

高三英语

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围:高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19. 15.

B. £9. 18.

C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What time is it now?

A. 5:40.

B. 6:00.

C. 6:20.

2. What has the woman quit doing on Saturdays?

A. Watching badminton games.

B. Playing tennis.

C. Training for the school team.

3. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a barber's.

B. At home.

C. In a clothes store.

4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A plan.

B. A person.

C. A holiday.

5. What did the woman plan to do?

A. Go for a picnic.

B. Go shopping.

C. Meet John.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. When will the football game be held?

A. This afternoon.

B. This evening.

C. Tomorrow.

7. What are the speakers going to do this evening?

A. Visit some football players.

B. Eat in a Chinese restaurant.

C. Watch a game downtown.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is in the plastic bag?

A. The frying pan.

B. The cup.

C. The plate.

24. Why did Mebane decide to retire?

- A. She was bored with driving.
- C. She was impatient at work.

- B. She couldn't stand the traffic.
- D. She had difficulty communicating.

25. What do we know about Mebane from paragraph 3?

- A. She changed jobs frequently.
- C. She owned the sales potential.

- B. She had strong responsibility.
- D. She was lucky in finding jobs.

26. What made Mebane devoted to her work at Dillard's?

- A. Her interest.
- C. The high pay.

- B. Her education.
- D. The chance for promotion.

27. What is Mebane's suggestion for people wanting to be happier at work?

- A. Overcoming their weaknesses.
- C. Making decisions quickly.

- B. Improving management skills.
- D. Focusing on their relationships.

C

Depleted forests are never out of the headlines, but do you know that several tech-led techniques are being employed to improve reforestation and bring these lungs of nature, a key source of oxygen in the atmosphere, back to life? Nature news website, *Mongabay*, recently devoted a mini-series to exploring the newest technological solutions that support worldwide reforestation efforts, but not without pointing out that reforestation efforts often have weaknesses.

This *Mongabay* review speaks frankly about the blemishes of labor-intensive reforestation efforts as poor planning leads to underreported tree planting outcomes. For example, perhaps trees were planted where they didn't suit the chosen habitats.

According to *Mongabay*, the challenge is to match rising demand for restoration with ecologically sound, scalable(可扩展的) reforestation methods. "Scale is the biggest challenge to restoration and reforestation projects worldwide," said Charlotte Mills, chief ecologist at AirSeed Technologies in Australia. The good news is that new tech solutions can help make tree planting at scale easier, faster and more successful.

For instance, solar-powered, seed-planting robots, able to plant up to 600 trees in a morning, are being carried out by conservationists working in the Peruvian Amazon. Drones(无人机) are employed to drop seeds in precise areas, especially at remote and difficult-to-access sites. One company operating them is Mast Reforestation, a Seattle-based one working on North America's conifer(针叶树) forests destroyed by logging, insects and wildfire.

The Globe and Mail reports on how Canadian start-up, Flash Forest, uses drones that fire seeds at a high speed into the soil. It has a great goal to go beyond changing forestry to slow down climate change and finally conserve ecological diversity.

Sending people out on field monitoring to assess the health of new trees which take years to mature is time-consuming and costly. Here, satellites are stepping up to provide large-scale data sets over time on how huge reforested sites are going. Food giant Nestle announced in April 2023 that it's working to monitor its reforestation efforts long-term using satellites.

28. What does the underlined word "blemishes" in paragraph 2 mean?

- A. Dangers.
- B. Disadvantages.
- C. Features.
- D. Results.

29. Why does the author mention Charlotte Mills?

- A. To criticize the underdeveloped technologies.
- B. To tell the rising demand for restoration.

- C. To call on practicable reforestation methods.
- D. To show the trouble with global reforestation.

30. What is Flash Forest's biggest ambition?

- A. Preserving biodiversity.
- C. Dropping seeds at remote areas.

- B. Making a change to forestry.
- D. Driving drones at high speeds.

31. What could be a suitable title for the text?

- A. Trees Are Suffering
- C. Technology for Trees

- B. Forests Are Recovering
- D. Technique for Challenges

D

After losing an important deal in India, a business negotiator learned that her counterpart(对方) felt as if she had been rushing through the talks. The business negotiator thought she was being efficient with their time. Their cultures have different views on how to conduct negotiations, and in this case, the barrier prevented a successful outcome.

