

高二英语

2024.01

本试卷共 12 页,共 100 分。考试时长 90 分钟。考生务必将答案写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。

第一部分 知识运用(共两节,30 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The incident happened one day in November. A stranger asked Sammy where his mother and father were, and he knew something was off. While the woman was 1 to him, she insisted that she knew his family. The woman indicated he should come with her, but young Sammy didn't follow.

He was understandably 2 the situation but out of it he came up with a plan. The youngster entered a store he regularly went to and 3 the cashier, Hannah Daniels. Thirty-year-old Hannah was behind the register and Sammy's 4 were something she would never forget.

He whispered to her, "Act like you're my mom. This lady is 5 me." Hannah remained calm, but she didn't take Sammy's words lightly.

Hannah immediately placed herself between the boy and the woman. The woman was standing just outside the store, so Hannah could shut the door and lock it 6 something terrible happened.

Sammy recalled the 7 moment and noted that he was trembling in the store. His dad had taught him about the 8 of strangers and the risk of kidnappings(拐骗). As a result, the youngster knew how to 9 to the woman.

When the boy's father, Sam Green later watched a video of the incident recorded from the store's security camera, he said he was moved to tears. He hopes their experience would 10 other moms and dads to educate their kids because it can make a significant difference.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. nice | B. unfamiliar | C. similar | D. polite |
| 2. A. worried about | B. insisted on | C. interested in | D. surprised at |
| 3. A. rejected | B. analyzed | C. caught | D. approached |
| 4. A. grades | B. jokes | C. words | D. hopes |

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 5. A. following | B. challenging | C. testing | D. teaching |
| 6. A. since | B. after | C. until | D. before |
| 7. A. exciting | B. frightening | C. satisfying | D. disappointing |
| 8. A. danger | B. love | C. voice | D. preference |
| 9. A. play | B. respond | C. talk | D. complain |
| 10. A. invite | B. allow | C. encourage | D. introduce |

第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下列短文,根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词,在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。请在答题卡指定区域作答。

A

What made my childhood truly special was our next-door neighbor, Mrs. Greene, who was a retired schoolteacher then. Every weekend, I would 1. *eager*) visit her. Sitting in her living room filled with books from floor to ceiling, and 12. (*listen*) to her tales were the best part of my week. The stories were her adventures during her younger days. I still remember the way her eyes 13. (*light*) up with every memory, the passion in her voice, and the life lessons. It was evident that her 14. (*each*) days might have ended, but her wisdom hadn't.

B

Buster Keaton, often overshadowed (使黯然失色) by the fame of Charlie Chaplin, was a comedic talent in his own right. Born in 1895, he entered show business at a young age and quickly became known for his unique brand of physical comedy. Films 15. (*produce*) by him are considered timeless classics. 16. what distinguishes (区别) him from other comedians is his ability of humor, a talent 17. depth is immeasurable. He was not just a performer; he was an artist whose works continue to influence modern comedy.

C

In the ever-evolving (不断进化的) landscape of modern education, the value of critical thinking skills cannot be overstated (过分强调). Generally 18. (*speak*), students today are expected to not only memorize facts but also think critically and apply their analyses in real-world 19. (*situation*). Schools now have made it mandatory (强制性的) to put problem-solving exercises in their courses. Many students, having been studying in these newer systems, have made significant improvements in their analytical abilities. This transition, given the strong emphasis on learning in the past, 20. (*represent*) a super change in educational methods.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,38分)

第一节(共14小题;每小题2分,共28分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Guide to “Clean & Green” Home Recycling

Welcome to the “Clean & Green” home recycling initiative(倡议)! Our goal is to assist households in reducing their environmental footprint by providing step-by-step instructions on effective recycling practices.

Understanding Recycling Types

Every city has its own recycling standards, but the followings are generally universal:

Plastics: These include bottles, containers, and other packaging materials. Always clean plastics before recycling to avoid pollution.

Paper: Newspapers, magazines, and cardboard are recyclable. However, soiled or wet paper should be discarded as regular waste.

Glass: Bottles and jars of all colors can be recycled. Ensure they are free of food waste.

Metals: Common recyclables are aluminum cans and tin foil(锡纸). Remove any food waste before disposal(处理).

Steps for Effective Home Recycling

Collection: Use separate bins for each type. Mark containers to avoid confusion(迷惑).

Preparation: As mentioned above, clean the items. This prevents waste and increases the recyclability of the materials.

