, a data scientist based in Zurich, Switzerland, found when she experimented with the language model. 'I asked it about something that I thought that I know doesn't exist (存在) so that I can judge whether it actually also has the idea of what exists and what doesn't exist.' she said. ChatGPT produced an answer so specific sounding, backed with citations (引文), that Kubacka had to find out whether the made-up thing was actually real. (这也是瑞士苏黎世的数据科学家 Teresa Kubacka 在对语言模型进行实验时发现的。'我问它一些我认为我知道不存在的东西, 这样我就可以判断它是否真的知道什么存在, 什么不存在。' 她说。ChatGPT 给出了一个听起来非常具体的答案, 并附有引文, Kubacka 不得不弄清楚这个编造出来的东西是否真的存在。)" 可知, 对于一些不存在的东西, ChatGPT 会编造答案。由此推知, Teresa Kubacka 对 ChatGPT 的实验发现这个人工智能工具有时不可靠。故选 A 项。

【23 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段中 “ChatGPT doesn’t produce good science, says Oren Etzioni, the founding CEO of the Allen Institute for AI. But he sees ChatGPT’s appearance as a good thing. He sees this as a moment for review.(艾伦人工智能研究所的创始人兼首席执行官奥伦·埃齐奥尼表示, ChatGPT 不会产生好的科学成果。但他认为 ChatGPT 的出现是一件好事。他认为这是一个审查的时机。)” 和 ““ChatGPT is just a few days old, I like to say,” said Etzioni. “It’s giving us a chance to understand what he can and cannot do and to begin the conversation of ‘What are we going to do about it?’”(Etzioni 说: “我想说, ChatGPT 只有几天的历史。 “这让我们有机会了解他能做什么, 不能做什么, 并开始讨论 ‘我们该怎么办?’ ”) ”可知, Oren Etzioni 意识到 ChatGPT 存在的问题, 但他同时觉得 ChatGPT 的出现是一件好事。因为这给了我们审查 ChatGPT 的机会, 让我们更多地去了解它, 并讨论 “该怎么办”, 进而给出建议。故选 B 项。

【24 题详解】

推理判断题。文章第一段引入话题, 介绍 ChatGPT, 总领全文; 第二段用伊森·莫里克教授的观点来说明 ChatGPT 的优点; 第三、四段通过引用观点和实验说明 ChatGPT 的局限性, 与第二段是并列关系; 第五段承接第三、四段, 说明虽然 ChatGPT 存在问题, 但这是一件好事, 让我们更多地去了解它, 是在第三、四段基础上的一个总结。由此推知, B 项展示了本文结构。故选 B 项。

四、阅读表达(第 1, 2 小题 2 分;第 3 小题 3 分;第 4 小题 5 分, 共 12 分)

【答案】25. People were experiencing loneliness and a shortage of personal connections.

26. To create public spaces of connections where the people gather.

27. In Ruble’s opinion, Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to talk with therapists who can give them special treatment and solve their problems.

The reason is that while Sidewalk Talk may give people a chance to talk, Ruble says it is not therapy and she is not there to solve someone’s problems. Volunteers are there to practice being human and to listen and empathize with those they talk with, not to provide special treatment.

28. To solve the loneliness problem, we can establish more social groups and activities to encourage people to interact and communicate with each other. This can help people feel more connected and reduce their sense of isolation.

【导语】本文为一篇报道。文章主要报道了一名心理治疗师建立了一个名为 “Sidewalk Talk” 的组织, 该组织在人们聚集的地方创造公共空间, 从而给人们提供了一个说话和被倾听的机会。

【25 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第一段 “Traci Ruble, a psychotherapist(心理治疗师), felt worried that people today were experiencing loneliness and a shortage of personal connections. She understood that with busy lives and challenging jobs, people were unable to make these connections.(心理治疗师 Traci Ruble 担心, 今天的人们正在感到孤独, 缺乏人际关系。她明白, 忙碌的生活和富有挑战性的工作, 人们无法建立这些联系)” 可知, Traci Ruble 担心如今的人感到孤独, 缺乏人际关系。故答案为 People were experiencing loneliness and a shortage of personal connections.