Research shows that deal-making across cultures tends to lead to worse outcomes as compared with negotiations conducted within the same culture. As we know, cultures are characterized by different behaviors, communication styles, and norms(准则). Consequently, when negotiating across cultures, we bring different views to the bargaining table, which in turn may result in potential misunderstandings that can lead to a lower likelihood of discovering value-creating solutions.

Cultural conflict in negotiations is linked with the fact that we, at most times, interpret others' behaviors, values, and beliefs through the lens(透镜) of our own culture. To overcome this, it is important to research the customs and behaviors of different cultures as well as understand why people follow these customs and exhibit these behaviors in the first place.

Just as important, not only do countries have unique cultures, but teams and organizations do, too. Before partaking in any negotiation, take the time to study the context and the person on the other side of the bargaining table, including the various cultures to which he belongs—whether the culture of his culture, the culture of engineering, or his particular company's corporate culture. The more you know about the client, the better off you'll do in any negotiation.

Therefore, we see the negotiator has learned her Indian counterpart would have appreciated a slower pace with more opportunities for relationship building. She seems to have run into the issue: Using time efficiently in the course of negotiations is generally valued in the United States, but in India, there's often a greater focus on building relationships early in the process. By doing research on the clients' cultures, they can adjust their negotiation method and give themselves a better chance of creating a valuable negotiation experience for both themselves and their counterpart.

32. What resulted in the businesswoman's failure in her negotiation in India?

- A. Her slow work style.
- C. Her poor communication capacity.

- B. Their personal conflicts of interests.
- D. The differences between their cultures.

33. What is the second paragraph mainly about?

- A. The analyses about the findings of the research.
- C. The common misunderstandings in negotiations.

- B. The deep reasons for failed cross-culture negotiations.
- D. The causes of conflicts between negotiators' views.

34. What does the author mainly want to say in paragraph 4?

- A. Research is necessary before negotiating.
- C. Meeting cultural differences is fairly common.

- B. People should respect cultural differences.
- D. Cross-culture conflicts result from ignorance.

35. What is the function of the last paragraph?

- A. To come up with a new conclusion.
- C. To summarize the above paragraphs.

- B. To recommend a negotiation method.
- D. To share different opinions on the example.

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第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

In today's world, people are used to immediate satisfaction like fast meals from the microwave or from ordering takeout on your smart phone. But patience, the ability to be able to wait for outcomes, is a skill that is necessary for you to be successful in school, work and life, according to an article on the life coaching website *Better Up*. Being patient allows you to exercise self-control when things are not going your way. 36. Here are four ways it can benefit you.

Patience helps you achieve your goals. 37. You cannot accomplish long-term goals in your relationships or career without being patient. You need to know when it is the time to step back and analyze the situation, re-evaluate your goal, and choose a new path forward.

Patience helps you to become more empathetic. Having empathy—the ability to understand and accept the feelings of others—is an important part of being patient, according to a blog on *Wisdom Times*. 38.

Patience helps to make you mentally healthier. Being patient teaches you to regulate your emotions, according to *Better Up*. 39. Keeping calm and being stress-free can help your overall mental and physical happiness.

40. When things aren't going your way, whether large or small, having patience will keep you from becoming depressed. According to *Forbes*, basketball great Michael Jordan missed more than 9,000 shots and lost nearly 300 games in his athletic career. If he didn't have the patience to accept failure, he would have quit and he never would have become one of the greatest athletes.

- A. Patience gives you a positive attitude
- B. It allows you to work to be your best
- C. Patience helps you to become more flexible
- D. You will be able to survive failures and start again
- E. Accepting people as they are makes you a better person
- F. It helps you experience fewer negative emotions that lead to stress
- G. The road to success isn't something that can be immediately achieved

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Life brings several ups and downs but nothing lasts forever. Nothing 41 it better than the life of diving coach Cliff Devries. Life had been 42 to him but his will led the way to making him one of the most 43 persons in the world.

Devries built the dream of becoming a swimmer. His remarkable talent 44 could allow him to realize it. However, life was not just roses and he 45 to have one of the most painful experiences of his life. In his early youth, he began to have shoulder abnormalities and then felt 46.

Due to his failing 47, his performance in training worsened. Devries turned to medical help, and the 48 stated Devries had a big tumor(肿瘤) in his spine(脊柱) and the doctors said he wouldn't 49 it. Devries said, "All my plans of a future, a family and everything were 50." After a surgery in New York, Devries even had 51 in moving a finger.

