2023 届"皖南八校"高三第二次大联考

英语

考生注意:

- 1. 本试卷由四个部分组成。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
- 2. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
- 3. 本卷命题范围:高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When does the tour start?

A. 13:25.

B. 13:35.

C. 13:45.

2. Where are the speakers?

A. In a hotel.

B. In a bank.

C. In a shop.

3. What is the man?

A. A tailor.

B. A salesman.

C. A mechanic.

4. What is the man's problem?

A. He can't get the candy bar.

B. He can't get his change back.

C. He can't put money into the machine.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A present.

B. A thank-you note.

C. The woman's birthday.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第6和第7两个小题。

6. What does the woman think of the sailing course?

A. Satisfying.

B. Discouraging.

C. Boring.

7. What can we learn from the conversation?

A. The equipment was of high quality.

B. The teacher gave clear instructions.

C. The conditions were perfect for sailing.

听下面一段对话,回答第8和第9两个小题。

8. What made the book interesting according to the man?

A. The main character.

B. The storyline.

C. The language.

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9. What is the relationship between the speakers? A. Classmates. B. Teacher and student. C. Interviewer and interviewee. 听下面一段对话,回答第10至12三个小题。 10. What is the woman doing? A. Cleaning the house. B. Washing clothes. C. Looking for a pen. 11. Who is to blame for the mess? A. Jacob. C. The man. B. The woman. 12. What might the man do next? A. Meet some friends. B. Make a phone call. C. Find some remover. 听下面一段对话,回答第13至16四个小题。 13. When did Brittany enjoy acting? A. When she took part in a school play. B. When she attended some acting classes. C. When she played at being an actress at home. 14. What did Brittany worry about before her first theatre performance? A. Forgetting her lines. B. Using the wrong accent. C. Appearing in front of the audience. 15. Why did Brittany go into TV acting? A. She needed to earn more. B. She lost interest in theatre work. C. She wanted to try something new. 16. What brings excitement to Brittany? A. Being offered a new part. B. Watching her new works on screen. C. Sharing her performance with her family. 听下面一段独白,回答第17至20四个小题。 17. What is illegal in Los Cabos? A. Renting cars. B. Drinking alcohol. C. Being drunk in public. 18. Where are the listeners recommended to exchange their money? A. At a bank. B. At the hotel. C. At a scenery spot. 19. What advice does the speaker give about getting around the city? A. Carrying some change. B. Using public transport. C. Avoiding traveling at night. 20. Who will probably talk about the special discounts? A. Luca. B. Havier. C. Diego. 关注北京高考在线官方微信:北京高考资讯(微信号:bjgkzx), 获取更多试题资料及排名分析信息。 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Slowly but surely, offices are beginning to reopen. That means the work-from-home lifestyle may come to a close. Why not spice it up a bit for this last stretch of flexible living and book a vacation rental? Here are 4 rentals perfect for you.

San Antonio, Texas

Head deep into the heart of Texas for an enjoyable work-from-home experience at this 3-bedroom Lavaca cottage. And you'll find a fully private backyard that is perfect for the little ones. The house on its own is excellent, but what is close to downtown San Antonia is like a cherry on top.

Carmel-by-the-Sea, California

Set out for beautiful California and book this beach retreat(静居处). You'll have both the beach and downtown within walking distance. Charming Carmel has world-class restaurants, art galleries and wine tasting rooms. The beloved treat shop is sure to get your kids on their best behavior!

Scottsdale, Arizona

With over 300 days of sunshine and boundless outdoor activities, Arizona is an outdoor heaven for all ages. Book this massive 5-bedroom desert house, and spend days hiking. Then cool off back at home in your private pool overlooking the mountains. If you're working from home, you can soak(浸透) in some pretty evenings and desert sunsets. When you're not enjoying a barbecue in the backyard, walk into Scottsdale's modern downtown district for dinner.

The Catskills, New York

Surround yourself with nature while you work-from-home at this quiet and private, 4-acre red cottage in the Catskills region. The charming 2-bedroom house has a huge industrial kitchen, private hot tub and a barbecue. When you have to go back to civilization, the lovable mountain downtown of Woodstock is just 10 minutes away.

B. Carmel-by-the-Sea.

D. The Catskills.

- 21. Which of the following best suits people who are art lovers?
 - A. San Antonio.
 - C. Scottsdale.
- 22. What do we know about Scottsdale?
 - A. It has few sunny days.
 - B. It has wine tasting rooms.
 - C. It is a lovable seaside town.
 - D. It is a good place for outdoor sports.
- 23. What do the four rentals have in common?
 - A. They provide a barbecue.
 - B. They are close to the beach.
 - C. They have a private backyard.
 - D. They are all near the downtown.