【26 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第一段 “Traci Ruble, a psychotherapist(心理治疗师), felt worried that people today were experiencing loneliness and a shortage of personal connections. She understood that with busy lives and challenging jobs, people were unable to make these connections.(心理治疗师 Traci Ruble 担心, 今天的人们正在

感到孤独，缺乏人际关系。她明白，忙碌的生活和富有挑战性的工作，人们无法建立这些联系。) ”可知，现在的人们正在感到孤独，缺乏人际关系，忙碌的生活和富有挑战性的工作让人们无法建立这些联系。再根据文章第二段 “So on a spring day in 2015, Ruble and a small number of volunteers set up chairs on sidewalks in 12 locations around San Francisco, California and invited people passing by to sit for a few minutes and chat. This was the beginning of Sidewalk Talk, an organization whose mission is to create public spaces of connections where the people are.(因此，在 2015 年春天的一天，Ruble 和少数志愿者在加利福尼亚州旧金山周围的 12 个地点的人行道上放置了椅子，并邀请路过的人坐下来聊几分钟。这就是 “Sidewalk Talk” 的开始，这个组织的使命是在人们聚集的地方创造公共空间) ”，可知，Sidewalk Talk 的开创是为了创造公共空间，供人们聊天，从而解决人们感到孤独、缺乏人际关系的问题。故答案为 To create public spaces of connections where the people gather.

【27 题详解】

考查细节理解。根据文章第五段 “Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to speak and be listened to but it is not therapy, according to Ruble. “I’m not interacting as a therapist out there. I’m not there to solve someone’s problems,” she said. “I’m there to practice being human.”(Ruble 说，“Sidewalk Talk” 给人们提供了一个说话和被倾听的机会，但这不是治疗。“我不是在以治疗师的身份进行互动。我不是去解决别人的问题，我是来练习做人的。”她说。)” 以及第六段 “Ruble stressed that therapy is one-sided and that therapists are taught to avoid self-disclosure(自我表露)but by “being human” she could carry out interactions by sharing her own life and showing empathy(同感)with the people she talks with. (Ruble 强调，治疗是片面的，治疗师被教导要避免自我表露，但通过 “同为人”，她可以通过分享自己的生活和对她谈话的人表现出同情来进行互动。)” 可知，在 Ruble 看来，Sidewalk Talk 是为人们提供了一个机会让人们可以说话和被倾听，是一种互动而不是去解决问题。故答案为 In Ruble’s opinion, Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to talk with therapists who can give them special treatment and solve their problems. The reason is that while Sidewalk Talk may give people a chance to talk, Ruble says it is not therapy and she is not there to solve someone’s problems. Volunteers are there to practice being human and to listen and empathize with those they talk with, not to provide special treatment.

【28 题详解】

开放题。要求考生谈谈如何解决孤独问题，考生言之有理即可。参考答案为 To solve the loneliness problem, we can establish more social groups and activities to encourage people to interact and communicate with each other. This can help people feel more connected and reduce their sense of isolation.

五、语法填空(每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

29. 【答案】exciting

【详解】考查形容词。句意：我的新学校生活非常令人兴奋，我很快就适应了。-ing 形容词常修饰限定事或物，表示 “令人……的”，-ed 形容词常修饰限定人，表示 “感到……的”；分析句子可知，提示词在句中作表语，表明主语 new school life 的特征，用-ing 形容词 exciting，意 “令人兴奋的”。故填 exciting。

30. 【答案】Previously

【详解】考查副词。句意：以前，我们有固定的教室，学生们都坐成一排。句中用时间副词作状语。根据句意，故填 Previously。

31. 【答案】skills

【详解】考查名词的数。句意：在高中期间，我发展了各种新技能的能力。a variety of 各种各样的，后接可数名词的复数形式。根据句意，故填 skills。

32. 【答案】satisfied

【详解】考查形容词。句意：让他感到满意的是，他的学生对学习英语更有信心了。feel 后接形容词形式作表语。逻辑主语 him 指人，所以用-ed 形式形容词，表示“感到满意的”。根据句意，故填 satisfied。

33. 【答案】signed

【详解】考查时态。句意：在父母的鼓励下，他报名参加下个月的半程马拉松比赛。设空处为谓语，陈述过去事实，用一般过去时。根据句意，故填 signed。

34. 【答案】my

【详解】考查固定短语。句意：当我开始做某事时，我尽我最大的努力去实现它。表示“尽最大努力”短语为 try one's best, 呼应主语 I, 故填 my。

35. 【答案】to meet

【分析】

【详解】考查动词不定式。句意：经常和朋友见面是很重要的，而不仅仅是在社交媒体上。It's important to do sth. 做某事是重要的，固定句型，此处 it 作形式主语，真正的主语是动词不定式，所以空处需用动词不定式作主语。故填 to meet。