However, every bad period comes to a(n) 52. Devries pulled through with his will to 53 and worked hard towards his dream. He sought 54, exercise and all he needed to back up his feet. Soon, he was able to start standing and 55 walking a few steps with the help of a stick. After many 56, he became a

swimming coach at Rochester Institute of Technology. He 57 milestones in his career as a coach and director of swimming.

On his 46th birthday, Devries went up the diving board and jumped into the 58 he'd been waiting for all his life and he hasn't 59 since. Every year, he takes his painstaking yet heartfelt attempt to dive into the water. The semi-paralysis(半瘫痪) that remains couldn't 60 Devries making a dive. He uses his determination to rewrite his story.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. explains | B. identifies | C. introduces | D. operates |
| 42. A. fair | B. cruel | C. easy | D. common |
| 43. A. useful | B. significant | C. famous | D. inspirational |
| 44. A. undoubtedly | B. correctly | C. impractically | D. narrowly |
| 45. A. tried | B. continued | C. started | D. struggled |
| 46. A. embarrassment | B. weakness | C. kindness | D. violence |
| 47. A. courage | B. steps | C. spirits | D. health |
| 48. A. text | B. recording | C. report | D. instruction |
| 49. A. make | B. take | C. fetch | D. tolerate |
| 50. A. kept back | B. wiped away | C. turned down | D. given away |
| 51. A. pleasure | B. fortune | C. motivation | D. trouble |
| 52. A. decision | B. idea | C. end | D. point |
| 53. A. live | B. play | C. explore | D. harvest |
| 54. A. research | B. support | C. treatment | D. question |
| 55. A. instantly | B. eventually | C. suddenly | D. exactly |
| 56. A. cases | B. experiences | C. requests | D. trials |
| 57. A. achieved | B. designed | C. admired | D. found |
| 58. A. position | B. site | C. moment | D. orbit |
| 59. A. met | B. stopped | C. stayed | D. moved |
| 60. A. catch | B. imagine | C. leave | D. prevent |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

During the peak summer travel season this year, many popular tourist destinations in China have experienced large crowds, making it challenging for tourists 61 (get) tickets. Given these circumstances, cultural venues in many places have 62 (recent) announced extended opening hours, allowing people to explore during the evening hours. For instance, the Shaanxi History Museum has extended the opening hours to 8:00 pm every Sunday since mid-July.

In ancient China, a tradition of night tours, entertainment and dinners thrived(繁荣). When night fell, people would participate in 63 (activity) like reciting poems, appreciating the moon's beauty and joining in tea-fueled conversations, said Wang Bin, curator(馆长) of the Xi'an-based West Market Museum. "Children can fully involve 64 (they) in the nighttime experiences of ancient civilizations right at the original West Market site. This is 65 we integrate(融入) these cultural elements. And this approach 66 (welcome) by both parents and children ever since," Wang said.

To meet people's 67 (grow) demand for night travel, China has developed a night culture 68 night tourism economy in recent years, with some places winning fame for night fairs and performances. Even at 10:30 pm, subways in many cities remain busy with people. Nighttime cultural tours have changed the 69 (convention) tourism model of traveling during the day and sleeping 70 night.

高三英语参考答案、提示及评分细则

听力部分录音稿

(Text 1)

M: It's already six o'clock. The meeting will begin in ten minutes. How can we get there in time?

W: Don't worry. I put the clock twenty minutes forward.

(Text 2)

W: I'm training every day at the moment. I really want to get into the school badminton team. I've even given up playing tennis on Saturdays.

M: I'm sure you'll succeed.

(Text 3)

M: Would you like it short or long at the back?

W: Quite short.

M: And... uh... doesn't it bother you having so much grey hair at your age?

W: No, I like it.

(Text 4)

M: So, how was your holiday, Jane?

W: It didn't live up to our expectations at all. Everyone had told us it was really an exciting place, but we found it rather boring.

(Text 5)

M: This is John speaking.

W: What is it, John?

M: We'll have a picnic this weekend. I wonder if you can join us.

W: Let me see. I'll call off going shopping this weekend. All right, I will.

(Text 6)

W: Ted, are we still going to the football game this afternoon?

M: There'll be showers this afternoon, so the football match has been put off till tomorrow.

W: Do you have any plans for this afternoon then?

M: No. I may just read about some football players at home.

W: I've arranged to go to a new Chinese restaurant downtown with a friend this evening. How about joining us?

M: Sure, I'd love to. I haven't had Chinese food for weeks and I really miss it.