Storage: Avoid overfilling recycling bins. Overpacked bins might lead to improper sorting at recycling facilities.

Drop-Off: If your city doesn't offer roadside pickup, locate your nearest recycling drop-off point.

Stay Informed: Recycling guidelines can change. Regularly check city websites for “Clean & Green” updates.

Recycling DOs and DON'Ts

DO encourage neighbors and friends to adopt recycling habits.

DON'T mix different types in one bin.

DO invest in composting if possible; it's another great way to reduce waste.

DON'T recycle dangerous or electronic waste with regular recyclables. Ask your city for proper disposal methods.

Benefits of Recycling:

Reduces landfill(垃圾填埋) waste.

Conserves natural resources and energy.

Prevents pollution by reducing the need for raw materials(原材料).

Supports public health by minimizing exposure to harmful things.

Join the "Clean & Green" initiative today and play your part in creating a bright future for the next generations!

21. Which of the following materials needs to be cleaned before recycling?

- A. Paper B. Plastics C. Metals D. Glass

22. According to the guide, what is the primary goal of the "Clean & Green" initiative?

- A. To sell recycling bins.
B. To encourage composting(堆肥).
C. To reduce households' environmental footprints.
D. To update recycling guidelines frequently.

23. Based on the guide, which of the following statements is right?

- A. Electronic waste can be recycled with regular recyclables.
B. You should mix different types in one bin to save space
C. It's important to stay updated on recycling guidelines.
D. Wet paper is preferred for recycling as it's easier to process

B

Ida Nelson was enjoying and relaxing in her bath when she heard the thunder of a small airplane circling the nearby airport. It was 11:30 at night in the Alaskan village of Igiugig, population 70, and, as she told the New York Times, "Anytime a plane flies over that late, you know something is wrong."

Nelson and her sister leaped out of the bath, ran to the window and saw the problem: The airport's runway lights were out. Nelson threw on some clothes, jumped into her ATV, and floored it to the airport where she found a local pilot trying to turn on the lights manually. "Normally, if you push the button 10 or 15 times, the lights will just light up." Not this time. Meanwhile, she and the pilot learned of the plane's urgent mission: It was a medevac(救护直升机), there to

transport a seriously ill local girl to the nearest hospital, 280 miles away in Anchorage.

Nelson had a plan. Driving her ATV to the end of the runway, she switched her headlights on for the plane to follow. Great idea, but it wasn't enough. More light was needed, so a neighbor called nearly every home in the village—32 of them. Within 20 minutes, 20 vehicles arrived at the airport, many of the drivers still in pajamas. Following the directions from the medevac pilot, the cars lined up on one side of the runway.

The medevac made its final approach and, guided by the headlights, landed safely. The young patient was loaded onto the aircraft, and the plane immediately took off again. Her illness was never publicly revealed, but she has since recovered and left the hospital.

In a world filled with uncertainty, the little community's positive activism is a big deal. Not so much for Nelson. As she told CNN, in Igiugig, coming together is "kind of a normal deal."

24. How did Ida Nelson tell something wrong happened?

- A. By observing the runway lights.
- B. By listening to the sound of the airplane.
- C. By knowing there was a young patient.
- D. Through the behavior of the local pilot.

25. What was Nelson's idea?

- A. To light up the runway.
- B. To help repair the lights.
- C. To call in more villagers.
- D. To turn on more runway lights.

26. What does the story intend to show?

- A. Love makes the world go around.
- B. A friend in need is a friend indeed
- C. Nothing is impossible to a willing heart.
- D. A small action can make a big difference.

C

In the modern age, social media platforms have emerged as powerful tools for communication, networking, and self-expression. With billions of active users worldwide, these platforms have profoundly influenced the human

interaction. Recent psychological studies have delved into understanding the influence of prolonged(长期的) social media usage on individual self-esteem(自尊) and identity formation.

Context and Prevalence(流行)

Social media platforms, including Weibo, WeChat Moments, Douyin, and Little Red Book, offer ways for individuals to project curated versions of their lives. While this can serve as a medium of affirmation, it also compares one's daily life against the specially edited highlights of others, which could potentially lead to feelings of failure and unsatisfactory.

Research Findings on Self-Esteem

A study conducted among adolescents aged 13-19 showed that extreme social media use correlates with lower self-esteem scores. Participants who spent over five hours daily on these platforms demonstrated significant tendencies towards self-devaluation(自我贬低) and negative self-perception(自体感受). The study believed that the constant exposure of idealized images and lives leads to an involuntary(不自主的) comparison, often placing the individual on the lesser end of the spectrum.