36. 【答案】the

【详解】考查冠词。句意：Bogus 身高只有 1.6 米，这使他成为 NBA 历史上最矮的球员。形容词最高级 shortest 需要用定冠词 the。根据句意，故填 the。

37. 【答案】who/that

【详解】考查定语从句。句意：汤姆是那个为我们校队努力工作的人。分析句子可知，此处为关系代词 who 或 that 引导的定语从句，先行词 the guy 在从句中作主语成分。故填 who/that。

38. 【答案】before

【详解】考查从属连词。句意：我似乎过了很久才弄清事故的真相。It seemed + 一段时间 + before + 主语 + 谓语，表示“过了很久才……”。根据句意，故填 before。

六、用方框中所给的词或词组的正确形式填空(每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

【答案】39. application

40. regularly

41. are fed up with

42. gather around

43. in particular

44. To be frank

45. to recover from

46. get ahead

47. looking forward to

48. a variety of

【39 题详解】

考查名词。句意：对于任何想加入我们学校篮球队的人，你必须在月底前递交申请。由句意可知，参加篮球队需要提交“申请”，所以此处选择 apply。空前是形容词性物主代词，所以空处填名词，即 application，作宾语，不可数。故填 application。

【40 题详解】

考查副词。句意：定期参加体育活动有助于改善心理健康。由句意可知，此处表示“定期”参加体育活动，所以选择 regular。分析句子成分，空处修饰动词短语 Taking part in，所以要用副词形式，即 regularly，作状语。故填 regularly。

【41 题详解】

考查时态和动词短语。句意：当父母困得睡午觉时，他们受够了孩子发出的噪音。分析句子成分，此空需要填谓语动词。由句意可知，父母睡觉时“厌烦”孩子们发出的噪音，所以选动词短语 be fed up with。由提示动词 are 可知，时态是一般现在时，描述一般性事实，主语是复数，所以填 are fed up with。故填 are fed up with。

【42 题详解】

考查不定式和动词短语。句意：导游让游客们聚集准备上车。根据空后提示“and get ready to board the bus”可知此处选动词短语 gather around，表示“聚集，围拢”。ask sb to do sth 表示“要求某人做某事”，所以空处填动词原形，即填 gather around。故填 gather around。

【43 题详解】

考查固定短语。句意：凯文喜欢很多篮球运动员，尤其是迈克尔·乔丹。由句意可知，乔丹是篮球运动员的其中一个，所以填 in particular，表示“特别，尤其”。故填 in particular。

【44 题详解】

考查固定短语。句意：坦率地说，世界上没有免费的午餐。分析句子成分，该空在句中作状语。由后文句意可知，“世界上没有免费午餐”是事实，所以选择短语 to be frank，空格置于句首，首字母要大写。故填 To be frank。

【45 题详解】

考查不定式和动词短语。句意：要用很多年才能从所爱的去世的悲痛中恢复过来。由句意可知，此处表示从失去爱人中“恢复”，所以选择动词短语 recover from。句型 It takes (sb) sometime to do sth 表示“花费某人多久做某事”，所以填不定式 to recover from。故填 to recover from。

【46 题详解】

考查动词短语和不定式。句意：如果你想在学业上取得成功，你应该养成良好的学习习惯并努力学习。由句意可知，学习“进步，获得成功”需要养成良好习惯并努力学习，所以选动词短语 get ahead。want to do sth 表示“想要做某事”，所以填 get ahead。故填 get ahead。

【47 题详解】

考查动词短语和时态。句意：我们期待着在高中见到我们的班主任。分析句子成分，该空在句中作谓语动

词，由句意可知，空处选择短语 look forward，“期待做某事”是 look forward to doing sth，空前是系动词 are，所以填 looking forward to，构成现在进行时。故填 looking forward to。

【48 题详解】

考查固定短语。句意：这家商店提供各种各样的产品供顾客选择。空后是可数名词复数 products，所以该空填短语 a variety of，表示“多种多样”。故填 a variety of。

七、翻译句子(共 6 小题;1-3 小题每题 2 分;4-6 小题每题 3 分，共 15 分)

49. 【答案】His success is due to his bravery.