В

"The first step in realizing your dream is to not be afraid of any challenge," Liu Wa from Bejing Chaoyang Kaiwen Academy said.

This July, when Liu was informed that the music festival her band was attending had some troubles and was about to be cancelled, she decided to take over the job of hosting it. "I thought to myself, how hard could hosting be?" Liu said. What's more, she turned this festival into a charity event by raising money for a stray(走失的) dog rescue station in Anhui province.

Liu became a volunteer for the station by coincidence two years ago. "I realized how much money it could take to save those dogs. This music festival is exactly the opportunity I need to raise people's awareness of protecting stray dogs and donate money for them," Liu said.

Liu and her two friends, who are also members of the band needed to find sponsorship, set up the venue and contact bands of high schools in Beijing to perform within two weeks. "Negotiating with sponsors was tricky sometimes as we needed to figure out what they wanted and trade with resources we had," Liu recalled. They managed to cooperate with companies such as a study abroad agency to cover the expense as much as possible. Many parents also "sponsored" them with their homemade food.

The weather forecast had said that the day of the music festival, Aug 6, was going to be rainy. "We were so worried at first. But then a miracle happened: It only rained a little toward the end, helping us to sell the umbrellas we had prepared," Liu said.

Audiences were mainly friends, parents and students. "Because of the pandemic, the audiences were limited to no more than 200 people, which also pushed us to come up with ways of earning money other than tickets," Liu explained. Eventually, they managed to raise 50,000 yuan from rain gear(雨具), food, and accessories(装饰品) they had designed.

Having been looked down upon many times by professional bands in Beijing, Liu also sees this festival as a way of telling the world that high school bands are just as good. "I want to run our own music channel on Bilibili. Our love for music will never stop," Liu said.

- 24. What can we learn from Liu Wa?
 - A. Being frank and tricky.
 - B. Being creative and energetic.
 - C. Being caring and determined.
 - D. Being low-carbon and positive.
- 25. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about?
 - A. Sponsor feedback on the music festival.
 - B. The preparations for the music festival.
 - C. Resources needed for the music festival.
 - D. The negotiations with sponsor companies.
- 26. What can be inferred from the text?
 - A. The weather forecast was not a bit accurate.
 - B. Many parents also donated money to the music festival.
 - C. People from all walks of life attended the music festival.
 - D. Selling tickets for the festival wasn't Liu's only way to raise money.
- 27. What does the music festival mean to Liu?
 - A. A battle with professional bands.
 - B. A showcase for high school bands.
 - C. A chance to learn from other bands.
 - D. A channel for presenting the beauty of music.

C

Clothes were once used until they fell apart. Not today. In high-income countries in particular, clothing and footwear are increasingly frequently bought, thrown away and replaced with new fashions, which are themselves soon thrown away and replaced.

The so-called 'Fast fashion' is having a surprising environmental impact. The first one is water. The fashion industry consumes anywhere from 20 trillion(万亿) to 200 trillion litres every year. Then there are micro-plastics. Plastic fibres are released when we wash polyester (聚酯纤维) textiles, which make up between 20% and 35% of the micro-plastics choking the oceans. Added to this are specific chemicals, such as those used to make fabrics stain resistant and the pesticides required to protect crops such as cotton.

Change is badly needed, but will require the fashion industry to work harder to embrace more of what is known as the circular economy. That will involve at least two things: refocusing on making things that last, and so encouraging reuse; and more rapidly expanding the technologies for sustainable manufacturing processes, especially recycling. There's a big role for research—both academic and industrial—in achieving these and other ambitions.

Researchers could begin by helping to provide more accurate estimates of water use. There is also work to be done on improving and expanding textiles recycling. Undoubtedly,

used textiles go to landfill in part because there are relatively few systems that collect, recycle and reuse materials. Such recycling requires the manual separation of fibres, as well as buttons and zips. Different fibres are not easy to identify by eye, and overall such manual processes are time-consuming. Machinery that can help is being developed. Technologies also exist to recycle used fibres chemically and to create high-quality fibres that can be reused in clothing. But these are nowhere near the scale needed.

Another challenge for researchers is to work out how to get consumers and manufacturers to change their behaviour. Other research questions include finding ways to encourage people to purchase long lasting goods; exploring how to satisfy desires for something new while reducing environmental impact; and understanding why certain measures can be successfully scaled up whereas others fail.