Implications for Identity Formation

For adolescents, a critical time of identity formation happens during the teenage years. Social media can often blur the lines(模糊界限) between personal identity and digital persona(面貌, 形象). A study tracked teenagers for five years and found that heavy social media users often experienced identity confusion. Their digital avatars, formed under societal pressures, sometimes overshadowed their real personalities, leading to internal conflicts and a confusion to real selfhood.

Possible Solutions and Future Research

While the negative influence of social media on mental well-being are evident, it's also essential to highlight its potential benefits. Platforms can help to add a sense of belonging, provide informational support, and serve as outlets for creative expression. Future research could explore potential interventions(介入, 干涉) to reduce the negative effects.

In conclusion, while social media offers a huge number of opportunities and ways for expression, it's important that teenagers approach it with awareness. The psychological landscape it shapes is hard to understand, and understanding its depths requires continued research, empathy(共鸣), and active measures.

27. What do we know about the study involving adolescents aged 13-19?
- A. It took five hours for participants to take part in the study
 - B. It suggested that we should not compare our lives with others
 - C. It caused self-devaluation and negative self-perception to participants.
 - D. It showed that too much social media use resulted in low self-esteem.
28. What does the term “digital avatars” refer to in paragraph 4?
- A. Social media algorithms(算法).
 - B. Digital marketing tools.
 - C. Online versions of individuals.
 - D. Digital assistants.
29. Why social media are especially bad for adolescents?
- A. They cause identity crises(危机) to them.
 - B. They lead to feelings of unsatisfactory.
 - C. They project version of their lives.
 - D. They overshadow their personalities.
30. How does the author feel about the effect of social media on users?
- A. Entirely negative.
 - B. Quite positive.
 - C. Mixed with caution.
 - D. Indifferent and neutral.

D

In the annals of human history, few subjects have generated as much excitement, debate, and guess as artificial intelligence (AI). This revolutionary technology, which enables machines to perform tasks that once required human intelligence, has the potential to transform every part of our society, from healthcare and finance to transportation and entertainment.

At its heart, AI is all about data. Massive amounts of data are fed into algorithms that learn from this data, allowing them to make predictions, recognize patterns, and even make decisions. This “machine learning” is the driving force behind many of the AI applications we see today, from virtual assistants like Siri and Alexa to more advanced systems like IBM’s Watson, which can analyze vast amounts of information to assist doctors in diagnosing diseases.

instance, AI can assist in early detection of diseases, predict patient outcomes, and even suggest treatment options. In finance, algorithms can predict stock market trends, and provide personalized financial advice. In transportation, self-driving cars equipped with AI systems promise to reduce accidents, ease traffic jams, and transform urban landscapes.

However, with great potential comes great responsibility. The rise of AI has caused debates about its ethical implications(道德含义). The machines are only as good as the data they are fed, and there's a growing concern about biases(偏见)being built into AI systems. For instance, facial recognition technologies, used in everything from unlocking phones to police monitoring cameras, have come under check for misidentifying individuals based on race or gender.

Moreover, the widespread adoption of AI could lead to significant job displacement. While new roles and industries might emerge as a result of AI, it is not sure that these will pay off the jobs lost. This could increase income inequalities and causes difficulties to social systems.

Another major concern is the "black box" nature of AI. Many AI systems operate in ways that even their creators don't fully understand. This can be problematic, especially in critical applications like healthcare or criminal justice where understanding the logic behind a decision is important.

Then there's the potential for AI to be weaponized. In the hands of evil actors, AI could be used to spread misinformation, control public opinion, or even engage in internet warfare. The global community must come together to set standards and regulations to prevent such misuse.

On the brighter side, many experts believe that by setting the right frameworks and investing in education and retraining, we can use the power of AI for the greater good. By fostering(促进) a culture of continuous learning and staying abreast(并排的, 并肩的) of technological advancements, society can benefit from the promise of AI while avoiding its potential dangers.

In conclusion, artificial intelligence stands as one of the most profound inventions of our time. While it offers vast opportunities, it also poses significant challenges that we, as a society, must welcome. As we stand at this technological crossroads, our choices will determine whether AI serves as a benefit or a harm for humanity.