【详解】考查短语和时态。陈述客观事实，用一般现在时。“成功”用名词 success，为不可数名词，在句中作主语，谓语动词用单数形式。“由于”用短语 due to。“勇敢”用名词 bravery，为不可数名词。根据句意，故翻译为 His success is due to his bravery.

50. 【答案】The careless driver should be responsible for this accident.

【详解】考查固定短语。主语“粗心的司机”译为 the careless driver。结合括号提示，谓语动词“应该对……负责”表达为情态动词+动词原形，即 should be responsible for。宾语“这次事故”译为 this accident，故答案为 The careless driver should be responsible for this accident.

51. 【答案】After Anna graduated from university, she worked as a nurse at a local hospital.

【详解】考查时态和固定短语。由句意可知，该句子描述的是过去发生的事情，所以时态用一般过去时。由括号提示词可知，“大学毕业”译为 graduate from university，“Anna 大学毕业后”在句中作状语，用连词 after 引导，即 After Anna graduated from university;“当了护士”表达为 work as a nurse，地点状语“在当地一家医院”可译为 at a local hospital，故答案为 After Anna graduated from university, she worked as a nurse at a local hospital.

52. 【答案】James prefers to play badminton at home rather than watch TV on weekends.

【详解】考查短语和时态。陈述客观事实，用一般现在时。“在周末”用短语 on weekends;“宁愿做某事，而不愿做某事”用短语 prefer to do sth....rather than do sth.;“在家”用短语 at home;“打羽毛球”用短语 play badminton;“看电视”用短语 watch TV。故翻译为 James prefers to play badminton at home rather than watch TV on weekends.

53. 【答案】My grandma always makes sure that all the lights are turned off before she goes to bed.

【详解】考查短语、时态、语态、时间状语从句和宾语从句。陈述习惯性发生的动作，用一般现在时。“我奶奶”翻译为 my grandma，在句中作主语;“确保”用短语 make sure，后接宾语从句。“所有的灯”翻译为 all the lights，作从句主语。“关掉”用短语 turn off，与从句主语之间为被动关系，所以用被动语态;“在……之前”用连词 before，引导时间状语从句;“睡觉”用短语 go to bed。根据句意，故翻译为 My grandma always makes sure that all the lights are turned off before she goes to bed.

54. 【答案】On my way home, I saw a lady who I thought might be your English teacher.

【详解】考查短语、时态和定语从句。陈述过去事情，用一般过去时。“在……路上”用短语 on one's way (to);“我看到一位女士”翻译为 I saw a lady, a lady 是先行词，在定语从句中作主语，所以用关系代词 who 引导;“我认为”翻译为 I thought;“可能”用情态动词 might，后接动词原形;“你的英语老

师”翻译为 your English teacher。根据句意，故翻译为 On my way home, I saw a lady who I thought might be your English teacher。

八、书面表达(共 15 分)

55. 【答案】As a high school student, I often feel stressed due to my schoolwork. To keep fit, I pay special attention to my physical exercise and diet.

I like to exercise regularly, and my favorite sport is running. I try to run for an hour every day, which not only helps me stay physically fit, but also relieves my stress and anxiety.

Regarding my diet, I try to eat a healthy and balanced diet. By eating healthily, I feel energetic and focused throughout the day.

In addition to regular exercise and a healthy diet, I also make sure to get enough sleep every night. I believe that sleep is essential for physical and mental health.

Overall, by exercising regularly, eating healthily and getting enough sleep, I feel healthier, more energetic and better able to handle the stress and demands of high school.

【导语】本篇书面表达属于英语中的短文写作。要求考生介绍一下自己在日常生活中是如何运动健身的。

【详解】1. 词汇积累

因为: due to → because of/owing to

保持健康: keep fit → stay healthy

关于: regarding → concerning/in regard to

除……之外: in addition to → besides

2. 句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句: Overall, by exercising regularly, eating healthily and getting enough sleep, I feel healthier, more energetic and better able to handle the stress and demands of high school.

拓展句: Overall, as I exercise regularly, eat healthily and get enough sleep, I feel healthier, more energetic and better able to handle the stress and demands of high school.

【点睛】【高分句型 1】I try to run for an hour every day, which not only helps me stay physically fit, but also relieves my stress and anxiety. (运用了 which 引导的定语从句)

【高分句型 2】I believe that sleep is essential for physical and mental health. (运用了 that 引导的宾语从句)

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