28. Why does the author mention "water", "micro-plastics" and "chemicals" in Paragraph 2?

A. To provide an idea.

B. To prove a point.

C. To give a definition.

D. To present new concepts.

- 29. Which of the following goes against the concept of "circular economy"?
 - A. Efforts are made to lengthen the lifespan of textiles.
 - B. Worn-out clothes are used as dishcloths and oil rags.
 - C. High-quality fibres are created to be reused in clothing.
 - D. Fashion industry is encouraged to release new lines more often.
- 30. What is the right thing for the fashion industry researchers to do?
 - A. To make sure that all of the used textiles go to landfill.
 - B. To separate fibres, as well as buttons and zips manually.
 - C. To improve and expand textile recycling to a larger extent.
 - D. To encourage consumers to satisfy their desires for fashion.
- 31. Which of the following can be a suitable title for the text?
 - A. Say Yes to the So-called Fast Fashion
 - B. Cut Fast Fashion's Environmental Impact
 - C. Address the Academic Challenges for Researchers
 - D. Improve the Efficiency of the Separation of Fibres

D

New bio-plastics are being made in laboratories from straw, wood chips and food waste, with researchers aiming to replace oil as the source of the world's plastic.

The new approaches include genetically modifying bacteria to eat wood and produce useful chemicals. But the bio-plastics are currently significantly more expensive to make than fossil fuel-based plastics.

Land and seas around the world, from high mountains to deep oceans, have become polluted with plastic, prompting major public concern. The world has produced 8bn tons of plastic since the 1950s and demand is still rising.

While some waste plastic is recycled, much of it is burnt to produce electricity, resulting in carbon emissions that drive climate change. In contrast to plastic made from oil, plastics made from plant-based materials only release the carbon the plants absorbed from the air as they grew. Bio-plastics will also give more options for products that biodegrade(生物降解) in the environment, although they can be made very long-lasting if required.

"Plastics are an incredible enhancement to our daily lives," said Paul Mines, CEO of Biome Technologies in the UK, which has spent \pounds 5m in the last five years on bioplastics research. "But we can't go on using fossil fuel-based materials. About 6-7% of every barrel (桶) of oil is used to make plastics."

"Using plant materials is <u>feasible</u>," said professor Simon, at the University of York. "Replacing half of the nation's plastic bottles could be done using just 3% of the sugar beet(甜菜) crop, 5% of wheat straw or 2.5% of food waste," he said.

Currently, just a few thousand tons of bioplastic are used in the UK each year, compared to millions of tons of conventional plastic. Mines said this could rise to about 20, 000 tons in the next five years.

32. Why are high mountains and deep oceans mentioned in Paragraph 3?

33. What is one advantage of bio-plastics over fossil fuel-based plastics?

34. What does the underlined word "feasible" mean in Paragraph 6?

B. Troublesome.

B. Being eco-friendly.

C. Original.

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

with that freedom comes the responsibility to make the most of your studying hours. Here are

schedule as closely as possible. Of course, there will be days when things come up, and you

once, chances are much higher that you won't remember all of the information you're trying to

background noise helps them focus better. There is no right or wrong answer here—it's all

area that may need more review. And once you know what specific topics or ideas you need to

work on, it will be much easier for you to direct your study sessions accordingly and make

about finding a place to study that allows you to work as efficiently as possible.

As a student, you have a lot of freedom when it comes to how you spend your time. But

This means setting aside specific times for studying each day and then sticking to that

Our brain can't focus effectively for a long time. If you try to study for several hours

38 . Some people prefer to study in complete silence, while others find that some

This will not only help you check your understanding of the concepts but also identify any

D. Biodegrading other plastic.

D. Costly.

A. To display the range of plastic pollution.

C. To present a reason of wide use of plastic.

D. To stress the increasing demand for plastic.

B. To show the widespread use of plastic.

A. Producing electricity.

A. Possible.

C. Driving climate change.

some tips to help you do just that.

have to deviate(偏离) from your plan.

Find a study place that works for you

Create a schedule

learn. 37

• 39

35. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Plastics are necessary in daily life.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

B. Oil is the source of the world's plastic.

C. Bioplastic making is a promising industry.

D. Scientists are researching bioplastic making.

Break up your study sessions into smaller periods

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分) 第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分) 阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最 佳选项。 On Aug. 5, Favorin worked in the yard and watched his granddaughter. In the afternoon, he took a break and went downstairs to do his each-day 41 , a high intensity interval (回

Without his phone on him, Favorin slowly walked to his neighbors' door, rang their doorbell and 45 in opposition to the porch railing (门廊的栏杆). Then, he misplaced his

grasp on the railing and 46 .

Inside the home, Chris and Rachel, a firefighter and a nurse, had been having fun ___47 with an uncommon day without work. Chris checked out the __48 __ from the doorbell and noticed it was their neighbor, Favorin, and he seemed to be in __49 __. They went to the door and __50 __ Favorin on the floor. Chris and Rachel are professionals and started CPR (心肺复苏), making use of their professional __51 __ and talent to save his life. They referred to 911 and took turns doing __52 __ chest compression(压紧) and checking his pulse.