31. Which of the following best describes the method by which machines acquire the capability to perform tasks that traditionally required human intelligence?
- A. By programming predefined rules.
 - B. Through user interactions every day.
 - C. By ingesting and processing vast amounts of data.
 - D. Via regular software updates from developers.
32. In the context of the article, how does the author primarily demonstrate the effect of artificial intelligence?
- A. By citing numerous statistical data.
 - B. By presenting both the positive potential and the challenges of AI.
 - C. Through personal experiences.
 - D. By focusing on the negative effects of AI.
33. Which of the following is the best title?
- A. The Rise of Virtual Assistants: Siri and Alexa
 - B. Understanding the Mechanisms Behind AI Algorithms
 - C. Artificial Intelligence: Charting the Course for Tomorrow's Tech
 - D. Balancing the Potential and challenges of AI in Modern Society
34. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. AI has already replaced most human jobs and is the leading cause of unemployment.
 - B. The global community has taken measures to prevent AI misuse.
 - C. The operation of many AI systems is easily understood by their creators.
 - D. The solving to the dilemma brought by AI needs collective efforts of our society.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2分,共10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

High school life, especially in the senior year, is a rollercoaster of emotions filled with challenges and pressures. The constant demand for academic excellence, combined with the expectations of college applications, and managing extracurricular(课外的) activities can lead even the best students to feel the weight of stress. However, it's not only possible but essential to find moments of joy and strategies to reduce the pressure efficiently.

Understanding the nature of stress is the primary step. Stress isn't just a state of mental unrest; it's a physiological response. 35 The body notices any form of demand, challenge, or threat and reacts by preparing for a "fight-or-flight"

response. This is an ancient survival process that equips us to deal with threats, whether they're a challenging exam or a physical danger.

Interestingly, not all stress is harmful. We often overlook the distinction of different stress. Acute(急性的) stress, in contrast to the chronic(长期的), can act as a force. It pushes us to our limits, motivates us to meet deadlines, and often results in that rewarding feeling of accomplishment.

However, long exposure to stress leads to chronic stress. This kind of stress, if left unchecked, can cause various health issues ranging from mental health problems like anxiety and depression to physical ailments like high blood pressure and even heart diseases.

To reduce the effects of stress, mindfulness and meditation have proven effective. Even on a busy day, sparing just a few moments to focus on one's breathing or practicing guided meditation can significantly reduce stress levels.

These practices help in grounding an individual, bringing a momentary escape from the chaos(混乱).

Pursuing hobbies or activities that one is passionate about can also be a good way. Whether it's painting, reading, playing a musical instrument, or engaging in sports, these activities not only divert the mind but also release endorphins, the body's natural mood lifters.

Another aspect is communication. 38 Sharing burdens, discussing worries, or just talking about one's day can offer a fresh perspective and often lightens the load. Schools offer services, and there are numerous helplines available to assist students in distress.

So, with the weight of expectations, deadlines, and too many responsibilities, remember to prioritize mental well-being. 39 Every individual deserves moments of relaxation and happiness.

- A. When channeled correctly, stress can be our friend.
- B. This response is a swift, automatic sequence designed for survival. Prioritizing self-care isn't a luxury(奢侈品); it's a necessity.
- D. Every challenge, if approached with a positive mindset, can be an opportunity for growth.
- E. Seeking external help or just talking to a friend can be incredibly therapeutic.
- F. They attach us to the present, clearing the mental disorder and lifting the spirit.
- G. These parts often provide processes adjusted to individual needs.

第三部分 书面表达(共两节,32分)

第一节 阅读表达(共4小题,共12分;第40、41小题,每小题2分;第42题,3分;第43题,5分)

阅读下面短文,根据题目要求用英语回答问题。请在答题卡指定区域作答。

In the southern part of France, away from the charm of Paris and the scenic Riviera, lies Toulouse, often referred to as "La Ville Rose" or "The Pink City." Its nickname comes from the unique terra-cotta bricks used in many of its buildings, giving the city a distinctive style.

Historically, Toulouse traces its roots back to the ancient times. It was originally established by the Celts in the 4th century BC and later became a significant Roman settlement. The city's strategic position near the Garonne River made it a well-known trading center in ancient Europe. By the Middle Ages, Toulouse had become a major center of trade due to its dye industry. This trade brought immense wealth to the region, and the city's grand houses and public buildings from this era reflect its opulence(繁华).

However, Toulouse was not just a center for trade. Its history is marked with intellectual pursuits. By the 13th century, Université de Toulouse was established, making it one of the oldest universities in the world. The institution attracted scholars from various parts of Europe.