(Text 7)

W: Now that we've put the tent up, let's make something to drink. I'll get the cups. They're in the plastic bag in the back of the car, aren't they?

M: No, that's got the new frying pan in it. You've packed the cups in the box with the plates.

W: Oh, yes. Here they are. But I can't see the plastic bag anywhere.

M: Oh dear, we've left it behind, so we can't cook anything. Well, we can still have a cup of tea.

(Text 8)

W: Hello, I'm going to visit some galleries this weekend. Can you plan a route for me?

M: Of course. We can start from the national museum—Center Georges Pompidou, Paris. It is a contemporary building.

W: OK! How long does it take to visit it?

M: About the whole morning. And in the afternoon, we will go to Musée d'Orsay, Paris. It is a museum which holds mainly French art dating from 1848 to 1915.

W: Good! So how about tomorrow?

M: Tomorrow we will go to Musée du Louvre, Paris.

W: Musée du Louvre, Paris? Oh, the famous one.

M: Yes. It is widely regarded as the most famous art museum in the world. It houses 35,000 works of art, including the *Mona Lisa* and the *Venus de Milo*.

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M: Since you are an art student, you only need 120 dollars.

W: Oh, good. I'm looking forward to the visit. Thank you.

(Text 9)

M: Hey, Jane. Do you happen to know where the movie theater is downtown? The one near the hospital.

W: Yeah. Why do you want to know, Steve?

M: Well, on Monday, I asked Jennifer out on a date for this coming Saturday night.

W: Wow. Sounds great. OK, write down these directions so you don't get lost.

M: OK, go ahead.

W: First, drive down 1st Street going west, cross the river, and keep going straight until Pine Street.

M: Until Pine Street, right?

W: Right. The movie theater is the second building on the right. It's next to the church.

M: Second building on the right. Got it. Now, can you recommend any nice restaurants?

W: Yeah. The Pink Flamingo serves excellent Spanish food. It's open on weekdays from 10:30 in the morning to 11:30 at night, but it stays open until midnight on weekends.

M: OK, I think I've driven by there before. Oh, last thing. Where can I buy some flowers? We're going out to celebrate Jennifer's birthday.

W: Well, the one I know is in front of the stadium on 2nd Street.

M: Great. Thanks a lot.

(Text 10)

M: This is the local daily news. More than half of British airline pilots say they have fallen asleep during flight, a survey said yesterday.

According to BALPA, the British Airline Pilots' Association, 300 out of 500 pilots surveyed admitted being asleep during work.

And one third of these sleeping pilots said that they had woken up to find their co-pilot also asleep.

Pilot exhaustion became the headlines and aroused public concern this week when a newspaper reported two pilots on a British flight fell asleep, leaving the full plane traveling automatically in the air. The survey came before the European governments decide on the air rule changes.

The rule changes would mean that pilots could work a total of 110 hours in a two-week period, more than the 95-hour limit under the current regulations and at night pilots could be expected to fly for up to 11 hours, against a current 10-hour limit.

Many people are worried about the changes. Tiredness is already a major challenge for pilots who are deeply concerned that the new EU rules will increase levels of tiredness, which is believed to be the leading cause for air accidents, beating mechanical faults and natural threats such as storms or fogs.

参考答案

1~5 ABACB 6~10 CBABA 11~15 CCABB 16~20 CABCA

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了北卡罗来纳州的威恩斯维尔镇的旅游指南。

21. C 细节理解题。根据 **Best Things to Do in Waynesville** 部分“Explore the Frog Level District located on Richland Creek, which features one- and two-story brick and frame buildings from the early 1900s.”可知,在 Frog Level District 可观赏古建筑。
22. D 细节理解题。根据 **Best Time to Visit** 部分“Fall is the most popular time for Waynesville tourism. The bright oranges, yellows, and reds of the fall leaves draw crowds from near and far—so you can expect the cost to mirror the demand.”可知,秋天的美景吸引了来自四面八方的游客。
23. A 细节理解题。根据 **How to Get There** 部分“If you're flying into the area, you'll need your own transportation to travel around Waynesville. Downtown Waynesville is walkable but exploring further out into the Blue Ridge Mountains requires a car.”可知,为了有好的旅游体验,你最好租一辆车。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了91岁的梅尔巴·梅班从工作了74年的百货公司退休下来的故事。