EMS arrived in six minutes. Now Favorin appears to have 53 nicely. Talking to him, you'll by no means guess that, just some days earlier, he was close to 54. The medical

doctors informed him that the fast 55 by Chris and Rachel saved his life.

	41. A. housework	B. exercise	C recessorsh	Dahanning		
	The state of the s		C. research	D. shopping		
	42. A. showing off	B. staying in	C. figuring out	D. hanging out		
	43. A. cleverly	B. halfway	C. blindly	D. bitterly		
	44. A. supposed	B. promised	C. hesitated	D. pretended		
	45. A. skipped	B. returned	C. escaped	D. leaned		
	46. A. disappeared	B. advanced	C. collapsed	D. survived		
	47. A. collectively	B. curiously	C. secretly	D. roughly		
	48. A. switch	B. clue	C. sign	D. video		
	49. A. surprise	B. pain	C. consideration	D. confidence		
	50. A. located	B. exposed	C. ignored	D. covered		
	51. A. memories	B. notices	C. skills	D. opportunities		
	52. A. additional	B. conventional	C. occasional	D. optional		
	53. A. prepared	B. adapted	C. responded	D. recovered		
	54. A. death	B. hope	C. courage	D. chance		
55. A. nutrition		B. prevention	C. action	D. income		
	第一节(世10小斯,每小斯	15分 港分15分)				

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Chinese pancake, or jianbing, is one of the most common breakfast <u>56</u> (food) in northern China. Usually <u>57</u> (fill) with ingredients like crispy fritters, chili paste, vegetables and eggs, this dish rarely creates a storm on social media.

French chef Corentin Delcroix's public presentation of this snack, <u>58</u>, has been doing exactly that. Since it <u>59</u> (upload) on social media platform Sina Weibo on Aug 9, the video of <u>60</u> (he) creating a unique version of jianbing has been viewed about 250,000 times.

But just how does his version differ? It is packed 61 cheese, ham, pickle(泡菜,腌菜) and black truffle mayonnaise(黑松露蛋黄酱)—ingredients 62 (typical) found in French crepes(法式博饼), 63 Delcroix says aren't that different from Chinese pancakes.

The Frenchman is no 64 (strange) to many local foodies. His other posts on Sina Weibo that document his attempts at whipping up local dishes have been also well-received.

Born in Douai, 65 city in northern France, Delcroix wears more than just a chef's hat. He is also the founder of a company that helps create new and original dishes for restaurants and food companies.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是振华国际学校学生李华,你校校报正在为将于12月举办的科技节征集英文口号 (slogan),要求主题积极向上,不超过10个英文单词。请你根据该要求投稿,内容包括:1.介绍 你的口号;2. 预祝活动成功。

注意:

- 1. 写作词数应为80左右;
- 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Heiss, 61, and his wife lost their only child, a son. They had no grandchildren. Being around children at Christmas had been absent in their lives.

On December 12, Heiss was hiking the remote expanse of land behind his farm in Patagonia, Arizona, a town near the US-Mexico border, when he spotted a balloon on the grass. Heiss walked towards it with his dog, thinking he should pick up the plastic and throw it away. That's when he noticed the balloon's string was attached to a piece of paper.

"Dayami", it read on one side, in a child's writing, and a hand-drawn bow accompanied the word. Heiss turned over the paper. It was a numbered list, all in Spanish. Though he wasn't good at Spanish, Heiss could see it was Christmas list. Heiss was attracted and suspected that a child named Dayami had tried to sent Santa Claus a Christmas wish list by balloon, which he used to do himself when he was a kid. Unfortunately, nobody had ever returned the letters he had sent.

Heiss wondered whether he could find the girl who had sent this paper. It would be difficult, but he had a few clues. About 32 kilometres to the southwest, just across the border, was the city of Nogales, Mexico, with a population of about a quarter million. With the help of wind, Heiss was pretty sure the balloon came from the southwest city, Nogales.

Heiss brought the note home to his wife who was fluent in Spanish and helped him translate the list. They determined that Dayami, probably a girl, had asked for dolls, clothes and art supplies, among other things. Heiss then post on Facebook about his search, attracting photos, hoping people in Nogales might know the girl's family. A few days passed with no leads. Heiss worried that time was running out before Christmas.

On December 19, Heiss sent a private Facebook message to Radio XENY, an AM radio station based in Nogales. The next morning, Heiss awoke to a message from Radio XENY. They had located Dayami, an eight-year-old girl, and her family, who indeed lived in Nogales. Best of all, they were willing to meet at the radio station. 注意:

- 1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;
- 2. 续写部分分为两段,每段的开头语已为你写好。
- "It just changed my entire day," Heiss said.

On December 24 knock on the door.	, the	Heisses	were	decorating	the	Christmas	tree	when	they	heard	a



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