In modern times, Toulouse is famous for its aerospace industry. Home to Airbus, one of the world's largest commercial aircraft manufacturers, the city is a center point in global aviation. This modern achievement connects with Toulouse's rich history, showcasing a combination of the old and the new.

One of the most significant landmarks in Toulouse is the Basilica of Saint-Sernin, an architectural marvel from the Romanesque period. The church stands as a testament to the city's religious significance during the medieval(中世纪的) times. Another notable part is the Capitole de Toulouse, which houses the city hall and a grand opera building. Its façade, made with the characteristic pink bricks, showcases the essence(本质) of Toulouse.

Despite its historical significance and achievements, Toulouse often remains overshadowed by other French cities. Yet, those who went to this southern gem find themselves fond of its rich history, vibrant culture, and the warmth of its inhabitants.

Visiting Toulouse offers an opportunity to step back in time while remaining firmly grounded in the present. It's a city that embraces its past, cherishes its traditions, yet looks forward with optimism. In the European cities, Toulouse shines as a wonderful, yet irreplaceable one.

40. Why is Toulouse called "La Ville Rose" or "The Pink City?"

41. What are the reasons for Toulouse to become a center of trade in the history?

42. Please decide which part is false in the following statement, then underline it and explain why.

► *Basilica of Saint-Sernin stands as a testament to the city's intellectual significance during medieval time.*

43. In your opinion, which city in China is like Toulouse, which cherishes its traditions, yet looks forward with optimism? Why?

第二节(共20分)

假如你是红星中学喜剧社的导演李华,你们正在重新彩排一部憨豆先生的喜剧。正巧罗温·艾金森在北京访问,请你写一封邀请信给他,询问他是否能够过来为你们进行指导,并参加最终的演出。

参考词汇: rehearse(v.)—rehearsal(n.) 彩排

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可适当增加细节,使信息合理。

(请务必将作文写在答题卡指定区域内)

大兴区2023~2024学年度第一学期期末检测试卷

英语参考答案

第一部分 知识运用(共两节, 30 分)

第一节(共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. B | 2. A | 3. D | 4. C | 5. A |
| 6. D | 7. B | 8. A | 9. B | 10. C |

第二节(共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

11. eagerly
12. listening
13. lit/lighted
14. teaching
15. produced
16. However/Nevertheless
17. whose
18. speaking
19. situations
20. marks/has marked

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 38 分)

第一节(共 14 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 28 分)

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 21. B | 22. C | 23. C | 24. B | 25. A |
| 26. D | 27. D | 28. C | 29. A | 30. C |
| 31. C | 32. B | 33. D | 34. D | |

第二节(共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 35. B | 36. A | 37. F | 38. E | 39. C |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

第三部分 书面表达(共两节, 32 分)

第一节(共 4 小题; 第 40、41 题各 2 分, 第 42 题 3 分, 第 43 题 5 分, 共 12 分)

40. It is called so because of the unique terra-cotta bricks used in many of its buildings, giving the city a distinctive rosy hue.

(建议: 逗号前 1 分, 逗号后 1 分)

41. It became a center of trade because of its strategic position as well as its dye industry.

42. *Basilica of Saint-Sernin stands as a testament to the city's intellectual significance during medieval time.*

Basilica of Saint-Sernin stands as a testament to the city's religious significance during medieval time.

43. 略。

第二节(20 分)

范文:

Dear Mr. Atkinson,

My name is Li Hua, the director of the comedy club of Hong Xing High School. We are busy ourselves practicing one of your famous comedies so that we can play it on the festival performance celebrating the coming of the New Year.

We are exceptionally happy to hear that you are currently travelling in China. I am wondering whether you could come to our school, give us some suggestions during our rehearsals and be our valuable guest on our final performance.

We will have a rehearsal next Monday in the theatre of our school and the performance will be on December 30th. If you are interested, please let me know so that we can be better prepared for your arrival.

Best Regards,

Li Hua

内容要点考查提示:

- 1.是否阐明自己的身份。
- 2.是否说明来信的目的。
- 3.是否说明艾金森正在中国，所以邀请他来的条件关系。
- 4.是否说明邀请艾金森来校要做的事情。
- 5.是否适当地介绍了排练和演出的信息，以便对方核对行程。
- 6.是否明确指示了对方下一步应做的回应。

北京高一高二高三期末试题下载

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