24. B 细节理解题。根据第一段“The Dillard's where she worked in Tyler, Texas, was only a 15-minute drive from her house, but traffic could sometimes double the commute, for which Mebane, now 91, no longer had the patience.”可知,Mebane 因为受不了通勤路上的交通,故辞去了工作。
25. C 推理判断题。根据第三段“‘There were gift baskets one of the girls just couldn't sell,’ says Mebane. ‘They asked me to try, so I stepped out and talked to people about the baskets... I sold every single one. So I was told that's where I was staying.’”可推断,梅班有优秀的销售潜力。

26. A 细节理解题。根据第四段“‘I loved going to work every day,’ says Mebane. ‘If you’re content with what you’re doing, why not keep doing it?’”可知,梅班热爱工作,对工作兴趣高。

27. D 推理判断题。根据第五段“‘Finding something you’re good at and people you enjoy working with is so much more important.’”和最后一段可推断,梅班建议多注重人际关系。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了几种支持全球重新造林的最新技术。

28. B 词义猜测题。根据第二段画线词后面“... as poor planning leads to underreported tree planting outcomes.”可推断,blemishes的意思与Disadvantages意思一致。

29. D 推理判断题。根据第三段“According to *Mongabay*, the challenge is to match rising demand for restoration with ecologically sound, scalable(可扩展的) reforestation methods. ‘Scale is the biggest challenge to restoration and reforestation projects worldwide,’ said Charlotte Mills. . .”可推断,作者提到Charlotte Mills,旨在说明全球化重新造林是有挑战的。

30. A 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段“‘It has a great goal to go beyond changing forestry to slow down climate change and finally conserve ecological diversity.’”可知,Flash Forest的伟大抱负是保护生态多样性。

31. C 标题判断题。根据第一段“Nature news website, *Mongabay*, recently devoted a mini-series to exploring the newest technological solutions that support worldwide reforestation efforts.”可推断,全文旨在介绍全球重新造林技术。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇夹叙夹议文。文章主要介绍了如何通过了解不同的文化来应对文化冲突,从而在跨文化谈判中达到合作。

32. D 细节理解题。根据第一段“‘Their cultures have different views on how to conduct negotiations, and in this case, the barrier prevented a successful outcome.’”可知,文化差异导致了生意谈判失败。

33. B 段落大意题。第二段主要内容是:研究表明,与在同一文化中进行的谈判相比,跨文化的交易往往会导致更糟糕的结果。因文化不同,故当跨文化谈判时,我们会把不同的观点带到谈判桌上,这会导致潜在的误解。这些误解可能导致发现解决方案的可能性降低。故该段主要讲述的是跨文化谈判失败的深层原因。

34. A 推理判断题。根据第四段“‘Before partaking in any negotiation, take the time to study the context and the person on the other side of the bargaining table, including the various cultures to which he belongs. . . The more you know about the client, the better off you’ll do in any negotiation.’”可推断,作者在第四段想要表达的是在谈判前进行调查研究很有必要。

35. C 推理判断题。文章第一段给出例子,作者围绕该例子在第二、三、四段进行论述,最后一段通过上文观点对第一段给出的例子进行分析,从而在最后一句得出结论,故可推断,该段旨在归纳上文。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了耐心的好处。

36. B 根据空前“Being patient allows you to exercise self-control when things are not going your way.”可知B项“它可以让你朝着达到自己最好的状态努力”符合。

37. G 根据空前“Patience helps you achieve your goals.”及空后“You cannot accomplish long-term goals in your relationships or career without being patient.”可知,G项“成功之路并不是可以立即完成的事情”符合。

38. E 根据本段主题句“Patience helps you to become more empathetic”及空前“... is an important part of being patient, according to a blog on *Wisdom Times*.”可知,E项“接受他人本来的样子会让你成为一个更好的人”符合。

39. F 根据空前“Being patient teaches you to regulate your emotions, according to *Better Up*.”可知,F项“它可以帮助你少体验到导致压力的负面情绪”符合。

40. A 根据本段内容,尤其是“If he didn’t have the patience to accept failure, he would have quit and he never would have become one of the greatest athletes.”可知,A项“耐心会让你拥有一个积极的心态”符合。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了克里夫·德弗里斯在半瘫痪的情况下还凭着自己的毅力成为了游泳运动员,当上了游泳和跳水教练,实现了自己的梦想的故事。

41. A 没有什么比跳水教练克里夫·德弗里斯的生活更能阐释(explains)这一点了。

42. B 生活对克里夫·德弗里斯是残酷无情的(cruel),但是他的毅力使他成为了世界上最励志的(inspirational)人之一。

43. D 见上题解析。

44. A 他卓越的才能无疑(undoubtedly)能让他实现梦想。

45. C 然而,他却开始(started)经受他人生最痛苦的经历之一。

46. B 在他的青少年时期,他的肩膀出现了异常,他感到虚弱(weakness)。

47. D 由于他健康(health)恶化,他的训练表现变得糟糕。

48. C 医学检查报告(report)显示德弗里斯的脊柱上有一个大肿瘤。

49. A 医生说他不**可能**挺过去了。“make it”此处指“顺利渡过难关”。
50. B “我**将来的计划、家庭**，一切都被抹掉了(wiped away)。”
51. D 德弗里斯甚至**连动手指**都有困难(trouble)。
52. C 然而，每一个糟糕的阶段都会结束(end)。
53. A 德弗里斯的**生存(live)**意志使他渡过了难关。
54. C 他**寻求治疗(treatment)、锻炼**和所有他需要的东西来支撑他的脚。
55. B 不久，他先是能站起来，最终(eventually)，他能**拄着拐杖**走几步了。
56. D 经过多次的尝试(trials)，他终于在罗切斯特理工学院找到了一份游泳教练的工作。
57. A 他在职业生涯中取得了(achieved)**里程碑式的成就**。
58. C 在他 46 岁生日那天，他登上了跳水板，跳进了他一生都在等待的那一刻(moment)，从那以后他就再也没有停下来(stopped)。
59. B 见上题解析。
60. D 半瘫痪没有阻止(prevent)他跳水。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。在今年的夏季旅游旺季，中国的许多热门旅游目的地都经历了拥挤的人群，这使得游客难以获得门票。鉴于这些情况，许多地方的文化场馆最近宣布延长了开放时间，允许人们在晚上游玩。

61. to get 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知，所填词在此处作 making 真正的宾语，故用动词不定式。
62. recently 考查词形转换。分析该句成分可知，所填词修饰动词 announced，故用所给形容词的副词形式。
63. activities 考查名词复数。activity 为可数名词，又根据“reciting poems, appreciating the moon's beauty...”可知，此处用所给名词的复数形式 activities。
64. themselves 考查代词。“involve oneself in...”意为“参与……”故此处用所给代词的反身代词 themselves。
65. why 考查名词性从句。分析该句成分可知，该句是一个表语从句，从句不缺少成分。又根据句意“这也就是为什么我们融入了这些文化元素”可知，此处用连接副词 why。
66. has been welcomed 考查动词的时态与语态。分析该句成分可知，所填词与其主语 approach 存在动宾关系，又根据 ever since 可知，此处用现在完成时的被动语态。
67. growing 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知，所填词与其逻辑主语 demand 存在逻辑上的主谓关系，故用所给动词的现在分词 growing，作前置定语。
68. and 考查连词。分析该句成分可知，所填词连接名词 night culture 和 night tourism economy，是并列关系，故用并列连词 and。
69. conventional 考查词形转换。分析该句成分可知，所填词修饰名词 tourism model，故用所给名词的形容词形式 conventional。
70. at 考查介词。“at night”意为“在夜晚”，为固定搭配。

短文改错

One day, Jack was walking home from school while a shiny coin caught his eye. He stopped and immediate picked it up. It was a nice dollar coin, with them he could buy a package of candies. But he had decided to put the coin onto the ground again. What if A a homeless person needed it less than he did? Feeling confusing, Jack picked up the coin again. What if one of the wealthy guy found it? Finally, after care consideration, he decided to keep the coin and stayed where he was, waiting for the owner to return to look

after it.
for

书面表达

One possible version:

My Favourite Food

Of all the foods I have ever tried, stinky tofu is my favourite.

I like it because of its unique flavour and smell! As the name suggests, the smell is terrible but surprisingly, the taste is actually quite mild—it tastes like fried tofu with less of the bean flavour. The sauce makes it taste even more delicious. As I take each bite, the crisp and juicy flavour slowly fills my mouth. How can I forget such a tasty snack?

Whenever I feel unhappy, I eat this snack and it does make me feel better.

关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 50W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承“精益求精、专业严谨”的建设理念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数千场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。

推荐大家关注北京高考在线网站官方微信公众号：**京考一点通**，我们会持续为大家整理分享最新的高中升学资讯、政策解读、热门试题答案、招生通知等内容！

